

**CD79A Antibody (Center)**  
**Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP14939C****Specification**

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**CD79A Antibody (Center) - Product Information**

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P11912</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">P11911</a> , <a href="#">NP_067612.1</a> , <a href="#">NP_001774.1</a>
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	25038
Antigen Region	122-149

**CD79A Antibody (Center) - Additional Information****Gene ID** 973**Other Names**

B-cell antigen receptor complex-associated protein alpha chain, Ig-alpha, MB-1 membrane glycoprotein, Membrane-bound immunoglobulin-associated protein, Surface IgM-associated protein, CD79a, CD79A, IGA, MB1

**Target/Specificity**

This CD79A antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 122-149 amino acids from the Central region of human CD79A.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

CD79A Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**CD79A Antibody (Center) - Protein Information****Name** CD79A

## Synonyms IGA, MB1

**Function** Required in cooperation with CD79B for initiation of the signal transduction cascade activated by binding of antigen to the B- cell antigen receptor complex (BCR) which leads to internalization of the complex, trafficking to late endosomes and antigen presentation. Also required for BCR surface expression and for efficient differentiation of pro- and pre-B-cells. Stimulates SYK autophosphorylation and activation. Binds to BLNK, bringing BLNK into proximity with SYK and allowing SYK to phosphorylate BLNK. Also interacts with and increases activity of some Src-family tyrosine kinases. Represses BCR signaling during development of immature B-cells.

## Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Following antigen binding, the BCR has been shown to translocate from detergent-soluble regions of the cell membrane to lipid rafts although signal transduction through the complex can also occur outside lipid rafts.

## Tissue Location

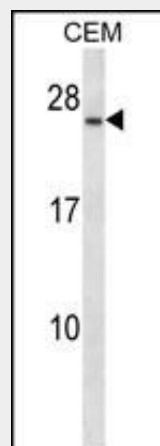
B-cells.

## CD79A Antibody (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## CD79A Antibody (Center) - Images



CD79A Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP14939c) western blot analysis in CEM cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the CD79A antibody detected the CD79A protein (arrow).

## CD79A Antibody (Center) - Background

The B lymphocyte antigen receptor is a multimeric complex

that includes the antigen-specific component, surface immunoglobulin (Ig). Surface Ig non-covalently associates with two other proteins, Ig-alpha and Ig-beta, which are necessary for expression and function of the B-cell antigen receptor. This gene encodes the Ig-alpha protein of the B-cell antigen component. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described.

#### **CD79A Antibody (Center) - References**

Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010)  
Davila, S., et al. Genes Immun. 11(3):232-238(2010)  
Hoeller, S., et al. Histopathology 56(2):217-228(2010)  
Talmud, P.J., et al. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 85(5):628-642(2009)  
Tanaka, T., et al. Pathol. Int. 59(11):804-808(2009)