

**anti-MEK1 Antibody**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP22427a**

## Specification

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### anti-MEK1 Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q02750</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit Ig
Calculated MW	43439

### anti-MEK1 Antibody - Additional Information

**Gene ID** 5604

#### Other Names

Dual specificity mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 1, MAP kinase kinase 1, MAPKK 1, MKK1, 2.7.12.2, ERK activator kinase 1, MAPK/ERK kinase 1, MEK 1, MAP2K1 ([HGNC:6840](http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene_symbol_report?hgnc_id=6840)), MEK1, PRKMK1

#### Target/Specificity

This anti-MEK1 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between amino acids from the human region of human anti-MEK1.

#### Dilution

WB~~1:500

#### Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Precautions

anti-MEK1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### anti-MEK1 Antibody - Protein Information

**Name** MAP2K1 ([HGNC:6840](#))

**Synonyms** MEK1, PRKMK1

**Function** Dual specificity protein kinase which acts as an essential component of the MAP kinase signal transduction pathway. Binding of extracellular ligands such as growth factors, cytokines and hormones to their cell-surface receptors activates RAS and this initiates RAF1 activation. RAF1 then further activates the dual-specificity protein kinases MAP2K1/MEK1 and MAP2K2/MEK2. Both MAP2K1/MEK1 and MAP2K2/MEK2 function specifically in the MAPK/ERK cascade, and catalyze the concomitant phosphorylation of a threonine and a tyrosine residue in a Thr-Glu-Tyr sequence located in the extracellular signal-regulated kinases MAPK3/ERK1 and MAPK1/ERK2, leading to their activation and further transduction of the signal within the MAPK/ERK cascade. Activates BRAF in a KSR1 or KSR2-dependent manner; by binding to KSR1 or KSR2 releases the inhibitory intramolecular interaction between KSR1 or KSR2 protein kinase and N-terminal domains which promotes KSR1 or KSR2-BRAF dimerization and BRAF activation (PubMed:[29433126](#)). Depending on the cellular context, this pathway mediates diverse biological functions such as cell growth, adhesion, survival and differentiation, predominantly through the regulation of transcription, metabolism and cytoskeletal rearrangements. One target of the MAPK/ERK cascade is peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma (PPARG), a nuclear receptor that promotes differentiation and apoptosis. MAP2K1/MEK1 has been shown to export PPARG from the nucleus. The MAPK/ERK cascade is also involved in the regulation of endosomal dynamics, including lysosome processing and endosome cycling through the perinuclear recycling compartment (PNRC), as well as in the fragmentation of the Golgi apparatus during mitosis.

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, spindle pole body. Cytoplasm. Nucleus Membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=Localizes at centrosomes during prometaphase, midzone during anaphase and midbody during telophase/cytokinesis (PubMed:[14737111](#)). Membrane localization is probably regulated by its interaction with KSR1 (PubMed:[10409742](#))

#### **Tissue Location**

Widely expressed, with extremely low levels in brain.

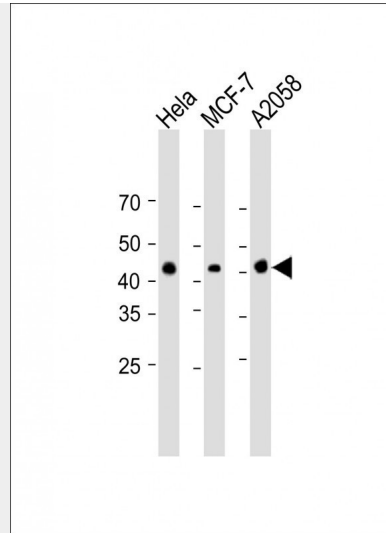
### **anti-MEK1 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

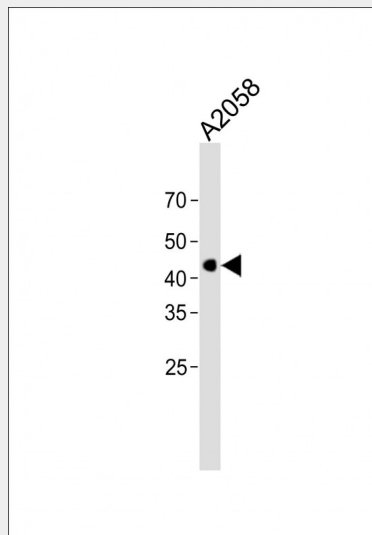
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### **anti-MEK1 Antibody - Images**





All lanes: Anti-anti-MEK1 Antibody at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: HeLa whole cell lysate Lane 2: MCF-7 whole cell lysate Lane 3: A2058 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary: Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ASP1615) at 1/15000 dilution. Observed band size: 43 KDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



All lanes: Anti-anti-MEK1 Antibody at 1:500 dilution + A2058 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary: Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ASP1615) at 1/15000 dilution. Observed band size: 43 KDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

### anti-MEK1 Antibody - Background

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#### **anti-MEK1 Antibody - References**

- Seger R., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 267:25628-25631(1992).  
Zheng C.-F., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 268:11435-11439(1993).  
Stewart S., et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 19:5523-5534(1999).  
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Duesbery N.S., et al. Science 280:734-737(1998).