

MLH1

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP22446a

Specification

MLH1 - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession P40692
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit Ig
Calculated MW 84601

MLH1 - Additional Information

Gene ID 4292

Other Names

DNA mismatch repair protein Mlh1, MutL protein homolog 1, MLH1, COCA2

Target/Specificity

This antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between amino acids from human.

Dilution

WB~~1:2000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

MLH1 is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

MLH1 - Protein Information

Name MLH1

Synonyms COCA2

Function Heterodimerizes with PMS2 to form MutL alpha, a component of the post-replicative DNA mismatch repair system (MMR). DNA repair is initiated by MutS alpha (MSH2-MSH6) or MutS beta (MSH2-MSH3) binding to a dsDNA mismatch, then MutL alpha is recruited to the



heteroduplex. Assembly of the MutL-MutS-heteroduplex ternary complex in presence of RFC and PCNA is sufficient to activate endonuclease activity of PMS2. It introduces single-strand breaks near the mismatch and thus generates new entry points for the exonuclease EXO1 to degrade the strand containing the mismatch. DNA methylation would prevent cleavage and therefore assure that only the newly mutated DNA strand is going to be corrected. MutL alpha (MLH1-PMS2) interacts physically with the clamp loader subunits of DNA polymerase III, suggesting that it may play a role to recruit the DNA polymerase III to the site of the MMR. Also implicated in DNA damage signaling, a process which induces cell cycle arrest and can lead to apoptosis in case of major DNA damages. Heterodimerizes with MLH3 to form MutL gamma which plays a role in meiosis.

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Chromosome Note=Recruited to chromatin in a MCM9-dependent manner

Tissue Location

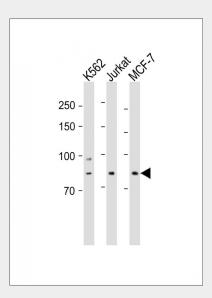
Colon, lymphocytes, breast, lung, spleen, testis, prostate, thyroid, gall bladder and heart

MLH1 - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

MLH1 - Images



All lanes: Anti-MLH1 antibody at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: K562 whole cell lysate Lane 2: Jurkat whole cell lysate Lane 3: MCF-7 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary: Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ASP1615) at 1/15000 dilution. Observed band size: 85 KDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



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MLH1 - Background

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MLH1 - References

Bronner C.E., et al. Nature 368:258-261(1994). Papadopoulos N., et al. Science 263:1625-1629(1994). Kolodner R.D., et al. Cancer Res. 55:242-248(1995). Han H.-J., et al. Hum. Mol. Genet. 4:237-242(1995). Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).