

COXIV Antibody
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP22111a

Specification

COXIV Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, FC,E
Primary Accession	P19783
Other Accession	P10888
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Predicted	Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	19530

COXIV Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 12857

Other Names

Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 4 isoform 1, mitochondrial, Cytochrome c oxidase polypeptide IV, Cytochrome c oxidase subunit IV isoform 1, COX IV-1, Cox4i1, Cox4, Cox4a

Target/Specificity

This COXIV antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 115-169 amino acids from the mouse region of human COXIV.

Dilution

WB~~1:2000
FC~~1:25

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

COXIV Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

COXIV Antibody - Protein Information

Name Cox4i1

Synonyms Cox4, Cox4a, Coxiv {ECO:0000303|PubMed:3

Function Component of the cytochrome c oxidase, the last enzyme in the mitochondrial electron transport chain which drives oxidative phosphorylation. The respiratory chain contains 3 multisubunit complexes succinate dehydrogenase (complex II, CII), ubiquinol- cytochrome c oxidoreductase (cytochrome b-c1 complex, complex III, CIII) and cytochrome c oxidase (complex IV, CIV), that cooperate to transfer electrons derived from NADH and succinate to molecular oxygen, creating an electrochemical gradient over the inner membrane that drives transmembrane transport and the ATP synthase. Cytochrome c oxidase is the component of the respiratory chain that catalyzes the reduction of oxygen to water. Electrons originating from reduced cytochrome c in the intermembrane space (IMS) are transferred via the dinuclear copper A center (CU(A)) of subunit 2 and heme A of subunit 1 to the active site in subunit 1, a binuclear center (BNC) formed by heme A3 and copper B (CU(B)). The BNC reduces molecular oxygen to 2 water molecules using 4 electrons from cytochrome c in the IMS and 4 protons from the mitochondrial matrix.

Cellular Location

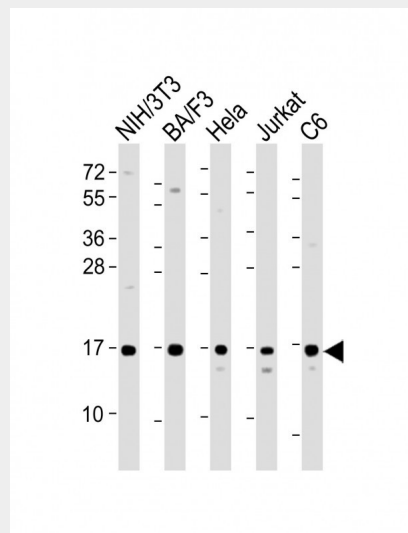
Mitochondrion inner membrane; Single-pass membrane protein

COXIV Antibody - Protocols

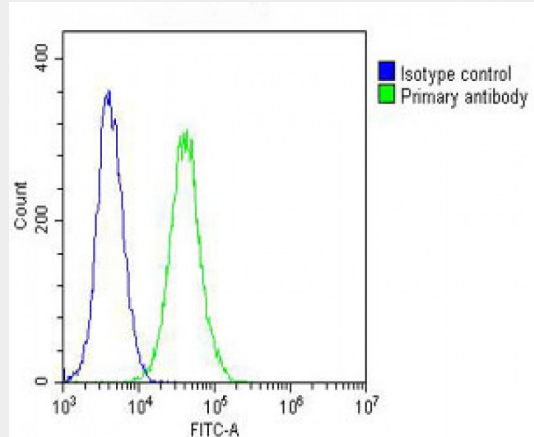
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

COXIV Antibody - Images



All lanes : Anti-COXIV Antibody at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate Lane 2: BA/F3 whole cell lysate Lane 3: HeLa whole cell lysate Lane 4: Jurkat whole cell lysate Lane 5: C6 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 20 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Overlay histogram showing NIH/3T3 cells stained with AP22111a (green line). The cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 90% methanol for 10 min. The cells were then incubated in 2% bovine serum albumin to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (AP22111a, 1:25 dilution) for 60 min at 37°C. The secondary antibody used was Goat-Anti-Rabbit IgG, DyLight® 488 Conjugated Highly Cross-Adsorbed(OH191631) at 1/200 dilution for 40 min at 37°C. Isotype control antibody (blue line) was rabbit IgG (1µg/1x10⁶ cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10, 000 events was performed.

COXIV Antibody - Background

This protein is one of the nuclear-coded polypeptide chains of cytochrome c oxidase, the terminal oxidase in mitochondrial electron transport.

COXIV Antibody - References

Grossman L.I., et al. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 18:6454-6454(1990).
 Carter R.S., et al. *Arch. Biochem. Biophys.* 288:97-106(1991).
 Carninci P., et al. *Science* 309:1559-1563(2005).
 Lubec G., et al. Submitted (APR-2007) to UniProtKB.
 Park J., et al. *Mol. Cell* 50:919-930(2013).

COXIV Antibody - Citations

- [Mitochondrial transplantation reduces lower limb ischemia-reperfusion injury by increasing skeletal muscle energy and adipocyte browning](#)
- [Cell-type-specific profiling of brain mitochondria reveals functional and molecular diversity](#)