

NFE2L1 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP57549

Specification

NFE2L1 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application IHC-P
Primary Accession O14494
Reactivity Rat
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 84704

NFE2L1 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 4779

Other Names

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane sensor NFE2L1, Locus control region-factor 1, LCR-F1, Nuclear factor erythroid 2-related factor 1, NF-E2-related factor 1, NFE2-related factor 1, Nuclear factor, erythroid derived 2, like 1, Protein NRF1, p120 form, Transcription factor 11, TCF-11, Transcription factor NRF1, Protein NRF1, p110 form, NFE2L1

Format

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage

Store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 $^{\circ}$ C.

NFE2L1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name NFE2L1

Function

[Endoplasmic reticulum membrane sensor NFE2L1]: Endoplasmic reticulum membrane sensor that translocates into the nucleus in response to various stresses to act as a transcription factor (PubMed:20932482, PubMed:24448410). Constitutes a precursor of the transcription factor NRF1 (By similarity). Able to detect various cellular stresses, such as cholesterol excess, oxidative stress or proteasome inhibition (PubMed:20932482). In response to stress, it is released from the endoplasmic reticulum membrane following cleavage by the protease DDI2 and translocates into the nucleus to form the transcription factor NRF1 (By similarity). Acts as a key sensor of cholesterol excess: in excess cholesterol conditions, the endoplasmic reticulum membrane form of the protein directly binds cholesterol via its CRAC motif, preventing cleavage and release of the transcription factor NRF1, thereby allowing expression of genes promoting cholesterol removal, such as CD36 (By similarity). Involved in proteasome





homeostasis: in response to proteasome inhibition, it is released from the endoplasmic reticulum membrane, translocates to the nucleus and activates expression of genes encoding proteasome subunits (PubMed:20932482).

Cellular Location

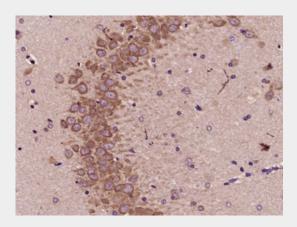
[Endoplasmic reticulum membrane sensor NFE2L1]: Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type III membrane protein. Note=In normal conditions, probably has a single-pass type II membrane protein topology, with the DNA-binding domain facing the endoplasmic reticulum lumen (PubMed:24448410). Following cellular stress, it is rapidly and efficiently retrotranslocated to the cytosolic side of the membrane, a process dependent on p97/VCP, to have a single-pass type III membrane protein topology with the major part of the protein facing the cytosol (PubMed:24448410). Retrotranslocated proteins are normally rapidly degraded by the proteasome and active species do not accumulate (PubMed:24448410). However, retrotranslocated protein NFE2L1 escapes degradation and is cleaved at Leu-104 by DDI2, releasing the protein from the endoplasmic reticulum membrane and forming the transcription factor NRF1 that translocates into the nucleus (PubMed:24448410)

NFE2L1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

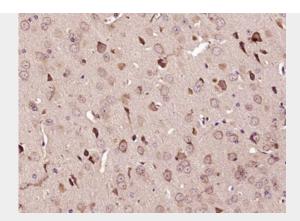
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

NFE2L1 Polyclonal Antibody - Images



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Rat brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (NFE2L1) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-19498R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.





Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (NFE2L1) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-19498R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.