

**NKX2-1 antibody**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP22398a****Specification**

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**NKX2-1 antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P43699</a>
Predicted	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit Ig
Calculated MW	38596

**NKX2-1 antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 7080**Other Names**

Homeobox protein Nkx-2.1, Homeobox protein NK-2 homolog A, Thyroid nuclear factor 1, Thyroid transcription factor 1, TTF-1, Thyroid-specific enhancer-binding protein, T/EBP, NKX2-1 ([HGNC:11825](http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene_symbol_report?hgnc_id=11825)), NKX2A, TITF1, TTF1

**Target/Specificity**

This antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between amino acids from human.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

NKX2-1 antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**NKX2-1 antibody - Protein Information****Name** NKX2-1 ([HGNC:11825](#))**Synonyms** NKX2A, TITF1, TTF1

**Function** Transcription factor that binds and activates the promoter of thyroid specific genes such as thyroglobulin, thyroperoxidase, and thyrotropin receptor. Crucial in the maintenance of the thyroid differentiation phenotype. May play a role in lung development and surfactant homeostasis. Forms a regulatory loop with GRHL2 that coordinates lung epithelial cell morphogenesis and differentiation. Activates the transcription of GNRHR and plays a role in enhancing the circadian oscillation of its gene expression. Represses the transcription of the circadian transcriptional repressor NR1D1 (By similarity).

**Cellular Location**

Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P50220}.

**Tissue Location**

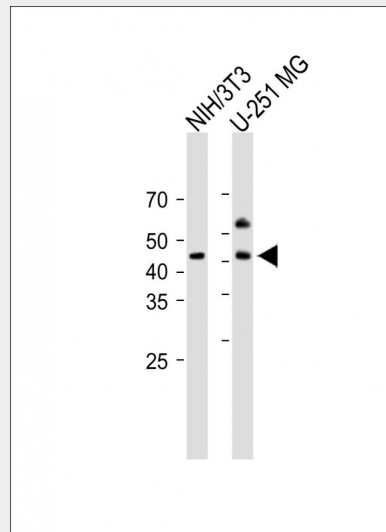
Thyroid and lung.

**NKX2-1 antibody - Protocols**

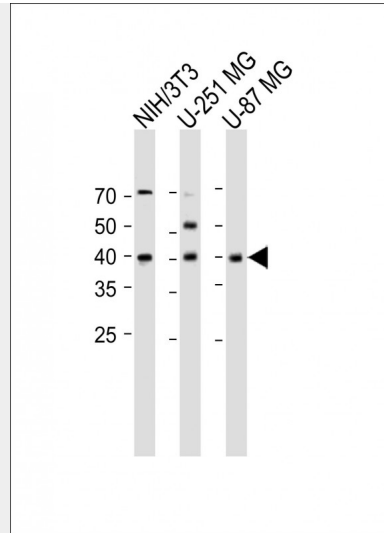
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

**NKX2-1 antibody - Images**



All lanes: Anti-NKX2-1 antibody at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: NIH/3T3 cell lysate Lane 2: U-251 MG cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ASP1615) at 1/15000 dilution. Observed band size : 40 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFD/MTBST.



All lanes: Anti-NKX2-1 antibody at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: NIH/3T3 cell lysate Lane 2: U-251 MG cell lysate Lane 3: U-87 MG cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20  $\mu$ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ASP1615) at 1/15000 dilution. Observed band size : 40 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDN/TBST.

### **NKX2-1 antibody - Background**

Transcription factor that binds and activates the promoter of thyroid specific genes such as thyroglobulin, thyroperoxidase, and thyrotropin receptor. Crucial in the maintenance of the thyroid differentiation phenotype. May play a role in lung development and surfactant homeostasis. Forms a regulatory loop with GRHL2 that coordinates lung epithelial cell morphogenesis and differentiation. Activates the transcription of GNRHR and plays a role in enhancing the circadian oscillation of its gene expression. Represses the transcription of the circadian transcriptional repressor NR1D1 (By similarity).

### **NKX2-1 antibody - References**

- Oguchi H.,et al.Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1261:304-306(1995).
- Saiardi A.,et al.Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1261:307-310(1995).
- Ikeda K.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 270:8108-8114(1995).
- Hamdan H.,et al.Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1396:336-348(1998).
- Endo T.,et al.Submitted (MAY-1995) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.