

**Anti-c-Rel Antibody**  
Rabbit polyclonal antibody to c-Rel  
Catalog # AP59687**Specification**

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**Anti-c-Rel Antibody - Product Information**

Application	<b>WB</b>
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q04864</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">P15307</a>
Reactivity	<b>Human, Mouse, Rat</b>
Host	<b>Rabbit</b>
Clonality	<b>Polyclonal</b>
Calculated MW	<b>68520</b>

**Anti-c-Rel Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 5966**Other Names**

Proto-oncogene c-Rel

**Target/Specificity**

Recognizes endogenous levels of c-Rel protein.

**Dilution**

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IH (1/100 - 1/200)

**Format**

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage**

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

**Anti-c-Rel Antibody - Protein Information****Name** REL**Function**

Proto-oncogene that may play a role in differentiation and lymphopoiesis. NF-kappa-B is a pleiotropic transcription factor which is present in almost all cell types and is involved in many biological processes such as inflammation, immunity, differentiation, cell growth, tumorigenesis and apoptosis. NF-kappa-B is a homo- or heterodimeric complex formed by the Rel-like domain-containing proteins RELA/p65, RELB, NFKB1/p105, NFKB1/p50, REL and NFKB2/p52. The dimers bind at kappa-B sites in the DNA of their target genes and the individual dimers have distinct preferences for different kappa-B sites that they can bind with distinguishable affinity and specificity. Different dimer combinations act as transcriptional activators or repressors, respectively. NF-kappa-B is controlled by various mechanisms of post-translational modification

and subcellular compartmentalization as well as by interactions with other cofactors or corepressors. NF-kappa-B complexes are held in the cytoplasm in an inactive state complexed with members of the NF-kappa-B inhibitor (I-kappa-B) family. In a conventional activation pathway, I-kappa-B is phosphorylated by I-kappa-B kinases (IKKs) in response to different activators, subsequently degraded thus liberating the active NF-kappa-B complex which translocates to the nucleus. The NF-kappa-B heterodimer RELA/p65- c-Rel is a transcriptional activator.

#### Cellular Location

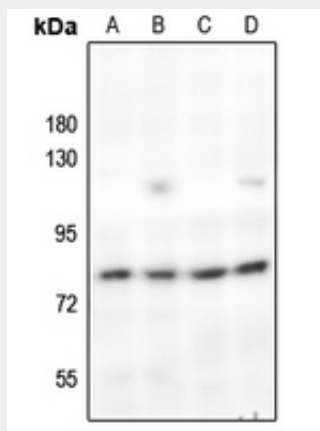
Nucleus.

#### Anti-c-Rel Antibody - Protocols

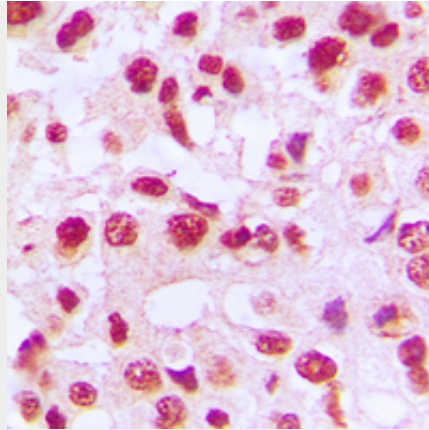
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### Anti-c-Rel Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of c-Rel expression in A549 (A), HeLa (B), CT26 (C), PC12 (D) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of c-Rel staining in human breast cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

#### **Anti-c-Rel Antibody - Background**

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human c-Rel. The exact sequence is proprietary.