

Anti-Cyclin D1 (pS90) Antibody
Rabbit polyclonal antibody to Cyclin D1 (pS90)
Catalog # AP61160

Specification

Anti-Cyclin D1 (pS90) Antibody - Product Information

| | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Application | WB |
| Primary Accession | P24385 |
| Other Accession | P25322 |
| Reactivity | Human, Mouse, Rat, Bovine, SARS, Dog |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Calculated MW | 33729 |

Anti-Cyclin D1 (pS90) Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 595

Other Names

BCL1; PRAD1; G1/S-specific cyclin-D1; B-cell lymphoma 1 protein; BCL-1; BCL-1 oncogene; PRAD1 oncogene

Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of Cyclin D1 (pS90) protein.

Dilution

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000)

Format

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Anti-Cyclin D1 (pS90) Antibody - Protein Information

Name CCND1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:8204893, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:1582}

Function

Regulatory component of the cyclin D1-CDK4 (DC) complex that phosphorylates and inhibits members of the retinoblastoma (RB) protein family including RB1 and regulates the cell-cycle during G(1)/S transition (PubMed: 1827756, PubMed: 1833066, PubMed: 19412162, PubMed: 33854235, PubMed: 8114739, PubMed: 8302605)

target="_blank">8302605). Phosphorylation of RB1 allows dissociation of the transcription factor E2F from the RB/E2F complex and the subsequent transcription of E2F target genes which are responsible for the progression through the G(1) phase (PubMed:1827756, PubMed:1833066, PubMed:19412162, PubMed:8114739, PubMed:8302605). Hypophosphorylates RB1 in early G(1) phase (PubMed:1827756, PubMed:1833066, PubMed:19412162, PubMed:8114739, PubMed:8302605). Cyclin D-CDK4 complexes are major integrators of various mitogenic and antimitogenic signals (PubMed:1827756, PubMed:1833066, PubMed:19412162, PubMed:8302605). Also a substrate for SMAD3, phosphorylating SMAD3 in a cell-cycle-dependent manner and repressing its transcriptional activity (PubMed:15241418). Component of the ternary complex, cyclin D1/CDK4/CDKN1B, required for nuclear translocation and activity of the cyclin D-CDK4 complex (PubMed:9106657). Exhibits transcriptional corepressor activity with INSM1 on the NEUROD1 and INS promoters in a cell cycle-independent manner (PubMed:16569215, PubMed:18417529).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm Nucleus membrane. Note=Cyclin D-CDK4 complexes accumulate at the nuclear membrane and are then translocated to the nucleus through interaction with KIP/CIP family members

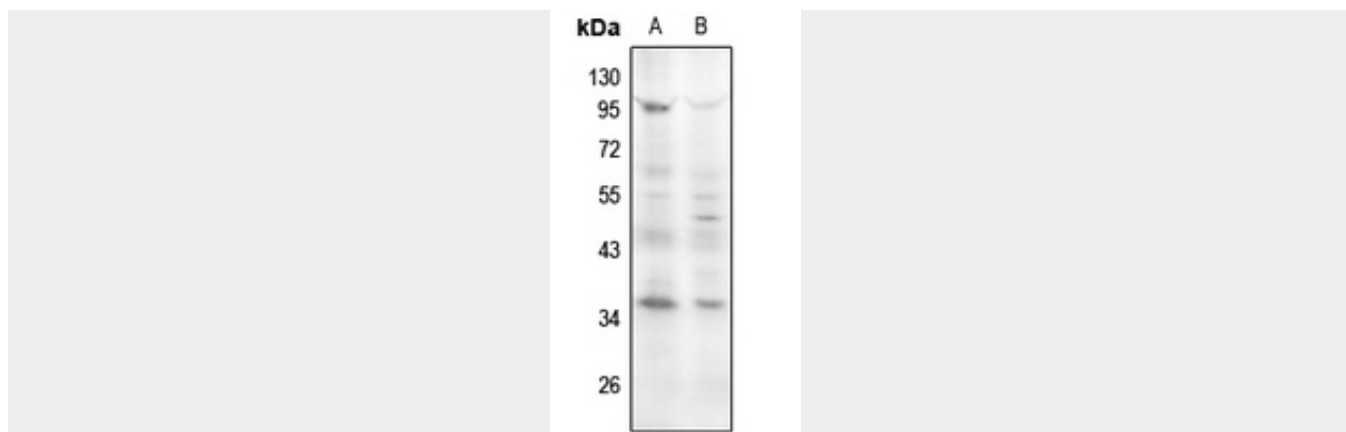
Anti-Cyclin D1 (pS90) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-Cyclin D1 (pS90) Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of Cyclin D1 (pS90) expression in HepG2 (A), EC9706 (B) whole cell lysates.

Anti-Cyclin D1 (pS90) Antibody - Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human Cyclin D1 (pS90). The exact sequence is proprietary.