

**TRAM1 Antibody (C-term)**  
**Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP17814b**

**Specification**

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**TRAM1 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information**

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q15629</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">NP_055109.1</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region	346-372

**TRAM1 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 23471

**Other Names**

Translocating chain-associated membrane protein 1, TRAM1, TRAM

**Target/Specificity**

This TRAM1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 346-372 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human TRAM1.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

TRAM1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**TRAM1 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information**

**Name** TRAM1 ([HGNC:20568](#))

**Function** Involved in the translocation of nascent protein chains into or through the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) membrane by facilitating the proper chain positioning at the SEC61 channel (PubMed:[12475939](#), PubMed:[1315422](#), PubMed:[32013668](#), PubMed:[8616892](#), PubMed:[9506517](#)).

Regulates the exposure of nascent secretory protein chain to the cytosol during translocation into the ER (PubMed:[9506517](#)). May affect the phospholipid bilayer in the vicinity of the lateral gate of the SEC61 channel, thereby facilitating ER protein transport (PubMed:[32013668](#)). Intimately associates with transmembrane (TM) domain of nascent membrane proteins during the entire integration process into the ER membrane (PubMed:[8616892](#)). Associates with the second TM domain of G-protein-coupled receptor opsin/OPSD nascent chain in the ER membrane, which may facilitate its integration into the membrane (PubMed:[12475939](#)). Under conditions of ER stress, participates in the disposal of misfolded ER membrane proteins during the unfolded protein response (UPR), an integrated stress response (ISR) pathway, by selectively retrotranslocating misfolded ER-membrane proteins from the ER into the cytosol where they are ubiquitinated and degraded by the proteasome (PubMed:[20430023](#)).

#### Cellular Location

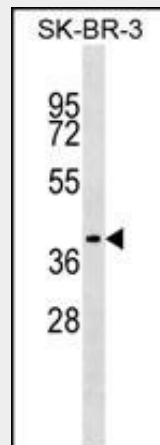
Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

#### TRAM1 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### TRAM1 Antibody (C-term) - Images



TRAM1 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP17814b) western blot analysis in SK-BR-3 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the TRAM1 antibody detected the TRAM1 protein (arrow).

#### TRAM1 Antibody (C-term) - Background

This gene encodes a multi-pass membrane protein that is part of the mammalian endoplasmic reticulum. The encoded protein influences glycosylation and facilitates the translocation of secretory proteins across the endoplasmic reticulum membrane by regulating which domains of the nascent polypeptide chain are

visible to the cytosol during a translocational pause. [provided by RefSeq].

#### **TRAM1 Antibody (C-term) - References**

- Silva, L.K., et al. Eur. J. Hum. Genet. 18(11):1221-1227(2010)  
Han, S., et al. Hum. Immunol. 71(7):727-730(2010)  
Mosbrugger, T.L., et al. J. Infect. Dis. 201(9):1371-1380(2010)  
Rajaraman, P., et al. Cancer Epidemiol. Biomarkers Prev. 19(5):1356-1361(2010)  
Rajaraman, P., et al. Cancer Epidemiol. Biomarkers Prev. 18(5):1651-1658(2009)

#### **TRAM1 Antibody (C-term) - Citations**

- [Activation of porcine alveolar macrophages by Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae lipopolysaccharide via the TLR4/NF-κB mediated pathway.](#)