

# Anti-PKC zeta (pT560) Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to PKC zeta (pT560) Catalog # AP59672

## **Specification**

# Anti-PKC zeta (pT560) Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession Q05513
Other Accession Q02956

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Zebrafish

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 67660

# Anti-PKC zeta (pT560) Antibody - Additional Information

**Gene ID 5590** 

**Other Names** 

PKC2; Protein kinase C zeta type; nPKC-zeta

Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of PKC zeta (pT560) protein.

**Dilution** 

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000)

### **Format**

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

# **Storage**

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

# Anti-PKC zeta (pT560) Antibody - Protein Information

Name PRKCZ

Synonyms PKC2

#### **Function**

Calcium- and diacylglycerol-independent serine/threonine- protein kinase that functions in phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI3K) pathway and mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinase cascade, and is involved in NF-kappa-B activation, mitogenic signaling, cell proliferation, cell polarity, inflammatory response and maintenance of long-term potentiation (LTP). Upon lipopolysaccharide (LPS) treatment in macrophages, or following mitogenic stimuli, functions downstream of PI3K to activate MAP2K1/MEK1-MAPK1/ERK2 signaling cascade independently of RAF1 activation. Required for insulin-dependent activation of AKT3, but may function as an adapter rather than a direct



activator. Upon insulin treatment may act as a downstream effector of PI3K and contribute to the activation of translocation of the glucose transporter SLC2A4/GLUT4 and subsequent glucose transport in adipocytes. In EGF-induced cells, binds and activates MAP2K5/MEK5- MAPK7/ERK5 independently of its kinase activity and can activate JUN promoter through MEF2C. Through binding with SQSTM1/p62, functions in interleukin-1 signaling and activation of NF-kappa-B with the specific adapters RIPK1 and TRAF6. Participates in TNF-dependent transactivation of NF-kappa-B by phosphorylating and activating IKBKB kinase, which in turn leads to the degradation of NF-kappa-B inhibitors. In migrating astrocytes, forms a cytoplasmic complex with PARD6A and is recruited by CDC42 to function in the establishment of cell polarity along with the microtubule motor and dynein. In association with FEZ1, stimulates neuronal differentiation in PC12 cells. In the inflammatory response, is required for the T-helper 2 (Th2) differentiation process, including interleukin production, efficient activation of JAK1 and the subsequent phosphorylation and nuclear translocation of STAT6. May be involved in development of allergic airway inflammation (asthma), a process dependent on Th2 immune response. In the NF-kappa-B-mediated inflammatory response, can relieve SETD6-dependent repression of NFkappa-B target genes by phosphorylating the RELA subunit at 'Ser-311'. Phosphorylates VAMP2 in vitro (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17313651" target=" blank">17313651</a>). Phosphorylates and activates LRRK1, which phosphorylates RAB proteins involved in intracellular trafficking (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36040231" target=" blank">36040231</a>).

## **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Endosome Cell junction. Membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P09217}; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=In the retina, localizes in the terminals of the rod bipolar cells (By similarity). Associates with endosomes (PubMed:9566925). Presence of KRIT1, CDH5 and RAP1B is required for its localization to the cell junction (PubMed:7597083). Colocalizes with VAMP2 and WDFY2 in intracellular vesicles (PubMed:17313651) Transiently translocates to the membrane of CA1 hippocampal cells in response to the induction of long term potentiation (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P09217, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17313651, ECO:0000269|PubMed:7597083, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9566925}

## **Tissue Location**

Expressed in brain, and to a lesser extent in lung, kidney and testis

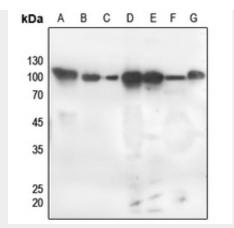
### Anti-PKC zeta (pT560) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## Anti-PKC zeta (pT560) Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of PKC zeta (pT560) expression in HEK293T (A), Hela (B), H446 (C), mouse kidney (D), mouse testis (E), rat kidney (F), rat testis (G) whole cell lysates.

# Anti-PKC zeta (pT560) Antibody - Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human PKC zeta. The exact sequence is proprietary.