

**Dyskerin Antibody**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP53340****Specification**

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**Dyskerin Antibody - Product Information**

Application	<b>WB</b>
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O60832</a>
Reactivity	<b>Human</b>
Host	<b>Rabbit</b>
Clonality	<b>Polyclonal</b>
Calculated MW	<b>58 KDa</b>
Antigen Region	<b>181-230</b>

**Dyskerin Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 1736**Dilution**

WB~~ 1:500-1:1000

**Format**

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% glycerol

**Storage**

Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

**Dyskerin Antibody - Protein Information****Name** DKC1 ([HGNC:2890](#))**Synonyms** NOLA4**Function**

[Isoform 1]: Catalytic subunit of H/ACA small nucleolar ribonucleoprotein (H/ACA snoRNP) complex, which catalyzes pseudouridylation of rRNA (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25219674" target="\_blank">25219674</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32554502" target="\_blank">32554502</a>). This involves the isomerization of uridine such that the ribose is subsequently attached to C5, instead of the normal N1 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25219674" target="\_blank">25219674</a>). Each rRNA can contain up to 100 pseudouridine ('psi') residues, which may serve to stabilize the conformation of rRNAs. Required for ribosome biogenesis and telomere maintenance (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19179534" target="\_blank">19179534</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25219674" target="\_blank">25219674</a>). Also required for correct processing or intranuclear trafficking of TERC, the RNA component of the telomerase reverse transcriptase (TERT) holoenzyme (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19179534" target="\_blank">19179534</a>).

### Cellular Location

[Isoform 1]: Nucleus, nucleolus. Nucleus, Cajal body {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P40615}

### Tissue Location

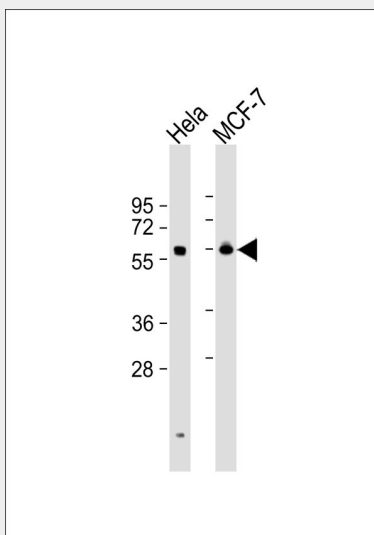
Ubiquitously expressed.

### Dyskerin Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### Dyskerin Antibody - Images



All lanes : Anti-Dyskerin Antibody at 1:500-1:1000 dilution Lane 1: HeLa whole cell lysate Lane 2: MCF-7 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 58 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

### Dyskerin Antibody - Background

Isoform 1: Required for ribosome biogenesis and telomere maintenance. Probable catalytic subunit of H/ACA small nucleolar ribonucleoprotein (H/ACA snoRNP) complex, which catalyzes pseudouridylation of rRNA. This involves the isomerization of uridine such that the ribose is subsequently attached to C5, instead of the normal N1. Each rRNA can contain up to 100 pseudouridine ('psi') residues, which may serve to stabilize the conformation of rRNAs. Also required for correct processing or intranuclear trafficking of TERC, the RNA component of the telomerase reverse transcriptase (TERT) holoenzyme.

### Dyskerin Antibody - References

Heiss N.S.,et al.Nat. Genet. 19:32-38(1998).  
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Jiang W.,et al.Submitted (MAY-1996) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.  
Angrisani A.,et al.Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1810:1361-1368(2011).