

**ATG16L Antibody (C-term)**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP1817c**

**Specification**

---

**ATG16L Antibody (C-term) - Product Information**

Application	<b>WB, IHC-P,E</b>
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O676U5</a>
Reactivity	<b>Human</b>
Host	<b>Rabbit</b>
Clonality	<b>Polyclonal</b>
Isotype	<b>Rabbit IgG</b>
Antigen Region	<b>454-483</b>

**ATG16L Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 55054

**Other Names**

Autophagy-related protein 16-1, APG16-like 1, ATG16L1, APG16L

**Target/Specificity**

This ATG16L antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 454-483 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human ATG16L.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000  
IHC-P~~1:50~100

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

ATG16L Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**ATG16L Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information**

**Name** ATG16L1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:17200669, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:21498}

**Function** Plays an essential role in both canonical and non-canonical autophagy: interacts with ATG12-ATG5 to mediate the lipidation to ATG8 family proteins (MAP1LC3A, MAP1LC3B, MAP1LC3C, GABARAPL1, GABARAPL2 and GABARAP) (PubMed:[23376921](#), PubMed:[23392225](#),

PubMed:[24553140](#), PubMed:[24954904](#), PubMed:[27273576](#), PubMed:[29317426](#), PubMed:[30778222](#), PubMed:[33909989](#)). Acts as a molecular hub, coordinating autophagy pathways via distinct domains that support either canonical or non-canonical signaling (PubMed:[29317426](#), PubMed:[30778222](#)). During canonical autophagy, interacts with ATG12-ATG5 to mediate the conjugation of phosphatidylethanolamine (PE) to ATG8 proteins, to produce a membrane-bound activated form of ATG8 (PubMed:[23376921](#), PubMed:[23392225](#), PubMed:[24553140](#), PubMed:[24954904](#), PubMed:[27273576](#)). Thereby, controls the elongation of the nascent autophagosomal membrane (PubMed:[23376921](#), PubMed:[23392225](#), PubMed:[24553140](#), PubMed:[24954904](#), PubMed:[27273576](#)). Also involved in non-canonical autophagy, a parallel pathway involving conjugation of ATG8 proteins to single membranes at endolysosomal compartments, probably by catalyzing conjugation of phosphatidylserine (PS) to ATG8 (PubMed:[33909989](#)). Non-canonical autophagy plays a key role in epithelial cells to limit lethal infection by influenza A (IAV) virus (By similarity). Regulates mitochondrial antiviral signaling (MAVS)-dependent type I interferon (IFN-I) production (PubMed:[22749352](#), PubMed:[25645662](#)). Negatively regulates NOD1- and NOD2-driven inflammatory cytokine response (PubMed:[24238340](#)). Instead, promotes an autophagy-dependent antibacterial pathway together with NOD1 or NOD2 (PubMed:[20637199](#)). Plays a role in regulating morphology and function of Paneth cell (PubMed:[18849966](#)).

### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Preautophagosomal structure membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Endosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Lysosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=Recruited to omegasomes membranes by WIPI2 (By similarity). Omegasomes are endoplasmic reticulum connected structures at the origin of preautophagosomal structures (By similarity) Localized to preautophagosomal structure (PAS) where it is involved in the membrane targeting of ATG5 (By similarity). Localizes also to discrete punctae along the ciliary axoneme (By similarity). Upon activation of non-canonical autophagy, recruited to single-membrane endolysosomal compartments (PubMed:[29317426](#)) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8C0J2, ECO:0000269|PubMed:[29317426](#)}

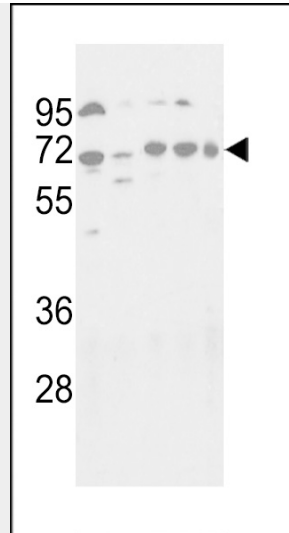
### ATG16L Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

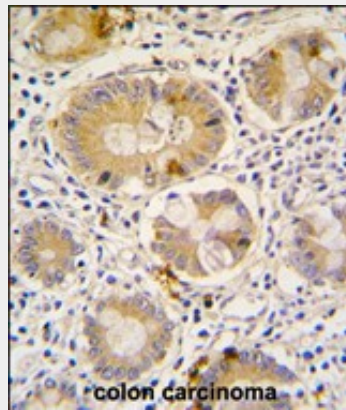
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### ATG16L Antibody (C-term) - Images





Western blot analysis of hAPG16L-K366 (Cat.#AP1817c) in NIH-3T3, HepG2, Hela, Jurkat and NCI-H460 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). APG16L (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma tissue reacted with Autophagy APG16L antibody (C-term), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

#### **ATG16L Antibody (C-term) - Background**

Macroautophagy is the major inducible pathway for the general turnover of cytoplasmic constituents in eukaryotic cells, it is also responsible for the degradation of active cytoplasmic enzymes and organelles during nutrient starvation. Macroautophagy involves the formation of double-membrane bound autophagosomes which enclose the cytoplasmic constituent targeted for degradation in a membrane bound structure, which then fuse with the lysosome (or vacuole) releasing a single-membrane bound autophagic bodies which are then degraded within the lysosome (or vacuole).

The APG12-APG5-APG16L complex is essential for the elongation of autophagic isolation membranes. This complex initially associates in uniform distribution with small vesicle membranes. During membrane elongation, the complex partitions, with a great concentration building on the outer side of the isolation membrane. Upon completion of the formation of the autophagosome, the APG12-APG5-APG16L dissociates from the membrane.

#### **ATG16L Antibody (C-term) - References**

Baehrecke EH. Nat Rev Mol Cell Biol. 6(6):505-10. (2005)

Lum JJ, et al. Nat Rev Mol Cell Biol. 6(6):439-48. (2005)

Greenberg JT. Dev Cell. 8(6):799-801. (2005)

Levine B. Cell. 120(2):159-62. (2005)

Shintani T and Klionsky DJ. Science. 306(5698):990-5. (2004)

**ATG16L Antibody (C-term) - Citations**

- [Biochemical isolation and characterization of the tubulovesicular LC3-positive autophagosomal compartment.](#)