

Prion protein PrP Rabbit pAb
Catalog # AP53555**Specification**

Prion protein PrP Rabbit pAb - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P04156
Reactivity	Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal Antibody
Calculated MW	27661

Prion protein PrP Rabbit pAb - Additional Information**Gene ID** 5621**Other Names**

CJD; GSS; PrP; ASCR; KURU; PRIP; PrPc; CD230; AltPrP; p27-30; PrP27-30; PrP33-35C

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Prion protein PrP Rabbit pAb - Protein Information**Name** PRNP**Synonyms** ALTPRP, PRIP, PRP**Function**

Its primary physiological function is unclear. May play a role in neuronal development and synaptic plasticity. May be required for neuronal myelin sheath maintenance. May promote myelin homeostasis through acting as an agonist for ADGRG6 receptor. May play a role in iron uptake and iron homeostasis. Soluble oligomers are toxic to cultured neuroblastoma cells and induce apoptosis (in vitro) (By similarity). Association with GPC1 (via its heparan sulfate chains) targets PRNP to lipid rafts. Also provides Cu(2+) or Zn(2+) for the ascorbate-mediated GPC1 deaminase degradation of its heparan sulfate side chains (By similarity).

Cellular Location

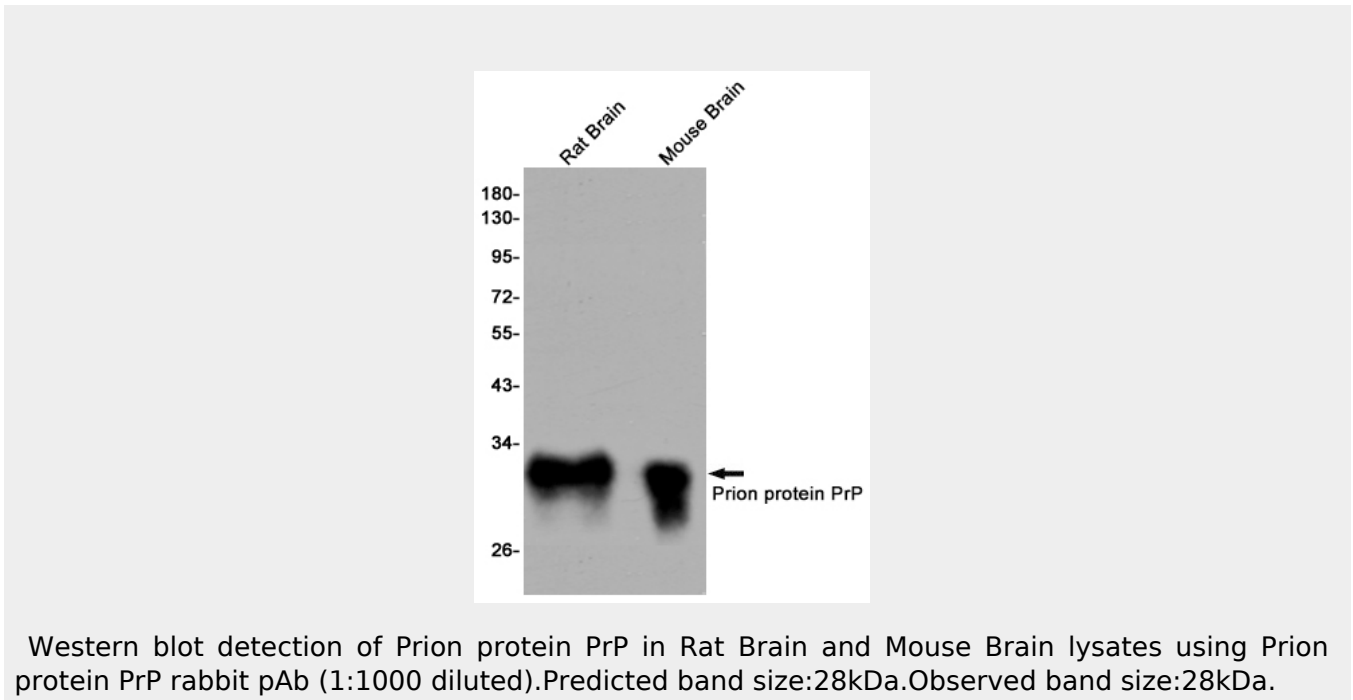
Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor, GPI-anchor. Golgi apparatus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P04925}. Note=Targeted to lipid rafts via association with the heparan sulfate chains of GPC1. Colocalizes, in the presence of Cu(2+), to vesicles in para- and perinuclear regions, where both proteins undergo internalization. Heparin displaces PRNP from lipid rafts and promotes endocytosis.

Prion protein PrP Rabbit pAb - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Prion protein PrP Rabbit pAb - Images



Prion protein PrP Rabbit pAb - Background

Swiss-Prot Acc.P04156. Its primary physiological function is unclear. May play a role in neuronal development and synaptic plasticity. May be required for neuronal myelin sheath maintenance. May promote myelin homeostasis through acting as an agonist for ADGRG6 receptor. May play a role in iron uptake and iron homeostasis. Soluble oligomers are toxic to cultured neuroblastoma cells and induce apoptosis (in vitro). Association with GPC1 (via its heparan sulfate chains) targets PRNP to lipid rafts. Also provides Cu^{2+} or Zn^{2+} for the ascorbate-mediated GPC1 deaminase degradation of its heparan sulfate side chains.