

Phospho-RPS6KB1(S418) Antibody
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP3351a

Specification

Phospho-RPS6KB1(S418) Antibody - Product Information

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Application | DB,E |
| Primary Accession | P23443 |
| Other Accession | P67999 , P67998 , Q8BSK8 , Q6TJY3 |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Predicted | Bovine, Mouse, Rabbit, Rat |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Isotype | Rabbit IgG |
| Calculated MW | 59140 |

Phospho-RPS6KB1(S418) Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 6198

Other Names

Ribosomal protein S6 kinase beta-1, S6K-beta-1, S6K1, 70 kDa ribosomal protein S6 kinase 1, P70S6K1, p70-S6K 1, Ribosomal protein S6 kinase I, Serine/threonine-protein kinase 14A, p70 ribosomal S6 kinase alpha, p70 S6 kinase alpha, p70 S6K-alpha, p70 S6KA, RPS6KB1, STK14A

Target/Specificity

This RPS6KB1 Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues surrounding S418 of human RPS6KB1.

Dilution

DB~~1:500

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Phospho-RPS6KB1(S418) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Phospho-RPS6KB1(S418) Antibody - Protein Information

Name RPS6KB1

Synonyms STK14A

Function Serine/threonine-protein kinase that acts downstream of mTOR signaling in response to growth factors and nutrients to promote cell proliferation, cell growth and cell cycle progression (PubMed:[11500364](#), PubMed:[12801526](#), PubMed:[14673156](#), PubMed:[15071500](#), PubMed:[15341740](#), PubMed:[16286006](#), PubMed:[17052453](#), PubMed:[17053147](#), PubMed:[17936702](#), PubMed:[18952604](#), PubMed:[19085255](#), PubMed:[19720745](#), PubMed:[19935711](#), PubMed:[19995915](#), PubMed:[22017876](#), PubMed:[23429703](#), PubMed:[28178239](#)). Regulates protein synthesis through phosphorylation of EIF4B, RPS6 and EEF2K, and contributes to cell survival by repressing the pro-apoptotic function of BAD (PubMed:[11500364](#), PubMed:[12801526](#), PubMed:[14673156](#), PubMed:[15071500](#), PubMed:[15341740](#), PubMed:[16286006](#), PubMed:[17052453](#), PubMed:[17053147](#), PubMed:[17936702](#), PubMed:[18952604](#), PubMed:[19085255](#), PubMed:[19720745](#), PubMed:[19935711](#), PubMed:[19995915](#), PubMed:[22017876](#), PubMed:[23429703](#), PubMed:[28178239](#)). Under conditions of nutrient depletion, the inactive form associates with the EIF3 translation initiation complex (PubMed:[16286006](#)). Upon mitogenic stimulation, phosphorylation by the mechanistic target of rapamycin complex 1 (mTORC1) leads to dissociation from the EIF3 complex and activation (PubMed:[16286006](#)). The active form then phosphorylates and activates several substrates in the pre-initiation complex, including the EIF2B complex and the cap-binding complex component EIF4B (PubMed:[16286006](#)). Also controls translation initiation by phosphorylating a negative regulator of EIF4A, PDCD4, targeting it for ubiquitination and subsequent proteolysis (PubMed:[17053147](#)). Promotes initiation of the pioneer round of protein synthesis by phosphorylating POLDIP3/SKAR (PubMed:[15341740](#)). In response to IGF1, activates translation elongation by phosphorylating EEF2 kinase (EEF2K), which leads to its inhibition and thus activation of EEF2 (PubMed:[11500364](#)). Also plays a role in feedback regulation of mTORC2 by mTORC1 by phosphorylating RICTOR, resulting in the inhibition of mTORC2 and AKT1 signaling (PubMed:[19720745](#), PubMed:[19935711](#), PubMed:[19995915](#)). Also involved in feedback regulation of mTORC1 and mTORC2 by phosphorylating DEPTOR (PubMed:[22017876](#)). Mediates cell survival by phosphorylating the pro- apoptotic protein BAD and suppressing its pro-apoptotic function (By similarity). Phosphorylates mitochondrial URI1 leading to dissociation of a URI1-PPP1CC complex (PubMed:[17936702](#)). The free mitochondrial PPP1CC can then dephosphorylate RPS6KB1 at Thr-412, which is proposed to be a negative feedback mechanism for the RPS6KB1 anti-apoptotic function (PubMed:[17936702](#)). Mediates TNF-alpha-induced insulin resistance by phosphorylating IRS1 at multiple serine residues, resulting in accelerated degradation of IRS1 (PubMed:[18952604](#)). In cells lacking functional TSC1-2 complex, constitutively phosphorylates and inhibits GSK3B (PubMed:[17052453](#)). May be involved in cytoskeletal rearrangement through binding to neurabin (By similarity). Phosphorylates and activates the pyrimidine biosynthesis enzyme CAD, downstream of MTOR (PubMed:[23429703](#)). Following activation by mTORC1, phosphorylates EPRS and thereby plays a key role in fatty acid uptake by adipocytes and also most probably in interferon-gamma-induced translation inhibition (PubMed:[28178239](#)).

