

**RIPK3 Antibody (C-term)**  
**Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP14554b**

**Specification**

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**RIPK3 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information**

Application	<b>WB, IHC-P,E</b>
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O9Y572</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">NP_006862.2</a>
Reactivity	<b>Human</b>
Host	<b>Rabbit</b>
Clonality	<b>Polyclonal</b>
Isotype	<b>Rabbit IgG</b>
Calculated MW	<b>56887</b>
Antigen Region	<b>480-509</b>

**RIPK3 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 11035

**Other Names**

Receptor-interacting serine/threonine-protein kinase 3, RIP-like protein kinase 3,  
Receptor-interacting protein 3, RIP-3, RIPK3, RIP3

**Target/Specificity**

This RIPK3 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 480-509 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human RIPK3.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:500  
IHC-P~~1:10~50

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

RIPK3 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**RIPK3 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information**

**Name** RIPK3 ([HGNC:10021](#))

**Function** Serine/threonine-protein kinase that activates necroptosis and apoptosis, two parallel forms of cell death (PubMed:[19524512](#), PubMed:[19524513](#), PubMed:[22265413](#), PubMed:[22265414](#), PubMed:[22421439](#), PubMed:[29883609](#), PubMed:[32657447](#)). Necroptosis, a programmed cell death process in response to death-inducing TNF-alpha family members, is triggered by RIPK3 following activation by ZBP1 (PubMed:[19524512](#), PubMed:[19524513](#), PubMed:[22265413](#), PubMed:[22265414](#), PubMed:[22421439](#), PubMed:[29883609](#), PubMed:[32298652](#)). Activated RIPK3 forms a necrosis- inducing complex and mediates phosphorylation of MLKL, promoting MLKL localization to the plasma membrane and execution of programmed necrosis characterized by calcium influx and plasma membrane damage (PubMed:[19524512](#), PubMed:[19524513](#), PubMed:[22265413](#), PubMed:[22265414](#), PubMed:[22421439](#), PubMed:[25316792](#), PubMed:[29883609](#)). In addition to TNF- induced necroptosis, necroptosis can also take place in the nucleus in response to orthomyxoviruses infection: following ZBP1 activation, which senses double-stranded Z-RNA structures, nuclear RIPK3 catalyzes phosphorylation and activation of MLKL, promoting disruption of the nuclear envelope and leakage of cellular DNA into the cytosol (By similarity). Also regulates apoptosis: apoptosis depends on RIPK1, FADD and CASP8, and is independent of MLKL and RIPK3 kinase activity (By similarity). Phosphorylates RIPK1: RIPK1 and RIPK3 undergo reciprocal auto- and trans-phosphorylation (PubMed:[19524513](#)). In some cell types, also able to restrict viral replication by promoting cell death- independent responses (By similarity). In response to Zika virus infection in neurons, promotes a cell death-independent pathway that restricts viral replication: together with ZBP1, promotes a death- independent transcriptional program that modifies the cellular metabolism via up-regulation expression of the enzyme ACOD1/IRG1 and production of the metabolite itaconate (By similarity). Itaconate inhibits the activity of succinate dehydrogenase, generating a metabolic state in neurons that suppresses replication of viral genomes (By similarity). RIPK3 binds to and enhances the activity of three metabolic enzymes: GLUL, GLUD1, and PYGL (PubMed:[19498109](#)). These metabolic enzymes may eventually stimulate the tricarboxylic acid cycle and oxidative phosphorylation, which could result in enhanced ROS production (PubMed:[19498109](#)).

#### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9QZL0}. Note=Mainly cytoplasmic Present in the nucleus in response to influenza A virus (IAV) infection. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9QZL0}

#### Tissue Location

Highly expressed in the pancreas. Detected at lower levels in heart, placenta, lung and kidney

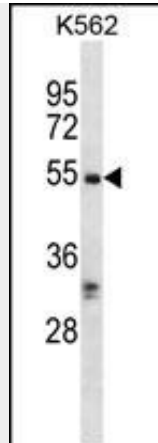
### RIPK3 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

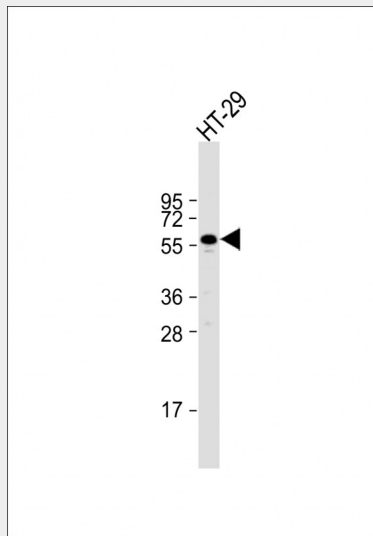
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### RIPK3 Antibody (C-term) - Images

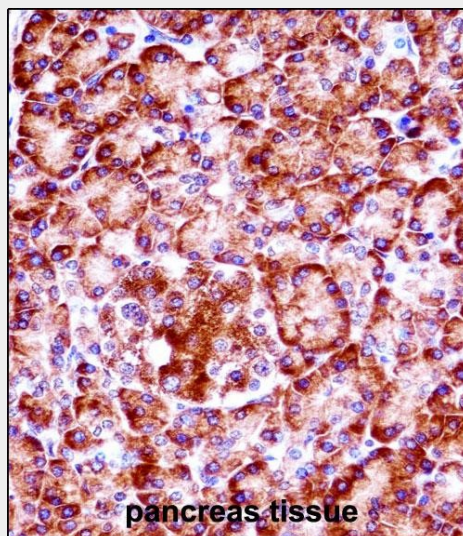




RIPK3 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP14554b) western blot analysis in K562 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the RIPK3 antibody detected the RIPK3 protein (arrow).



Anti-RIPK3 Antibody (C-term) at 1:500 dilution + HT-29 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 57 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFD/MTBST.



RIPK3 Antibody (C-term) (AP14554b) immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin

embedded human pancreas tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of RIPK3 Antibody (C-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

### **RIPK3 Antibody (C-term) - Background**

The product of this gene is a member of the receptor-interacting protein (RIP) family of serine/threonine protein kinases, and contains a C-terminal domain unique from other RIP family members. The encoded protein is predominantly localized to the cytoplasm, and can undergo nucleocytoplasmic shuttling dependent on novel nuclear localization and export signals. It is a component of the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) receptor-I signaling complex, and can induce apoptosis and weakly activate the NF-kappaB transcription factor.

### **RIPK3 Antibody (C-term) - References**

Jugessur, A., et al. PLoS ONE 5 (7), E11493 (2010) :  
Vandenabeele, P., et al. Sci Signal 3 (115), RE4 (2010) :  
Cho, Y.S., et al. Cell 137(6):1112-1123(2009)  
He, S., et al. Cell 137(6):1100-1111(2009)  
Goyenechea, E., et al. J Nutrigenet Nutrigenomics 2(2):78-84(2009)

### **RIPK3 Antibody (C-term) - Citations**

- [Myeloid Mixed Lineage Kinase 3 Contributes to Chronic Ethanol-Induced Inflammation and Hepatocyte Injury in Mice.](#)