

Anti-DAP Kinase 1 (pS736) Antibody
Rabbit polyclonal antibody to DAP Kinase 1 (pS736)
Catalog # AP60930

Specification

Anti-DAP Kinase 1 (pS736) Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P53355
Other Accession	Q80YE7
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	160046

Anti-DAP Kinase 1 (pS736) Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 1612

Other Names

DAPK; Death-associated protein kinase 1; DAP kinase 1

Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of DAP Kinase 1 (pS736) protein.

Dilution

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000)

Format

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Anti-DAP Kinase 1 (pS736) Antibody - Protein Information

Name DAPK1

Synonyms DAPK

Function

Calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine/threonine kinase involved in multiple cellular signaling pathways that trigger cell survival, apoptosis, and autophagy. Regulates both type I apoptotic and type II autophagic cell deaths signal, depending on the cellular setting. The former is caspase-dependent, while the latter is caspase-independent and is characterized by the accumulation of autophagic vesicles. Phosphorylates PIN1 resulting in inhibition of its catalytic activity, nuclear localization, and cellular function. Phosphorylates TPM1, enhancing stress fiber formation in endothelial cells. Phosphorylates STX1A and significantly decreases its binding to

STXBP1. Phosphorylates PRKD1 and regulates JNK signaling by binding and activating PRKD1 under oxidative stress. Phosphorylates BECN1, reducing its interaction with BCL2 and BCL2L1 and promoting the induction of autophagy. Phosphorylates TSC2, disrupting the TSC1-TSC2 complex and stimulating mTORC1 activity in a growth factor-dependent pathway. Phosphorylates RPS6, MYL9 and DAPK3. Acts as a signaling amplifier of NMDA receptors at extrasynaptic sites for mediating brain damage in stroke. Cerebral ischemia recruits DAPK1 into the NMDA receptor complex and it phosphorylates GRINB at Ser-1303 inducing injurious Ca(2+) influx through NMDA receptor channels, resulting in an irreversible neuronal death. Required together with DAPK3 for phosphorylation of RPL13A upon interferon-gamma activation which is causing RPL13A involvement in transcript-selective translation inhibition.

Cellular Location

[Isoform 1]: Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Note=Colocalizes with MAP1B in the microtubules and cortical actin fibers

Tissue Location

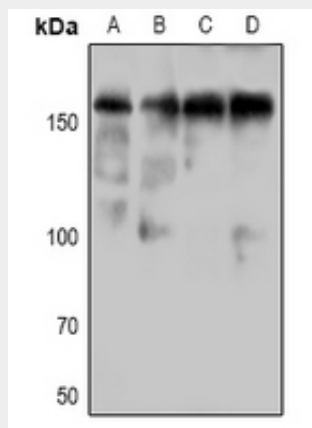
Isoform 2 is expressed in normal intestinal tissue as well as in colorectal carcinomas.

Anti-DAP Kinase 1 (pS736) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-DAP Kinase 1 (pS736) Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of DAP Kinase 1 (pS736) expression in HEK293T (A), CT26 (B), NIH3T3 (C), PC12 (D) whole cell lysates.

Anti-DAP Kinase 1 (pS736) Antibody - Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human DAP Kinase 1. The exact sequence is proprietary.