

## UBA1 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP14555a

### Specification

# **UBA1** Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession

Reactivity Predicted Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW Antigen Region WB, IHC-P,E <u>P22314</u> <u>05U300</u>, <u>029504</u>, <u>002053</u>, <u>A3KMV5</u>, <u>NP\_695012.1</u>, <u>NP\_003325.2</u> Human Bovine, Mouse, Rabbit, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG 117849 1-30

## **UBA1** Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 7317

**Other Names** 

Ubiquitin-like modifier-activating enzyme 1, Protein A1S9, Ubiquitin-activating enzyme E1, UBA1, A1S9T, UBE1

#### Target/Specificity

This UBA1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human UBA1.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:10~50

#### Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

UBA1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **UBA1** Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information



Name UBA1

Synonyms A1S9T, UBE1

**Function** Catalyzes the first step in ubiquitin conjugation to mark cellular proteins for degradation through the ubiquitin-proteasome system (PubMed:<u>1447181</u>, PubMed:<u>1606621</u>, PubMed:<u>33108101</u>). Activates ubiquitin by first adenylating its C-terminal glycine residue with ATP, and thereafter linking this residue to the side chain of a cysteine residue in E1, yielding a ubiquitin-E1 thioester and free AMP (PubMed:<u>1447181</u>). Essential for the formation of radiation-induced foci, timely DNA repair and for response to replication stress. Promotes the recruitment of TP53BP1 and BRCA1 at DNA damage sites (PubMed:<u>22456334</u>).

**Cellular Location** Cytoplasm. Mitochondrion. Nucleus [Isoform 2]: Cytoplasm

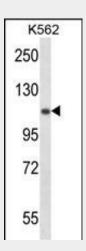
**Tissue Location** Detected in erythrocytes (at protein level). Ubiquitous.

## UBA1 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

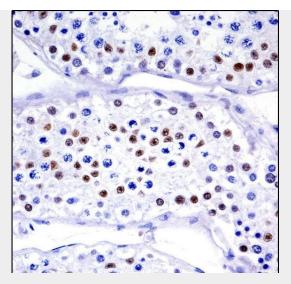
- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

## UBA1 Antibody (N-term) - Images



UBA1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP14555a) western blot analysis in K562 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the UBA1 antibody detected the UBA1 protein (arrow).





UBA1 Antibody (N-term) (AP14555a)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human testis tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining.This data demonstrates the use of UBA1 Antibody (N-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

## UBA1 Antibody (N-term) - Background

The protein encoded by this gene catalyzes the first step in ubiquitin conjugation to mark cellular proteins for degradation. This gene complements an X-linked mouse temperature-sensitive defect in DNA synthesis, and thus may function in DNA repair. It is part of a gene cluster on chromosome Xp11.23. Alternatively spliced transcript variants that encode the same protein have been described.

## **UBA1** Antibody (N-term) - References

Burkhardt, J., et al. J. Rheumatol. 36(10):2149-2157(2009) Su, Z.L., et al. Leuk. Lymphoma 49(9):1821-1822(2008) Ramser, J., et al. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 82(1):188-193(2008) Carbia-Nagashima, A., et al. Cell 131(2):309-323(2007) Jin, J., et al. Nature 447(7148):1135-1138(2007) **UBA1 Antibody (N-term) - Citations** 

• Orthogonal ubiquitin transfer identifies ubiquitination substrates under differential control by the two ubiquitin activating enzymes.