

Phospho-RB(S612) Antibody

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP3236a

Specification

Phospho-RB(S612) Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P,E
Primary Accession P06400
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG

Phospho-RB(S612) Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 5925

Other Names

Retinoblastoma-associated protein, p105-Rb, pRb, Rb, pp110, RB1

Target/Specificity

This RB Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues surrounding S612 of human RB.

Dilution

WB~~1:500 IHC-P~~1:50~100

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Phospho-RB(S612) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Phospho-RB(S612) Antibody - Protein Information

Name RB1

Function Tumor suppressor that is a key regulator of the G1/S transition of the cell cycle (PubMed:10499802). The hypophosphorylated form binds transcription regulators of the E2F family, preventing transcription of E2F-responsive genes (PubMed:10499802). Both physically blocks E2Fs transactivating domain and recruits chromatin- modifying enzymes that actively



repress transcription (PubMed:10499802). Cyclin and CDK-dependent phosphorylation of RB1 induces its dissociation from E2Fs, thereby activating transcription of E2F responsive genes and triggering entry into S phase (PubMed:10499802). RB1 also promotes the G0-G1 transition upon phosphorylation and activation by CDK3/cyclin-C (PubMed:15084261). Directly involved in heterochromatin formation by maintaining overall chromatin structure and, in particular, that of constitutive heterochromatin by stabilizing histone methylation. Recruits and targets histone methyltransferases SUV39H1, KMT5B and KMT5C, leading to epigenetic transcriptional repression. Controls histone H4 'Lys-20' trimethylation. Inhibits the intrinsic kinase activity of TAF1. Mediates transcriptional repression by SMARCA4/BRG1 by recruiting a histone deacetylase (HDAC) complex to the c-FOS promoter. In resting neurons, transcription of the c-FOS promoter is inhibited by BRG1- dependent recruitment of a phospho-RB1-HDAC1 repressor complex. Upon calcium influx, RB1 is dephosphorylated by calcineurin, which leads to release of the repressor complex (By

Cellular Location

similarity).

Nucleus. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P13405}. Note=During keratinocyte differentiation, acetylation by KAT2B/PCAF is required for nuclear localization (PubMed:20940255). Localizes to the cytoplasm when hyperphosphorylated (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P13405, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20940255}

Tissue Location

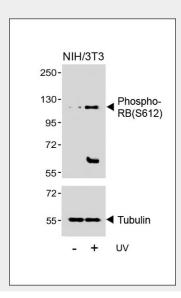
Expressed in the retina. Expressed in foreskin keratinocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:20940255)

Phospho-RB(S612) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

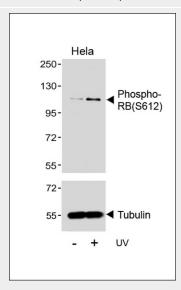
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Phospho-RB(S612) Antibody - Images

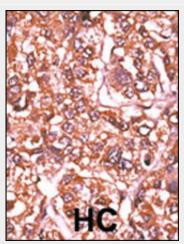




Western blot analysis of lysates from NIH/3T3 cell line, untreated or treated with UV(2h), using Phospho-RB(S612) Antibody(upper) or Tubulin (lower).



Western blot analysis of lysates from Hela cell line, untreated or treated with UV(2h), using Phospho-RB(S612) Antibody(upper) or Tubulin (lower).



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma

Phospho-RB(S612) Antibody - Background

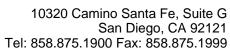
Retinoblastoma (RB) is an embryonic malignant neoplasm of retinal origin. It almost always presents in early childhood and is often bilateral. Spontaneous regression ('cure') occurs in some cases.[supplied by OMIM].

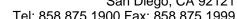
Phospho-RB(S612) Antibody - References

Dasgupta, P., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 24(21):9527-9541 (2004). Cui, X., et al., Hum. Pathol. 35(10):1189-1195 (2004). Borah, S., et al., J. Virol. 78(19):10336-10347 (2004). Dasgupta, P., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(37):38762-38769 (2004). Lohmann, D.R., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 129(1):23-28 (2004).

Phospho-RB(S612) Antibody - Citations

G1/S cell cycle regulators mediate effects of circadian dysregulation on tumor growth and







provide targets for timed anticancer treatment.

• Retinoblastoma tumor-suppressor protein phosphorylation and inactivation depend on direct interaction with Pin1.