

### **Anti-IRF3 Antibody**

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to IRF3 Catalog # AP60676

## **Specification**

# **Anti-IRF3 Antibody - Product Information**

Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW

WB, IF

O14653
P70671
Human, Pig, Bovine
Rabbit
Polyclonal
47219

# **Anti-IRF3 Antibody - Additional Information**

#### **Gene ID 3661**

#### **Other Names**

Interferon regulatory factor 3; IRF-3

### Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of IRF3 protein.

### **Dilution**

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IH (1/100 - 1/200), IF/IC (1/100 - 1/500) IF~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IH (1/100 - 1/200), IF/IC (1/100 - 1/500)

#### **Format**

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

#### Storage

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

### **Anti-IRF3 Antibody - Protein Information**

Name IRF3 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:9803267, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:6118}

# **Function**

Key transcriptional regulator of type I interferon (IFN)- dependent immune responses which plays a critical role in the innate immune response against DNA and RNA viruses (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22394562" target="\_blank">22394562</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24049179" target="\_blank">24049179</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25636800" target="\_blank">25636800</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27302953" target="\_blank">27302953</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31340999" target="\_blank">31340999</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36603579" target="\_blank">36603579</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36603579" target="\_blank">36603579</a>, PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8524823" target="\_blank">8524823</a>). Regulates the transcription of type I IFN genes (IFN-alpha and IFN-beta) and IFN-stimulated genes (ISG) by binding to an interferon-stimulated response element (ISRE) in their promoters (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11846977" target="\_blank">11846977</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16846591" target="blank">16846591</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16979567" target="blank">16979567</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20049431" target="\_blank">20049431</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32972995" target="blank">32972995</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36603579" target="blank">36603579</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8524823" target="\_blank">8524823</a>). Acts as a more potent activator of the IFN-beta (IFNB) gene than the IFN-alpha (IFNA) gene and plays a critical role in both the early and late phases of the IFNA/B gene induction (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16846591" target=" blank">16846591</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16979567" target="blank">16979567</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20049431" target="blank">20049431</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36603579" target="blank">36603579</a>). Found in an inactive form in the cytoplasm of uninfected cells and following viral infection, double-stranded RNA (dsRNA), or toll-like receptor (TLR) signaling, is phosphorylated by IKBKE and TBK1 kinases (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22394562" target=" blank">22394562</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25636800" target=" blank">25636800</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27302953" target=" blank">27302953</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36603579" target="blank">36603579</a>). This induces a conformational change, leading to its dimerization and nuclear localization and association with CREB binding protein (CREBBP) to form dsRNA-activated factor 1 (DRAF1), a complex which activates the transcription of the type I IFN and ISG genes (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16154084" target=" blank">16154084</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27302953" target="blank">27302953</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33440148" target="\_blank">33440148</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36603579" target=" blank">36603579</a>). Can activate distinct gene expression programs in macrophages and can induce significant apoptosis in primary macrophages (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16846591" target=" blank">16846591</a>). In response to Sendai virus infection, is recruited by TOMM70:HSP90AA1 to mitochondrion and forms an apoptosis complex TOMM70:HSP90AA1:IRF3:BAX inducing apoptosis (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25609812" target=" blank">25609812</a>). Key transcription factor regulating the IFN response during SARS-CoV-2 infection (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33440148" target=" blank">33440148</a>).

# **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus Mitochondrion. Note=Shuttles between cytoplasmic and nuclear compartments, with export being the prevailing effect (PubMed:10805757, PubMed:35922005). When activated, IRF3 interaction with CREBBP prevents its export to the cytoplasm (PubMed:10805757). Recruited to mitochondria via TOMM70:HSP90AA1 upon Sendai virus infection (PubMed:25609812).

# **Tissue Location**

Expressed constitutively in a variety of tissues.

### **Anti-IRF3 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

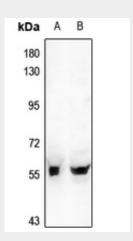
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot



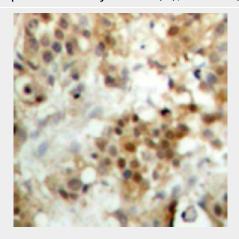


- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **Anti-IRF3 Antibody - Images**



Western blot analysis of IRF3 expression in Myla2059 (A), HUT78 (B) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of IRF3 staining in human breast cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.





Immunofluorescent analysis of IRF3 staining in HeLa cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and incubated overnight at 4  $^{\circ}$ C in a hidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated with a DyLight 594-conjugated secondary antibody (red) in PBS at room temperature in the dark.

# **Anti-IRF3 Antibody - Background**

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human IRF3. The exact sequence is proprietary.