

**ASH2L Antibody (Center)**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP21332c**

**Specification**

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**ASH2L Antibody (Center) - Product Information**

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O9UBL3</a>
Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	68723

**ASH2L Antibody (Center) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 9070

**Other Names**

Set1/Ash2 histone methyltransferase complex subunit ASH2, ASH2-like protein, ASH2L, ASH2L1

**Target/Specificity**

This ASH2L antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 347-382 amino acids from the Central region of human ASH2L.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:2000

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

ASH2L Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**ASH2L Antibody (Center) - Protein Information**

**Name** ASH2L

**Synonyms** ASH2L1

**Function** Transcriptional regulator (PubMed:[12670868](#)). Component or associated component of some histone methyltransferase complexes which regulates transcription through recruitment of

those complexes to gene promoters (PubMed:[19131338](#)). Component of the Set1/Ash2 histone methyltransferase (HMT) complex, a complex that specifically methylates 'Lys-4' of histone H3, but not if the neighboring 'Lys-9' residue is already methylated (PubMed:[19556245](#)). As part of the MLL1/MLL complex it is involved in methylation and dimethylation at 'Lys-4' of histone H3 (PubMed:[19556245](#)). May play a role in hematopoiesis (PubMed:[12670868](#)). In association with RBBP5 and WDR5, stimulates the histone methyltransferase activities of KMT2A, KMT2B, KMT2C, KMT2D, SETD1A and SETD1B (PubMed:[21220120](#), PubMed:[22266653](#)).

#### Cellular Location

Nucleus.

#### Tissue Location

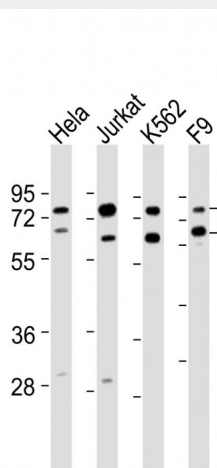
Ubiquitously expressed. Predominantly expressed in adult heart and testis and fetal lung and liver, with barely detectable expression in adult lung, liver, kidney, prostate, and peripheral leukocytes.

### ASH2L Antibody (Center) - Protocols

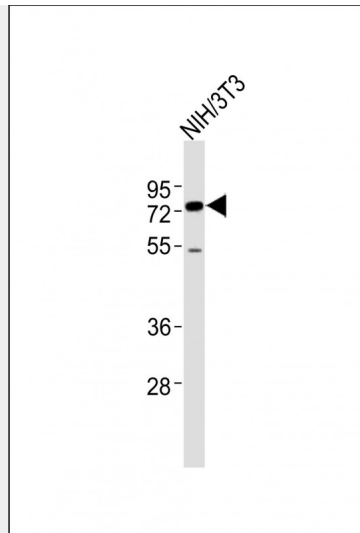
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### ASH2L Antibody (Center) - Images



All lanes : Anti-ASH2L Antibody (Center) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: HeLa whole cell lysates Lane 2: Jurkat whole cell lysates Lane 3: K562 whole cell lysates Lane 4: F9 whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size : 69 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDN/TBST.



All lanes : Anti-ASH2L Antibody (Center) at 1:2000 dilution + NIH/3T3 whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size : 69 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFD/MTBST.

#### **ASH2L Antibody (Center) - Background**

Component of the Set1/Ash2 histone methyltransferase (HMT) complex, a complex that specifically methylates 'Lys-4' of histone H3, but not if the neighboring 'Lys-9' residue is already methylated. As part of the MLL1/MLL complex it is involved in methylation and dimethylation at 'Lys-4' of histone H3. May function as a transcriptional regulator. May play a role in hematopoiesis.

#### **ASH2L Antibody (Center) - References**

- Wang J.,et al.J. Mol. Med. 79:399-405(2001).
- Ikegawa S.,et al.Cytogenet. Cell Genet. 84:167-172(1999).
- Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).
- Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
- Wysocka J.,et al.Genes Dev. 17:896-911(2003).