Cellular Location

Synapse, synaptosome. Mitochondrion outer membrane. Mitochondrion. Note=Colocalizes with URI1 at mitochondrion [Isoform Alpha II]: Cytoplasm.

Tissue Location

Widely expressed..

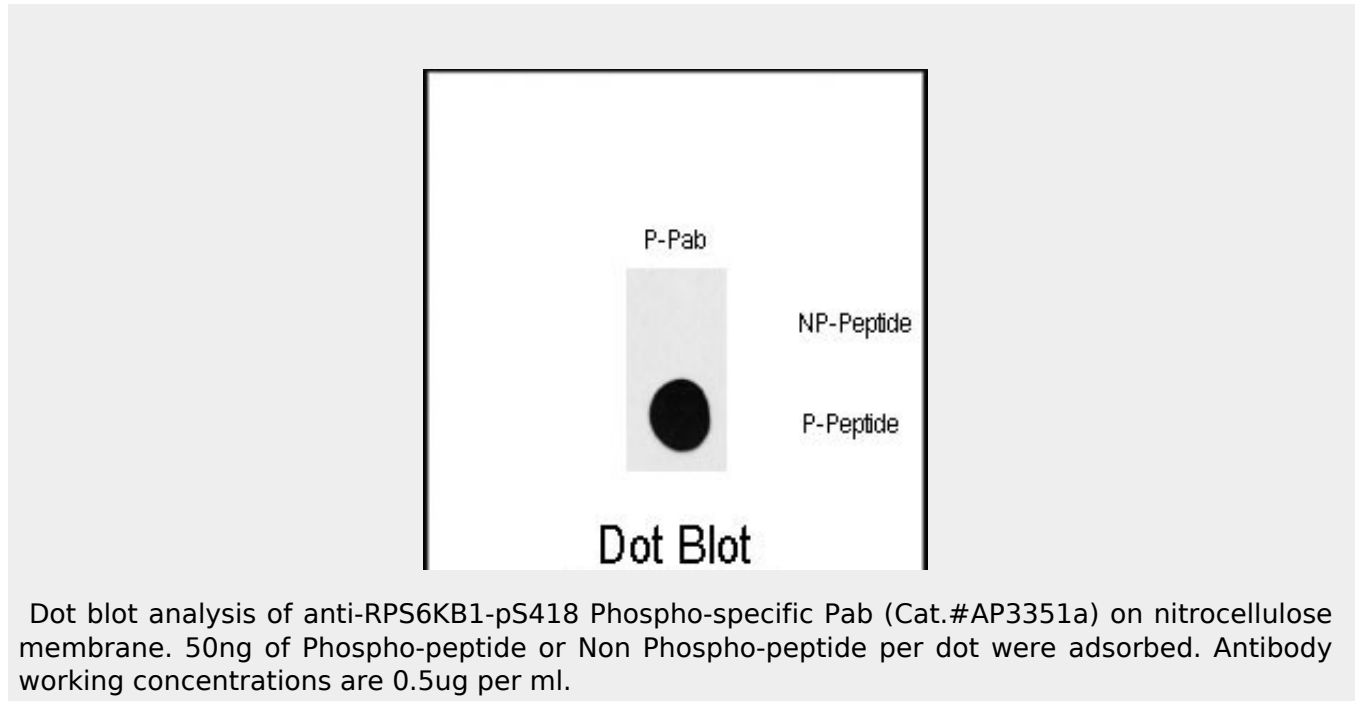
Phospho-RPS6KB1(S418) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)

- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Phospho-RPS6KB1(S418) Antibody - Images



Phospho-RPS6KB1(S418) Antibody - Background

This gene encodes a member of the RSK (ribosomal S6 kinase) family of serine/threonine kinases. This kinase contains 2 non-identical kinase catalytic domains and phosphorylates several residues of the S6 ribosomal protein. The kinase activity of this protein leads to an increase in protein synthesis and cell proliferation. Amplification of the region of DNA encoding this gene and overexpression of this kinase are seen in some breast cancer cell lines. Alternate translational start sites have been described and alternate transcriptional splice variants have been observed but have not been thoroughly characterized.

Phospho-RPS6KB1(S418) Antibody - References

- Adem, C., et al., *Genes Chromosomes Cancer* 41(1):1-11 (2004).
Suzuki, Y., et al., *Genome Res.* 14(9):1711-1718 (2004).
Gomez-Cambronero, J., et al., *Leuk. Res.* 28(7):755-762 (2004).
Raught, B., et al., *EMBO J.* 23(8):1761-1769 (2004).
Miyakawa, M., et al., *Endocr. J.* 50(1):77-83 (2003).