

GNG2 Antibody (N-Term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP21903a**Specification**

GNG2 Antibody (N-Term) - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P,E
Primary Accession	P59768
Other Accession	P63212 , P63213 , Q5R7U4
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	7850
Antigen Region	19-52

GNG2 Antibody (N-Term) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 54331**Other Names**

Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2, G gamma-I, GNG2

Target/Specificity

This GNG2 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 19-52 amino acids from of human GNG2.

Dilution

WB~~1:8000

IHC-P~~1:25

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

GNG2 Antibody (N-Term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

GNG2 Antibody (N-Term) - Protein Information**Name** GNG2

Function Guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) are involved as a modulator or transducer in various transmembrane signaling systems (PubMed:[29925951](#), PubMed:[33762731](#), PubMed:[34239069](#), PubMed:[35610220](#), PubMed:[35714614](#), PubMed:[35835867](#), PubMed:[36087581](#), PubMed:[36989299](#), PubMed:[37327704](#), PubMed:[37935376](#), PubMed:[37935377](#), PubMed:[37963465](#), PubMed:[38168118](#), PubMed:[38552625](#)). The beta and gamma chains are required for the GTPase activity, for replacement of GDP by GTP, and for G protein-effector interaction (PubMed:[29925951](#), PubMed:[33762731](#), PubMed:[34239069](#), PubMed:[35610220](#), PubMed:[35714614](#), PubMed:[35835867](#), PubMed:[36087581](#), PubMed:[36989299](#), PubMed:[37327704](#), PubMed:[37935376](#), PubMed:[37935377](#), PubMed:[37963465](#), PubMed:[38168118](#), PubMed:[38552625](#)).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor; Cytoplasmic side

Tissue Location

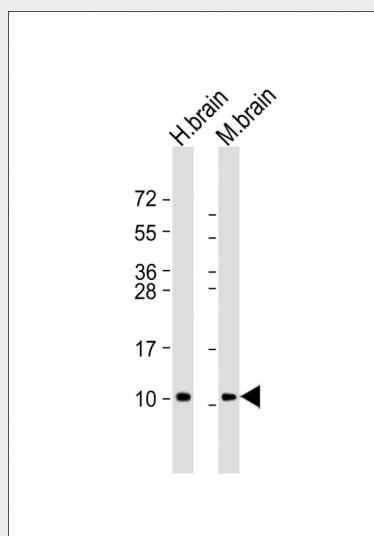
Expressed in fetal tissues, including testis, adrenal gland, brain, white blood cells and brain

GNG2 Antibody (N-Term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

GNG2 Antibody (N-Term) - Images



All lanes : Anti-GNG2 Antibody (N-Term) at 1:8000 dilution Lane 1: human brain lysate Lane 2: mouse brain lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 8 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFD/MTBST.



AP21903a staining GNG2 in human brain tissue sections by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections). Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde and blocked with 3% BSA for 0.5 hour at room temperature; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a citrate buffer (pH6). Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/25) for 1 hour at 37°C. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary antibody.

GNG2 Antibody (N-Term) - Background

Guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) are involved as a modulator or transducer in various transmembrane signaling systems. The beta and gamma chains are required for the GTPase activity, for replacement of GDP by GTP, and for G protein-effector interaction (By similarity).

GNG2 Antibody (N-Term) - References

Modarressi M.H., et al. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 272:610-615(2000).
Puhl H.L. III, et al. Submitted (MAR-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Bechtel S., et al. *BMC Genomics* 8:399-399(2007).
Mural R.J., et al. Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Gauci S., et al. *Anal. Chem.* 81:4493-4501(2009).