

**MMP16 Antibody (N-term)**  
**Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP6200a****Specification**

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**MMP16 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information**

Application	<b>WB, IHC-P,E</b>
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P51512</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">O35548</a> , <a href="#">O9WTR0</a> , <a href="#">NP_072086</a>
Reactivity	<b>Human</b>
Predicted	<b>Mouse, Rat</b>
Host	<b>Rabbit</b>
Clonality	<b>Polyclonal</b>
Isotype	<b>Rabbit IgG</b>
Calculated MW	<b>69521</b>
Antigen Region	<b>154-183</b>

**MMP16 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information****Gene ID** 4325**Other Names**

Matrix metalloproteinase-16, MMP-16, 3424-, MMP-X2, Membrane-type matrix metalloproteinase 3, MT-MMP 3, MTMMP3, Membrane-type-3 matrix metalloproteinase, MT3-MMP, MT3MMP, MMP16, MMPX2

**Target/Specificity**

This MMP16 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 154-183 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human MMP16.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000  
IHC-P~~1:50~100

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

MMP16 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**MMP16 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information**

**Name** MMP16 ([HGNC:7162](#))

**Function** Endopeptidase that degrades various components of the extracellular matrix, such as collagen type III and fibronectin. Activates progelatinase A. Involved in the matrix remodeling of blood vessels. Isoform short cleaves fibronectin and also collagen type III, but at lower rate. It has no effect on type I, II, IV and V collagen. However, upon interaction with CSPG4, it may be involved in degradation and invasion of type I collagen by melanoma cells.

**Cellular Location**

[Isoform Long]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein; Extracellular side.  
Note=Localized at the cell surface of melanoma cells

**Tissue Location**

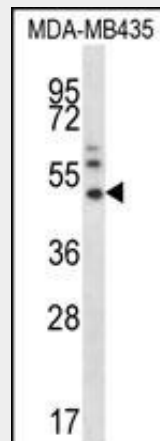
Expressed in heart, brain, placenta, ovary and small intestine. Isoform Short is found in the ovary

**MMP16 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols**

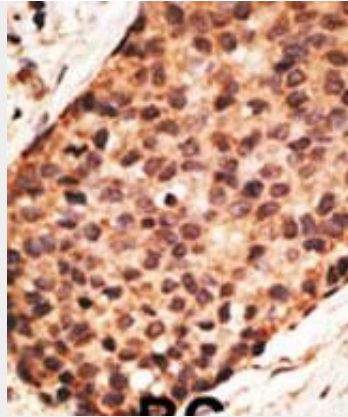
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

**MMP16 Antibody (N-term) - Images**



MMP16 Antibody (E169) (Cat. #AP6200a) western blot analysis in MDA-MB435 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the MMP16 antibody detected the MMP16 protein (arrow).



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

### **MMP16 Antibody (N-term) - Background**

Proteins of the matrix metalloproteinase (MMP) family are involved in the breakdown of extracellular matrix in normal physiological processes, such as embryonic development, reproduction, and tissue remodeling, as well as in disease processes, such as arthritis and metastasis. Most MMPs are secreted as inactive proproteins which are activated when cleaved by extracellular proteinases. This gene for MMP16 produces two transcripts, which encode a membrane-bound form and a soluble form of the protein. Both forms of the protein activate MMP2 by cleavage. This gene was once referred to as MT-MMP2, but was renamed as MT-MMP3 or MMP16.

### **MMP16 Antibody (N-term) - References**

- Jung, M., et al., Prostate 55(2):89-98 (2003).
- Nagase, H., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 274(31):21491-21494 (1999).
- Matsumoto, S., et al., Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1354(2):159-170 (1997).
- Sato, H., et al., Genomics 39(3):412-413 (1997).
- Mattei, M.G., et al., Genomics 40(1):168-169 (1997).