

PDIA3 Antibody (C-term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP2922b**Specification**

PDIA3 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, FC,E
Primary Accession	P30101
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	56782
Antigen Region	446-475

PDIA3 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 2923**Other Names**

Protein disulfide-isomerase A3, 58 kDa glucose-regulated protein, 58 kDa microsomal protein, p58, Disulfide isomerase ER-60, Endoplasmic reticulum resident protein 57, ER protein 57, ERp57, Endoplasmic reticulum resident protein 60, ER protein 60, ERp60, PDIA3, ERP57, ERP60, GRP58

Target/Specificity

This PDIA3 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 446-475 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human PDIA3.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000
IHC-P~~1:50~100
FC~~1:10~50

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

PDIA3 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PDIA3 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information**Name** PDIA3 ([HGNC:4606](#))

Synonyms ERP57, ERP60, GRP58

Function Protein disulfide isomerase that catalyzes the formation, isomerization, and reduction or oxidation of disulfide bonds in client proteins and functions as a protein folding chaperone (PubMed:[11825568](#), PubMed:[16193070](#), PubMed:[27897272](#), PubMed:[36104323](#), PubMed:[7487104](#)). Core component of the major histocompatibility complex class I (MHC I) peptide loading complex where it functions as an essential folding chaperone for TAPBP. Through TAPBP, assists the dynamic assembly of the MHC I complex with high affinity antigens in the endoplasmic reticulum. Therefore, plays a crucial role in the presentation of antigens to cytotoxic T cells in adaptive immunity (PubMed:[35948544](#), PubMed:[36104323](#)).

Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum. Endoplasmic reticulum lumen {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P11598}. Melanosome Note=Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV (PubMed:12643545).

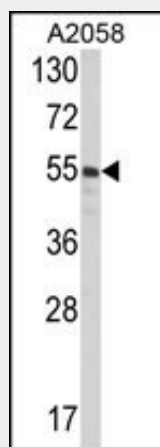
Tissue Location

Detected in the flagellum and head region of spermatozoa (at protein level) (PubMed:20400973). Expressed in liver, stomach and colon (at protein level). Expressed in gastric parietal cells and chief cells (at protein level) (PubMed:24188822)

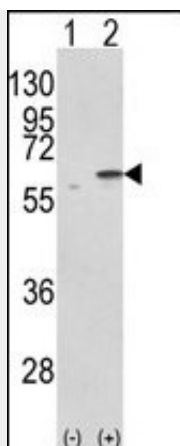
PDIA3 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

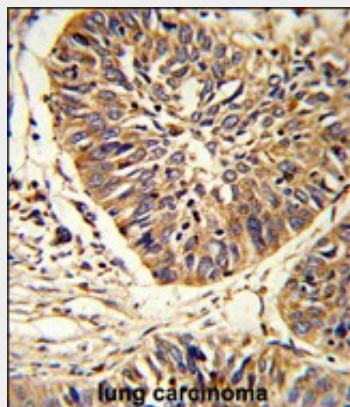
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

PDIA3 Antibody (C-term) - Images

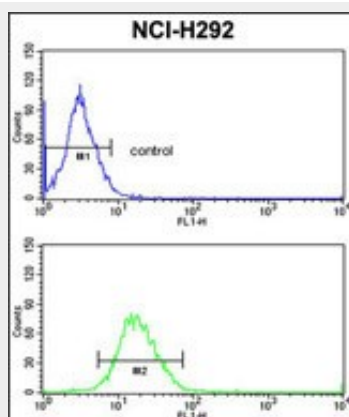
Western blot analysis of PDIA3 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP2922b) in A2058 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). PDIA3 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Western blot analysis of PDIA3 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal PDIA3 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP2922b). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the PDIA3 gene (Lane 2) .



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma reacted with PDIA3 Antibody (C-term), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



PDIA3 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP2922b) flow cytometric analysis of NCI-H292 cells (bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

PDIA3 Antibody (C-term) - Background

PDIA3 is the endoplasmic reticulum that interacts with lectin chaperones calreticulin and calnexin

to modulate folding of newly synthesized glycoproteins. The protein was once thought to be a phospholipase; however, it has been demonstrated that the protein actually has protein disulfide isomerase activity. It is thought that complexes of lectins and this protein mediate protein folding by promoting formation of disulfide bonds in their glycoprotein substrates.

PDIA3 Antibody (C-term) - References

Vigneron,N., et.al., Eur. J. Immunol. 39 (9), 2371-2376 (2009)
Xu,D.,et.al., Am. J. Physiol. Lung Cell Mol. Physiol. 297 (1), L44-L51 (2009)