

**Anti-BRCA1 (pS1524) Antibody**  
Rabbit polyclonal antibody to BRCA1 (pS1524)  
Catalog # AP59976

## Specification

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### Anti-BRCA1 (pS1524) Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P38398</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">P48754</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	207721

### Anti-BRCA1 (pS1524) Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 672

#### Other Names

RNF53; Breast cancer type 1 susceptibility protein; RING finger protein 53

#### Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of BRCA1 (pS1524) protein.

#### Dilution

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IH (1/100 - 1/200)

#### Format

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

#### Storage

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

### Anti-BRCA1 (pS1524) Antibody - Protein Information

Name BRCA1

Synonyms RNF53

#### Function

E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase that specifically mediates the formation of 'Lys-6'-linked polyubiquitin chains and plays a central role in DNA repair by facilitating cellular responses to DNA damage (PubMed: [10500182](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10500182), PubMed: [12887909](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12887909), PubMed: [12890688](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12890688), PubMed: [14976165](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14976165), PubMed: [16818604](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16818604)),

PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17525340" target="\_blank">17525340</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19261748" target="\_blank">19261748</a>). It is unclear whether it also mediates the formation of other types of polyubiquitin chains (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12890688" target="\_blank">12890688</a>). The BRCA1-BARD1 heterodimer coordinates a diverse range of cellular pathways such as DNA damage repair, ubiquitination and transcriptional regulation to maintain genomic stability (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12890688" target="\_blank">12890688</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14976165" target="\_blank">14976165</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20351172" target="\_blank">20351172</a>). Regulates centrosomal microtubule nucleation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18056443" target="\_blank">18056443</a>). Required for appropriate cell cycle arrests after ionizing irradiation in both the S-phase and the G2 phase of the cell cycle (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10724175" target="\_blank">10724175</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11836499" target="\_blank">11836499</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12183412" target="\_blank">12183412</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19261748" target="\_blank">19261748</a>). Required for FANCD2 targeting to sites of DNA damage (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12887909" target="\_blank">12887909</a>). Inhibits lipid synthesis by binding to inactive phosphorylated ACACA and preventing its dephosphorylation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16326698" target="\_blank">16326698</a>). Contributes to homologous recombination repair (HRR) via its direct interaction with PALB2, fine-tunes recombinational repair partly through its modulatory role in the PALB2-dependent loading of BRCA2-RAD51 repair machinery at DNA breaks (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19369211" target="\_blank">19369211</a>). Component of the BRCA1-RBBP8 complex which regulates CHEK1 activation and controls cell cycle G2/M checkpoints on DNA damage via BRCA1-mediated ubiquitination of RBBP8 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16818604" target="\_blank">16818604</a>). Acts as a transcriptional activator (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20160719" target="\_blank">20160719</a>).

#### Cellular Location

Nucleus. Chromosome. Cytoplasm. Note=Localizes at sites of DNA damage at double-strand breaks (DSBs); recruitment to DNA damage sites is mediated by ABRAXAS1 and the BRCA1-A complex (PubMed:26778126) Translocated to the cytoplasm during UV-induced apoptosis (PubMed:20160719). [Isoform 5]: Cytoplasm

#### Tissue Location

Isoform 1 and isoform 3 are widely expressed. Isoform 3 is reduced or absent in several breast and ovarian cancer cell lines

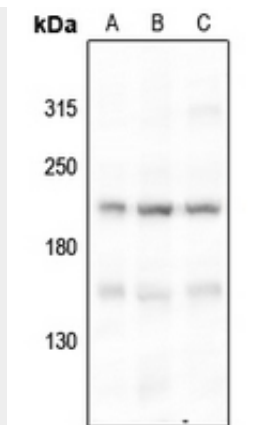
### Anti-BRCA1 (pS1524) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

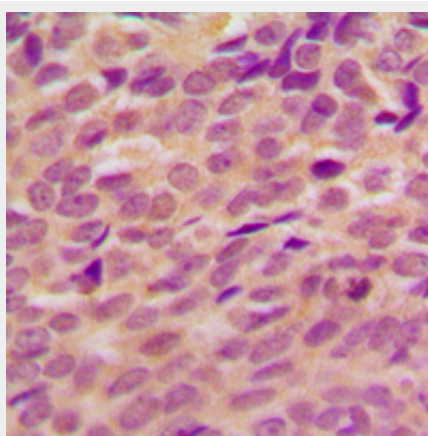
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### Anti-BRCA1 (pS1524) Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of BRCA1 (pS1524) expression in U87MG (A), Myla2059 (B), A375 (C) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of BRCA1 (pS1524) staining in human breast cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

#### **Anti-BRCA1 (pS1524) Antibody - Background**

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human BRCA1 (pS1524). The exact sequence is proprietary.