

Anti-BRE Antibody
Rabbit polyclonal antibody to BRE
Catalog # AP61018**Specification**

Anti-BRE Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	O9NXR7
Other Accession	O8K3W0
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	43552

Anti-BRE Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 9577**Other Names**

BRCC45; BRCA1-A complex subunit BRE; BRCA1/BRCA2-containing complex subunit 45; Brain and reproductive organ-expressed protein

Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of BRE protein.

Dilution

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000)

Format

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Anti-BRE Antibody - Protein Information**Name** BABAM2 ([HGNC:1106](#))**Synonyms** BRCC45, BRE**Function**

Component of the BRCA1-A complex, a complex that specifically recognizes 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitinated histones H2A and H2AX at DNA lesions sites, leading to target the BRCA1-BARD1 heterodimer to sites of DNA damage at double-strand breaks (DSBs). The BRCA1-A complex also possesses deubiquitinase activity that specifically removes 'Lys-63'- linked ubiquitin on histones H2A and H2AX (PubMed:17525341, PubMed:19261746

target="_blank">19261746, PubMed:19261748, PubMed:19261749). In the BRCA1-A complex, it acts as an adapter that bridges the interaction between BABAM1/NBA1 and the rest of the complex, thereby being required for the complex integrity and modulating the E3 ubiquitin ligase activity of the BRCA1-BARD1 heterodimer (PubMed:19261748, PubMed:21282113). Component of the BRISC complex, a multiprotein complex that specifically cleaves 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitin in various substrates (PubMed:19214193, PubMed:24075985, PubMed:25283148, PubMed:26195665). Within the BRISC complex, acts as an adapter that bridges the interaction between BABAM1/NBA1 and the rest of the complex, thereby being required for the complex integrity (PubMed:21282113). The BRISC complex is required for normal mitotic spindle assembly and microtubule attachment to kinetochores via its role in deubiquitinating NUMA1 (PubMed:26195665). The BRISC complex plays a role in interferon signaling via its role in the deubiquitination of the interferon receptor IFNAR1; deubiquitination increases IFNAR1 activity by enhancing its stability and cell surface expression (PubMed:24075985). Down-regulates the response to bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS) via its role in IFNAR1 deubiquitination (PubMed:24075985). May play a role in homeostasis or cellular differentiation in cells of neural, epithelial and germline origins. May also act as a death receptor-associated anti-apoptotic protein, which inhibits the mitochondrial apoptotic pathway. May regulate TNF-alpha signaling through its interactions with TNFRSF1A; however these effects may be indirect (PubMed:15465831).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus Note=Localizes at sites of DNA damage at double-strand breaks (DSBs)

Tissue Location

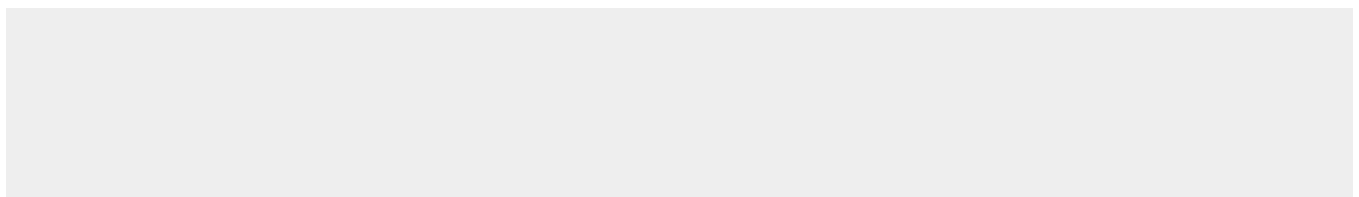
Expressed in all cell lines examined. Highly expressed in placenta.

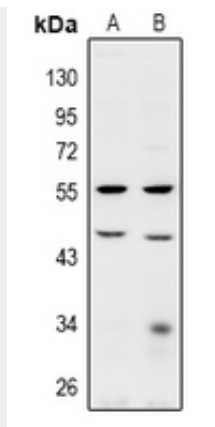
Anti-BRE Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-BRE Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of BRE expression in HCT116 (A), HEK293T (B) whole cell lysates.

Anti-BRE Antibody - Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human BRE. The exact sequence is proprietary.