

ACOX1 Antibody (N-term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP2523A

Specification

ACOX1 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	IHC-P,E
Primary Accession	Q15067
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region	7-37

ACOX1 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 51

Other Names

Peroxisomal acyl-coenzyme A oxidase 1, AOX, Palmitoyl-CoA oxidase, Straight-chain acyl-CoA oxidase, SCOX, ACOX1, ACOX

Target/Specificity

This ACOX1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 7-37 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human ACOX1.

Dilution

IHC-P~~1:10~50

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

ACOX1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ACOX1 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name ACOX1 ([HGNC:119](#))

Synonyms ACOX

Function Involved in the initial and rate-limiting step of peroxisomal beta-oxidation of

straight-chain saturated and unsaturated very-long- chain fatty acids (PubMed:[15060085](#), PubMed:[17458872](#), PubMed:[17603022](#), PubMed:[32169171](#), PubMed:[33234382](#), PubMed:[7876265](#)). Catalyzes the desaturation of fatty acyl-CoAs such as palmitoyl-CoA (hexadecanoyl- CoA) to 2-trans-enoyl-CoAs ((2E)-enoyl-CoAs) such as (2E)-hexadecenoyl- CoA, and donates electrons directly to molecular oxygen (O₂), thereby producing hydrogen peroxide (H₂O₂) (PubMed:[17458872](#), PubMed:[17603022](#), PubMed:[7876265](#)).

Cellular Location

Peroxisome.

Tissue Location

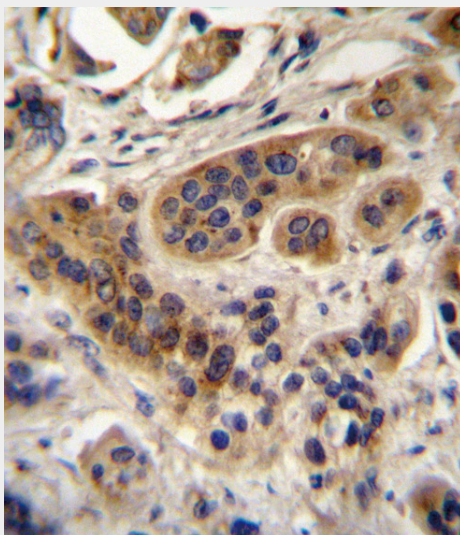
Widely expressed with highest levels of isoform 1 and isoform 2 detected in testis. Isoform 1 is expressed at higher levels than isoform 2 in liver and kidney while isoform 2 levels are higher in brain, lung, muscle, white adipose tissue and testis. Levels are almost equal in heart.

ACOX1 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

ACOX1 Antibody (N-term) - Images



ACOX1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP2523A) immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human bladder carcinoma followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of ACOX1 Antibody (N-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

ACOX1 Antibody (N-term) - Background

ACOX1 is the first enzyme of the fatty acid beta-oxidation pathway, which catalyzes the desaturation of acyl-CoAs to 2-trans-enoyl-CoAs. It donates electrons directly to molecular oxygen, thereby producing hydrogen peroxide. Defects in this gene result in pseudoneonatal adrenoleukodystrophy, a disease that is characterized by accumulation of very long chain fatty acids.

ACOX1 Antibody (N-term) - References

Strausberg, R.L., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99(26):16899-16903 (2002).
Chu, R., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 270(9):4908-4915 (1995).
Aoyama, T., et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 198(3):1113-1118 (1994).
Fournier, B., et al., J. Clin. Invest. 94(2):526-531 (1994).
Varanasi, U., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 91(8):3107-3111 (1994).

ACOX1 Antibody (N-term) - Citations

- [Transcriptional coactivator PGC-1alpha promotes peroxisomal remodeling and biogenesis.](#)