

## Anti-Leptin Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to Leptin Catalog # AP61236

## Specification

# Anti-Leptin Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Calculated MW WB <u>P41159</u> <u>P41160</u> Human, Mouse Rabbit Polyclonal 18641

## **Anti-Leptin Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID 3952

**Other Names** OB; OBS; Leptin; Obese protein; Obesity factor

Target/Specificity Recognizes endogenous levels of Leptin protein.

Dilution WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IH (1/50 - 1/200)

**Format** Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

#### Anti-Leptin Antibody - Protein Information

Name LEP (HGNC:6553)

#### Function

Key player in the regulation of energy balance and body weight control. Once released into the circulation, has central and peripheral effects by binding LEPR, found in many tissues, which results in the activation of several major signaling pathways (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15899045" target="\_blank">15899045</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17344214" target="\_blank">17344214</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17344214" target="\_blank">19688109</a>). In the href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19688109" target="\_blank">19688109</a>). In the href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1



hormones. In the periphery, increases basal metabolism, influences reproductive function, regulates pancreatic beta-cell function and insulin secretion, is pro-angiogenic for endothelial cell and affects innate and adaptive immunity (By similarity) (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11460888" target="\_blank">11460888</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19688109" target=" blank">19688109</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24340098" target=" blank">24340098</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25060689" target="\_blank">25060689</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8589726" target=" blank">8589726</a>). In the arcuate nucleus of the hypothalamus, activates by depolarization POMC neurons inducing FOS and SOCS3 expression to release anorexigenic peptides and inhibits by hyperpolarization NPY neurons inducing SOCS3 with a consequent reduction on release of orexigenic peptides (By similarity). In addition to its known satiety inducing effect, has a modulatory role in nutrient absorption. In the intestine, reduces glucose absorption by enterocytes by activating PKC and leading to a sequential activation of p38, PI3K and ERK signaling pathways which exerts an inhibitory effect on glucose absorption (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24340098" target=" blank">24340098</a>). Acts as a growth factor on certain tissues, through the activation of different signaling pathways increases expression of genes involved in cell cycle regulation such as CCND1, via JAK2-STAT3 pathway, or VEGFA, via MAPK1/3 and PI3K-AKT1 pathways (By similarity) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17344214" target=" blank">17344214</a>). May also play an apoptotic role via JAK2-STAT3 pathway and up-regulation of BIRC5 expression (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18242580" target=" blank">18242580</a>). Pro-angiogenic, has mitogenic activity on vascular endothelial cells and plays a role in matrix remodeling by regulating the expression of matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs) and tissue inhibitors of metalloproteinases (TIMPs) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11460888" target="\_blank">11460888</a>). In innate immunity, modulates the activity and function of neutrophils by increasing chemotaxis and the secretion of oxygen radicals. Increases phagocytosis by macrophages and enhances secretion of pro-inflammatory mediators. Increases cytotoxic ability of NK cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12504075" target=" blank">12504075</a>). Plays a pro-inflammatory role, in synergy with IL1B, by inducing NOS2 wich promotes the production of IL6, IL8 and Prostaglandin E2, through a signaling pathway that involves JAK2, PI3K, MAP2K1/MEK1 and MAPK14/p38 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15899045" target=" blank">15899045</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19688109" target=" blank">19688109</a>). In adaptive immunity, promotes the switch of memory T-cells towards T helper-1 cell immune responses (By similarity). Increases CD4(+)CD25(-) T-cell proliferation and reduces autophagy during TCR (T-cell receptor) stimulation, through MTOR signaling pathway activation and BCL2 up-regulation (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25060689" target=" blank">25060689</a>).

Cellular Location Secreted.

#### **Tissue Location**

Adipose tissue is the main source of leptin. It is also produced by other peripheral tissues such as the skeletal muscle (PubMed:12448771, PubMed:16052473, PubMed:7789654). Expressed by intercalated and striated tracts of submandibular and parotid salivary gland intralobular ducts (PubMed:12448771). Detected by fundic epithelium of the gastric mucosa (PubMed:10896907). Secreted into blood and gastric juice (PubMed:10896907).

## Anti-Leptin Antibody - Protocols

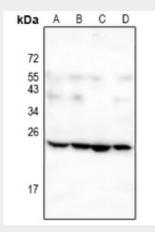
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides

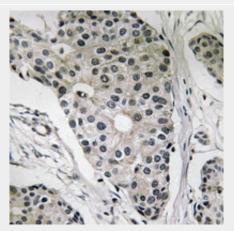


- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

#### Anti-Leptin Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of Leptin expression in LO2 (A), HCT116 (B), MCF7 (C), A549 (D) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of Leptin staining in human breast cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

# Anti-Leptin Antibody - Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the N-term region of human Leptin. The exact sequence is proprietary.