

**PDGFRA Antibody (Y720)**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP22371a****Specification**

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**PDGFRA Antibody (Y720) - Product Information**

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P16234</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">O9PUF6</a> , <a href="#">P26618</a> , <a href="#">P20786</a> , <a href="#">P26619</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Chicken, Rat, Xenopus
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	122670

**PDGFRA Antibody (Y720) - Additional Information****Gene ID** 5156**Other Names**

Platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha, PDGF-R-alpha, PDGFR-alpha, 2.7.10.1, Alpha platelet-derived growth factor receptor, Alpha-type platelet-derived growth factor receptor, CD140 antigen-like family member A, CD140a antigen, Platelet-derived growth factor alpha receptor, Platelet-derived growth factor receptor 2, PDGFR-2, CD140a, PDGFRA, PDGFR2, RHEPDGFRA

**Target/Specificity**

This PDGFRA antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between amino acids from the human region of human PDGFRA.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

PDGFRA Antibody (Y720) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**PDGFRA Antibody (Y720) - Protein Information****Name** PDGFRA

## Synonyms PDGFR2, RHEPDGFRA

**Function** Tyrosine-protein kinase that acts as a cell-surface receptor for PDGFA, PDGFB and PDGFC and plays an essential role in the regulation of embryonic development, cell proliferation, survival and chemotaxis. Depending on the context, promotes or inhibits cell proliferation and cell migration. Plays an important role in the differentiation of bone marrow-derived mesenchymal stem cells. Required for normal skeleton development and cephalic closure during embryonic development. Required for normal development of the mucosa lining the gastrointestinal tract, and for recruitment of mesenchymal cells and normal development of intestinal villi. Plays a role in cell migration and chemotaxis in wound healing. Plays a role in platelet activation, secretion of agonists from platelet granules, and in thrombin-induced platelet aggregation. Binding of its cognate ligands - homodimeric PDGFA, homodimeric PDGFB, heterodimers formed by PDGFA and PDGFB or homodimeric PDGFC -leads to the activation of several signaling cascades; the response depends on the nature of the bound ligand and is modulated by the formation of heterodimers between PDGFRA and PDGFRB. Phosphorylates PIK3R1, PLCG1, and PTPN11. Activation of PLCG1 leads to the production of the cellular signaling molecules diacylglycerol and inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate, mobilization of cytosolic Ca(2+) and the activation of protein kinase C. Phosphorylates PIK3R1, the regulatory subunit of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase, and thereby mediates activation of the AKT1 signaling pathway. Mediates activation of HRAS and of the MAP kinases MAPK1/ERK2 and/or MAPK3/ERK1. Promotes activation of STAT family members STAT1, STAT3 and STAT5A and/or STAT5B. Receptor signaling is down-regulated by protein phosphatases that dephosphorylate the receptor and its down-stream effectors, and by rapid internalization of the activated receptor.

## Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell projection, cilium {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P26618}. Golgi apparatus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P26618}

## Tissue Location

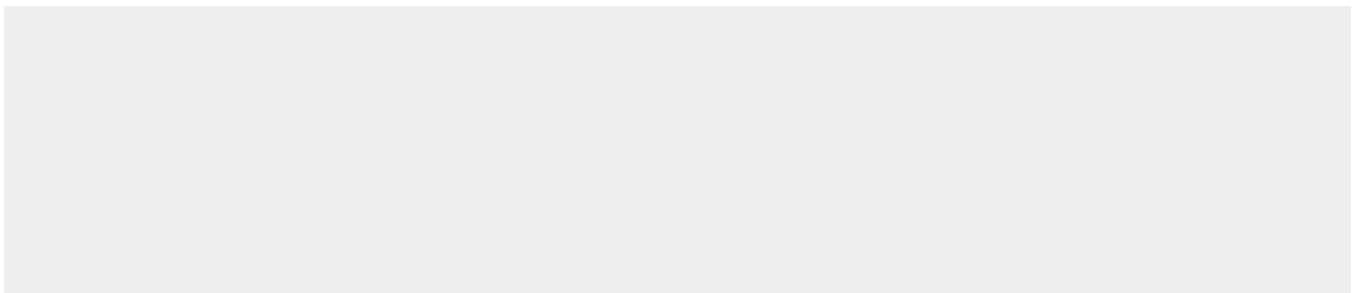
Detected in platelets (at protein level). Widely expressed. Detected in brain, fibroblasts, smooth muscle, heart, and embryo. Expressed in primary and metastatic colon tumors and in normal colon tissue.

