

Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP3613a

Specification

Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody - Product Information

Application DB,E
Primary Accession P24941

Other Accession <u>Q80YP0</u>, <u>Q00526</u>, <u>P23437</u>, <u>Q63699</u>, <u>P97377</u>,

055076, 05E9Y0

Reactivity Human

Predicted Bovine, Hamster, Mouse, Rat, Xenopus

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 33930

Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 1017

Other Names

Cyclin-dependent kinase 2, Cell division protein kinase 2, p33 protein kinase, CDK2, CDKN2

Target/Specificity

This CDK2 Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues surrounding T14 of human CDK2.

Dilution

DB~~1:500

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody - Protein Information

Name CDK2



Synonyms CDKN2

Function Serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in the control of the cell cycle; essential for meiosis, but dispensable for mitosis (PubMed: 10499802, PubMed: 10884347, PubMed: 10995386, PubMed: 10995387, PubMed: 11051553, PubMed: 11113184, PubMed: 12944431, PubMed: 15800615, PubMed: 17495531, PubMed: 19966300, PubMed: 20935635, PubMed:21262353, PubMed:21596315, PubMed:28216226, PubMed:28666995). Phosphorylates CABLES1, CTNNB1, CDK2AP2, ERCC6, NBN, USP37, p53/TP53, NPM1, CDK7, RB1, BRCA2, MYC, NPAT, EZH2 (PubMed: 10499802, PubMed: 10995386, PubMed: 10995387, PubMed: 11051553, PubMed:11113184, PubMed:12944431, PubMed:15800615, PubMed:19966300, PubMed: 20935635, PubMed: 21262353, PubMed: 21596315, PubMed: 28216226). Triggers duplication of centrosomes and DNA (PubMed: 11051553). Acts at the G1-S transition to promote the E2F transcriptional program and the initiation of DNA synthesis, and modulates G2 progression; controls the timing of entry into mitosis/meiosis by controlling the subsequent activation of cyclin B/CDK1 by phosphorylation, and coordinates the activation of cyclin B/CDK1 at the centrosome and in the nucleus (PubMed: 18372919, PubMed: 19238148, PubMed: 19561645). Crucial role in orchestrating a fine balance between cellular proliferation, cell death, and DNA repair in embryonic stem cells (ESCs) (PubMed:18372919, PubMed:19238148, PubMed:19561645). Activity of CDK2 is maximal during S phase and G2; activated by interaction with cyclin E during the early stages of DNA synthesis to permit G1-S transition, and subsequently activated by cyclin A2 (cyclin A1 in germ cells) during the late stages of DNA replication to drive the transition from S phase to mitosis, the G2 phase (PubMed:18372919, PubMed:19238148, PubMed:19561645). EZH2 phosphorylation promotes H3K27me3 maintenance and epigenetic gene silencing (PubMed: 20935635). Cyclin E/CDK2 prevents oxidative stress- mediated Ras-induced senescence by phosphorylating MYC (PubMed: 19966300). Involved in G1-S phase DNA damage checkpoint that prevents cells with damaged DNA from initiating mitosis; regulates homologous recombination-dependent repair by phosphorylating BRCA2, this phosphorylation is low in S phase when recombination is active, but increases as cells progress towards mitosis (PubMed: 15800615, PubMed: 20195506, PubMed: 21319273). In response to DNA damage, double- strand break repair by homologous recombination a reduction of CDK2- mediated BRCA2 phosphorylation (PubMed: 15800615). Involved in regulation of telomere repair by mediating phosphorylation of NBN (PubMed: 28216226). Phosphorylation of RB1 disturbs its interaction with E2F1 (PubMed:10499802). NPM1 phosphorylation by cyclin E/CDK2 promotes its dissociates from unduplicated centrosomes, thus initiating centrosome duplication (PubMed: 11051553). Cyclin E/CDK2-mediated phosphorylation of NPAT at G1-S transition and until prophase stimulates the NPAT-mediated activation of histone gene transcription during S phase (PubMed: 10995386, PubMed: 10995387). Required for vitamin D-mediated growth inhibition by being itself inactivated (PubMed: 20147522). Involved in the nitric oxide- (NO) mediated signaling in a nitrosylation/activation-dependent manner (PubMed: 20079829). USP37 is activated by phosphorylation and thus triggers G1-S transition (PubMed: <u>21596315</u>). CTNNB1 phosphorylation regulates insulin internalization (PubMed: 21262353). Phosphorylates FOXP3 and negatively regulates its transcriptional activity and protein stability (By similarity). Phosphorylates ERCC6 which is essential for its chromatin remodeling activity at DNA double-strand breaks (PubMed: 29203878). Acts as a regulator of the phosphatidylinositol 3- kinase/protein kinase B signal transduction by mediating phosphorylation of the C-terminus of protein kinase B (PKB/AKT1 and PKB/AKT2), promoting its activation (PubMed: 24670654).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Nucleus, Cajal body. Cytoplasm. Endosome Note=Localized at the centrosomes in late G2 phase after separation of the centrosomes but before the start of prophase. Nuclear-cytoplasmic trafficking is mediated during the inhibition by 1,25-(OH)(2)D(3)

Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody - Protocols

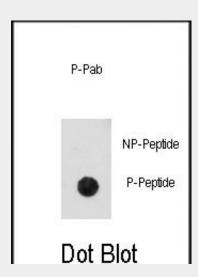
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody - Images



Dot blot analysis of anti-Phospho-CDK2-pT14 Antibody (Cat.#AP3613a) on nitrocellulose membrane. 50ng of Phospho-peptide or Non Phospho-peptide per dot were adsorbed. Antibody working concentrations are 0.5ug per ml.

Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody - Background

CDK2 is a member of the Ser/Thr protein kinase family. This protein kinase is highly similar to the gene products of S. cerevisiae cdc28, and S. pombe cdc2. It is a catalytic subunit of the cyclin-dependent protein kinase complex, whose activity is restricted to the G1-S phase, and essential for cell cycle G1/S phase transition. This protein associates with and regulated by the regulatory subunits of the complex including cyclin A or E, CDK inhibitor p21Cip1 (CDKN1A) and p27Kip1 (CDKN1B). Its activity is also regulated by its protein phosphorylation.

Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody - References

Elledge S.J., Spottswood M.R.EMBO J. 10:2653-2659(1991) Tsai L.-H., Harlow E., Meyerson M.Nature 353:174-177(1991) Ninomiya-Tsuji I., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 88:9006-9010(1991) Gu Y., Rosenblatt J., O'Morgan D.O.EMBO J. 11:3995-4005(1992)