

ICOS Antibody (C-term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP6146a

Specification

ICOS Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

| | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Application | WB, IHC-P, FC,E |
| Primary Accession | O9Y6W8 |
| Other Accession | NP_036224 |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Isotype | Rabbit IgG |
| Calculated MW | 22625 |
| Antigen Region | 156-185 |

ICOS Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 29851

Other Names

Inducible T-cell costimulator, Activation-inducible lymphocyte immunomediatory molecule, CD278, ICOS, AILIM

Target/Specificity

This ICOS antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 156-185 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human ICOS.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000
IHC-P~~1:50~100
FC~~1:10~50

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

ICOS Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ICOS Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name ICOS

Synonyms AILIM

Function Stimulatory receptor expressed in activated or antigen- experienced T-cells that plays an important role in the immune response (PubMed:[9930702](#)). Upon binding to its ligand ICOSL expressed on antigen presenting cells (APCs), delivers costimulatory signals that enhances all basic T-cell responses to a foreign antigen, namely proliferation, secretion of lymphokines including IL10, up-regulation of molecules that mediate cell-cell interaction, and effective help for antibody secretion by B-cells (PubMed:[33033255](#)). Acts also as a costimulatory receptor critical for the differentiation of T follicular regulatory cells upon immune challenges such as viral infection (PubMed:[27135603](#)). Mechanistically, potentiates TCR-induced calcium flux by augmenting PLCG1 activation and actin remodeling (By similarity). In addition, activates PI3K signaling pathways independently of calcium flux (PubMed:[30523347](#)). Essential both for efficient interaction between T and B-cells and for normal antibody responses to T-cell dependent antigens. Prevents the apoptosis of pre-activated T-cells. Plays a critical role in CD40-mediated class switching of immunoglobulin isotypes (By similarity).

Cellular Location

[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Tissue Location

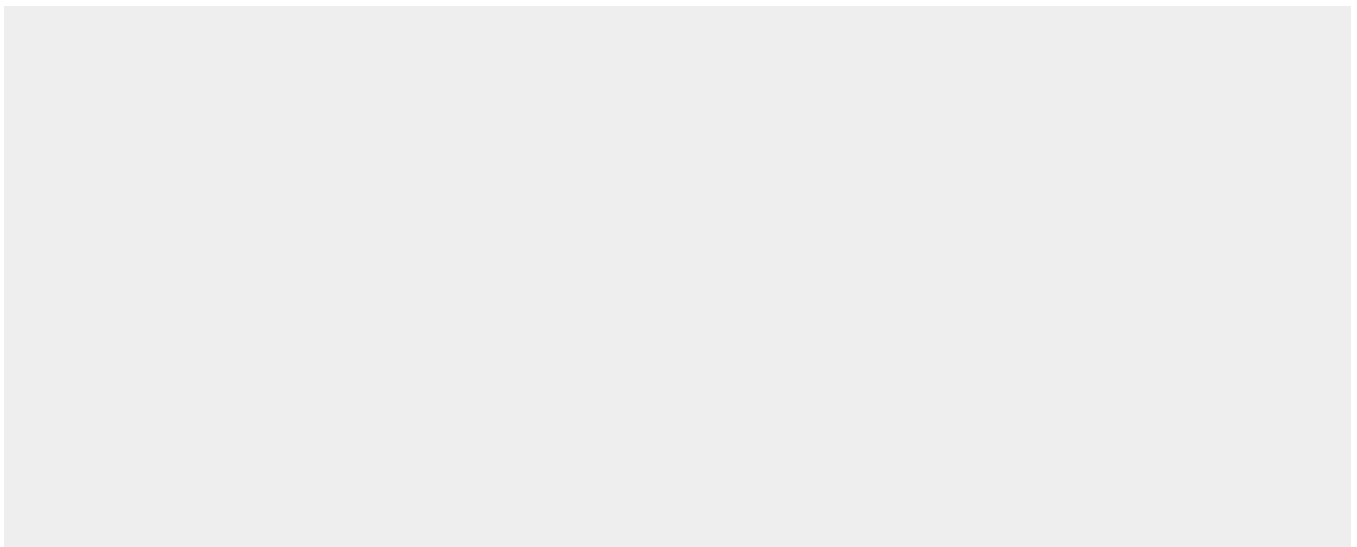
Activated T-cells. Highly expressed on tonsillar T- cells, which are closely associated with B-cells in the apical light zone of germinal centers, the site of terminal B-cell maturation Expressed at lower levels in thymus, lung, lymph node and peripheral blood leukocytes. Expressed in the medulla of fetal and newborn thymus

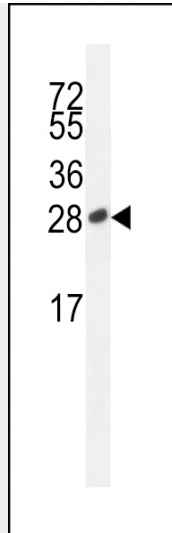
ICOS Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

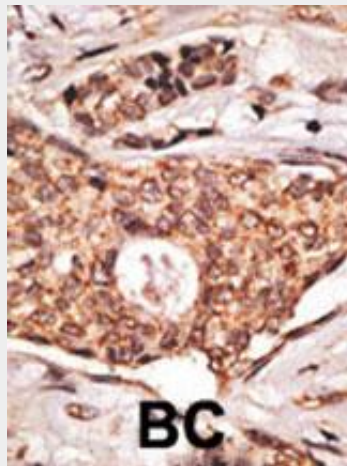
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

ICOS Antibody (C-term) - Images

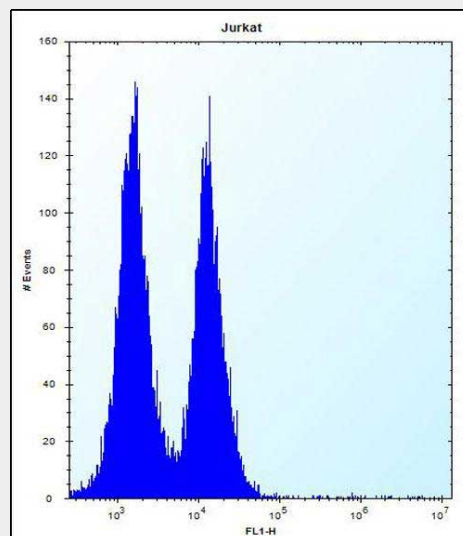




ICOS-S171 (Cat. #AP6146a) western blot analysis in Jurkat cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the ICOS antibody detected the ICOS protein (arrow).



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human lymph with ICOS Antibody (C-term), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



ICOS Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP6146a) flow cytometric analysis of Jurkat cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram). FITC-conjugated donkey-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

ICOS Antibody (C-term) - Background

ICOS belongs to the CD28 and CTLA-4 cell-surface receptor family. It forms homodimers and plays an important role in cell-cell signaling, immune responses, and regulation of cell proliferation.

ICOS Antibody (C-term) - References

- Okamoto, N., et al., *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 310(3):691-702 (2003).
Okamoto, T., et al., *J. Rheumatol.* 30(6):1157-1163 (2003).
Riley, J.L., et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 99(18):11790-11795 (2002).
Haimila, K.E., et al., *Immunogenetics* 53(12):1028-1032 (2002).
Witsch, E.J., et al., *Eur. J. Immunol.* 32(9):2680-2686 (2002).