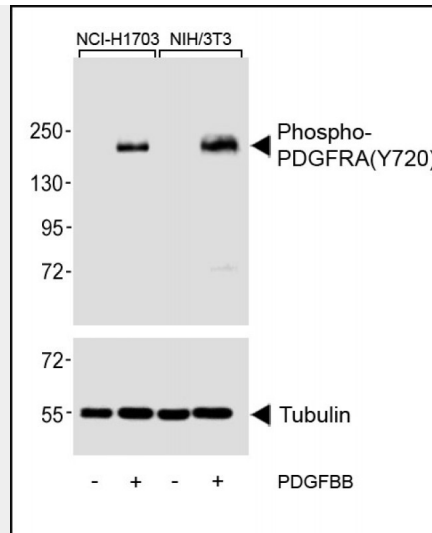
## PDGFRA Antibody (Y720) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## PDGFRA Antibody (Y720) - Images





Western blot analysis of lysates from NCI-H1703, NIH/3T3 cell line, untreated or treated with PDGFBB, 100ng/ml, using 459169101(Cat. #AP22371a)(upper) or Tubulin(lower).

### PDGFRA Antibody (Y720) - Background

Tyrosine-protein kinase that acts as a cell-surface receptor for PDGFA, PDGFB and PDGFC and plays an essential role in the regulation of embryonic development, cell proliferation, survival and chemotaxis. Depending on the context, promotes or inhibits cell proliferation and cell migration. Plays an important role in the differentiation of bone marrow-derived mesenchymal stem cells. Required for normal skeleton development and cephalic closure during embryonic development. Required for normal development of the mucosa lining the gastrointestinal tract, and for recruitment of mesenchymal cells and normal development of intestinal villi. Plays a role in cell migration and chemotaxis in wound healing. Plays a role in platelet activation, secretion of agonists from platelet granules, and in thrombin-induced platelet aggregation. Binding of its cognate ligands - homodimeric PDGFA, homodimeric PDGFB, heterodimers formed by PDGFA and PDGFB or homodimeric PDGFC -leads to the activation of several signaling cascades; the response depends on the nature of the bound ligand and is modulated by the formation of heterodimers between PDGFRA and PDGFRB. Phosphorylates PIK3R1, PLCG1, and PTPN11. Activation of PLCG1 leads to the production of the cellular signaling molecules diacylglycerol and inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate, mobilization of cytosolic Ca(2+) and the activation of protein kinase C. Phosphorylates PIK3R1, the regulatory subunit of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase, and thereby mediates activation of the AKT1 signaling pathway. Mediates activation of HRAS and of the MAP kinases MAPK1/ERK2 and/or MAPK3/ERK1. Promotes activation of STAT family members STAT1, STAT3 and STAT5A and/or STAT5B. Receptor signaling is down-regulated by protein phosphatases that dephosphorylate the receptor and its down-stream effectors, and by rapid internalization of the activated receptor.

### PDGFRA Antibody (Y720) - References

- Claesson-Welsh L.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 86:4917-4921(1989).
- Matsui T.,et al.Science 243:800-804(1989).
- Kawagishi J.,et al.Genomics 30:224-232(1995).
- Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).
- Hillier L.W.,et al.Nature 434:724-731(2005).