

GABRA1 Antibody (C-term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP21477b

Specification

GABRA1 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

| | |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| Application | WB,E |
| Primary Accession | P14867 |
| Reactivity | Mouse |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | polyclonal |
| Isotype | Rabbit IgG |
| Calculated MW | 51802 |

GABRA1 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 2554

Other Names

Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit alpha-1, GABA(A) receptor subunit alpha-1, GABRA1

Target/Specificity

This GABRA1 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 405-438 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human GABRA1.

Dilution

WB~~1:2000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

GABRA1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

GABRA1 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name GABRA1 ([HGNC:4075](#))

Function Alpha subunit of the heteropentameric ligand-gated chloride channel gated by Gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA), a major inhibitory neurotransmitter in the brain (PubMed:[23909897](#), PubMed:[25489750](#), PubMed:[29950725](#), PubMed:[30602789](#)). GABA-gated chloride channels, also named GABA(A) receptors (GABAAR), consist of five subunits arranged

around a central pore and contain GABA active binding site(s) located at the alpha and beta subunit interface(s) (PubMed:[29950725](#), PubMed:[30602789](#)). When activated by GABA, GABAARs selectively allow the flow of chloride anions across the cell membrane down their electrochemical gradient (PubMed:[23909897](#), PubMed:[29950725](#), PubMed:[30602789](#)). Alpha-1/GABRA1-containing GABAARs are largely synaptic (By similarity). Chloride influx into the postsynaptic neuron following GABAAR opening decreases the neuron ability to generate a new action potential, thereby reducing nerve transmission (By similarity). GABAARs containing alpha-1 and beta-2 or -3 subunits exhibit synaptogenic activity; the gamma-2 subunit being necessary but not sufficient to induce rapid synaptic contacts formation (PubMed:[23909897](#), PubMed:[25489750](#)). GABAARs function also as histamine receptor where histamine binds at the interface of two neighboring beta subunits and potentiates GABA response (By similarity). GABAARs containing alpha, beta and epsilon subunits also permit spontaneous chloride channel activity while preserving the structural information required for GABA-gated openings (By similarity). Alpha-1-mediated plasticity in the orbitofrontal cortex regulates context-dependent action selection (By similarity). Together with rho subunits, may also control neuronal and glial GABAergic transmission in the cerebellum (By similarity).

Cellular Location

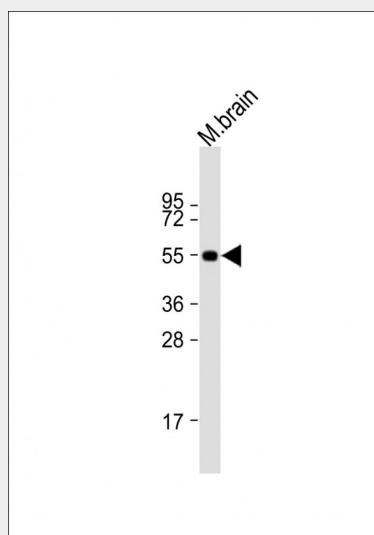
Postsynaptic cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P08219}; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P62813}; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=Mainly located in GABAergic synapses in granule cells, and also in the extrasynaptic membrane at a lower concentration. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P62813}

GABRA1 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

GABRA1 Antibody (C-term) - Images



Anti-GABRA1 Antibody (C-term) at 1:2000 dilution + mouse brain lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution
Predicted band size : 52 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFD/MTBST.

GABRA1 Antibody (C-term) - Background

Component of the heteropentameric receptor for GABA, the major inhibitory neurotransmitter in the vertebrate brain. Functions also as histamine receptor and mediates cellular responses to histamine. Functions as receptor for diazepam and various anesthetics, such as pentobarbital; these are bound at a separate allosteric effector binding site. Functions as ligand-gated chloride channel (By similarity).

GABRA1 Antibody (C-term) - References

Schofield P.R., et al. FEBS Lett. 244:361-364(1989).
Mural R.J., et al. Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Garrett K.M., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 156:1039-1045(1988).
Lachance-Touchette P., et al. Eur. J. Neurosci. 34:237-249(2011).
Carvill G.L., et al. Neurology 82:1245-1253(2014).