

**Anti-SMAD2 (pT220) Antibody**  
Rabbit polyclonal antibody to SMAD2 (pT220)  
Catalog # AP61164

**Specification**

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**Anti-SMAD2 (pT220) Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IF, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q15796</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">Q62432</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Zebrafish, Chicken, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	52306

**Anti-SMAD2 (pT220) Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 4087

**Other Names**

MADH2; MADR2; Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 2; MAD homolog 2; Mothers against DPP homolog 2; JV18-1; Mad-related protein 2; hMAD-2; SMAD family member 2; SMAD 2; Smad2; hSMAD2

**Target/Specificity**

Recognizes endogenous levels of SMAD2 (pT220) protein.

**Dilution**

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IH (1/50 - 1/200), IF/IC (1/100 - 1/500)  
IF~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IH (1/50 - 1/200), IF/IC (1/100 - 1/500)  
E~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IH (1/50 - 1/200), IF/IC (1/100 - 1/500)

**Format**

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage**

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

**Anti-SMAD2 (pT220) Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** SMAD2

**Synonyms** MADH2, MADR2

**Function**

Receptor-regulated SMAD (R-SMAD) that is an intracellular signal transducer and transcriptional modulator activated by TGF-beta (transforming growth factor) and activin type 1 receptor kinases.

Binds the TRE element in the promoter region of many genes that are regulated by TGF-beta and, on formation of the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, activates transcription. Promotes TGF-beta-mediated transcription of odontoblastic differentiation genes in dental papilla cells (By similarity). Positively regulates PDPK1 kinase activity by stimulating its dissociation from the 14-3-3 protein YWHAQ which acts as a negative regulator. May act as a tumor suppressor in colorectal carcinoma (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8752209" target="\_blank">8752209</a>).

#### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Cytoplasmic and nuclear in the absence of TGF-beta. On TGF-beta stimulation, migrates to the nucleus when complexed with SMAD4 or with IPO7 (PubMed:21145499, PubMed:9865696). On dephosphorylation by phosphatase PPM1A, released from the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, and exported out of the nucleus by interaction with RANBP1 (PubMed:16751101, PubMed:19289081). Localized mainly to the nucleus in the early stages of embryo development with expression becoming evident in the cytoplasm at the blastocyst and epiblast stages (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q62432, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16751101, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19289081, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21145499, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9865696}

#### Tissue Location

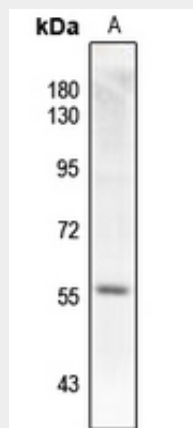
Expressed at high levels in skeletal muscle, endothelial cells, heart and placenta.

### Anti-SMAD2 (pT220) Antibody - Protocols

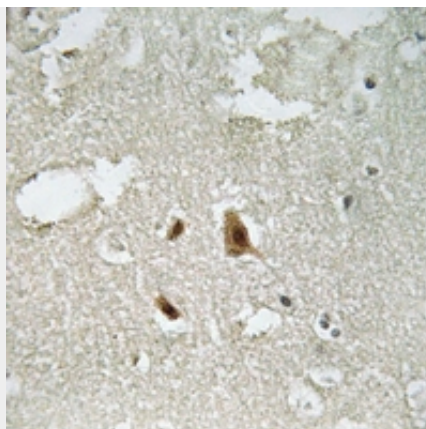
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### Anti-SMAD2 (pT220) Antibody - Images



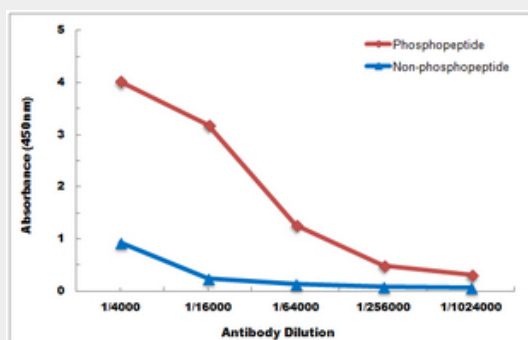
Western blot analysis of SMAD2 (pT220) expression in rat heart (A) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of SMAD2 (pT220) staining in human brain formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



Immunofluorescent analysis of SMAD2 (pT220) staining in HeLa cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and incubated overnight at 4 °C in a humidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated with a Alexa Fluor 594-conjugated secondary antibody (red) in PBS at room temperature in the dark.



Direct ELISA antibody dose-response curve using Anti-SMAD2 (pT220) Antibody. Antigen (phosphopeptide and non-phosphopeptide) concentration is 5 ug/ml. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H&L) - HRP was used as the secondary antibody, and signal was developed by TMB substrate.

**Anti-SMAD2 (pT220) Antibody - Background**

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human SMAD2 (pT220). The exact sequence is proprietary.