

**CASP6 Antibody (N-term)**  
**Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP13835a****Specification**

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**CASP6 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information**

Application	<b>WB, IHC-P,E</b>
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P55212</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">NP_116787.1</a> , <a href="#">NP_001217.2</a>
Reactivity	<b>Human</b>
Host	<b>Rabbit</b>
Clonality	<b>Polyclonal</b>
Isotype	<b>Rabbit IgG</b>
Antigen Region	<b>17-45</b>

**CASP6 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information****Gene ID** 839**Other Names**

Caspase-6, CASP-6, Apoptotic protease Mch-2, Caspase-6 subunit p18, Caspase-6 subunit p11, CASP6, MCH2

**Target/Specificity**

This CASP6 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 17-45 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human CASP6.

**Dilution**WB~~1:1000  
IHC-P~~1:10~50**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

CASP6 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**CASP6 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information****Name** CASP6 ([HGNC:1507](#))**Function** Cysteine protease that plays essential roles in programmed cell death, axonal

degeneration, development and innate immunity (PubMed:[19133298](#), PubMed:[22858542](#), PubMed:[27032039](#), PubMed:[28864531](#), PubMed:[30420425](#), PubMed:[32298652](#), PubMed:[8663580](#)). Acts as a non- canonical executioner caspase during apoptosis: localizes in the nucleus and cleaves the nuclear structural protein NUMA1 and lamin A/LMNA thereby inducing nuclear shrinkage and fragmentation (PubMed:[11953316](#), PubMed:[17401638](#), PubMed:[8663580](#), PubMed:[9463409](#)). Lamin-A/LMNA cleavage is required for chromatin condensation and nuclear disassembly during apoptotic execution (PubMed:[11953316](#)). Acts as a regulator of liver damage by promoting hepatocyte apoptosis: in absence of phosphorylation by AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK), catalyzes cleavage of BID, leading to cytochrome c release, thereby participating in nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (PubMed:[32029622](#)). Cleaves PARK7/DJ-1 in cells undergoing apoptosis (By similarity). Involved in intrinsic apoptosis by mediating cleavage of RIPK1 (PubMed:[22858542](#)). Furthermore, cleaves many transcription factors such as NF-kappa-B and cAMP response element-binding protein/CREBBP (PubMed:[10559921](#), PubMed:[14657026](#)). Cleaves phospholipid scramblase proteins XKR4 and XKR9 (By similarity). In addition to apoptosis, involved in different forms of programmed cell death (PubMed:[32298652](#)). Plays an essential role in defense against viruses by acting as a central mediator of the ZBP1-mediated pyroptosis, apoptosis, and necroptosis (PANoptosis), independently of its cysteine protease activity (PubMed:[32298652](#)). PANoptosis is a unique inflammatory programmed cell death, which provides a molecular scaffold that allows the interactions and activation of machinery required for inflammasome/pyroptosis, apoptosis and necroptosis (PubMed:[32298652](#)). Mechanistically, interacts with RIPK3 and enhances the interaction between RIPK3 and ZBP1, leading to ZBP1-mediated inflammasome activation and cell death (PubMed:[32298652](#)). Plays an essential role in axon degeneration during axon pruning which is the remodeling of axons during neurogenesis but not apoptosis (By similarity). Regulates B-cell programs both during early development and after antigen stimulation (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

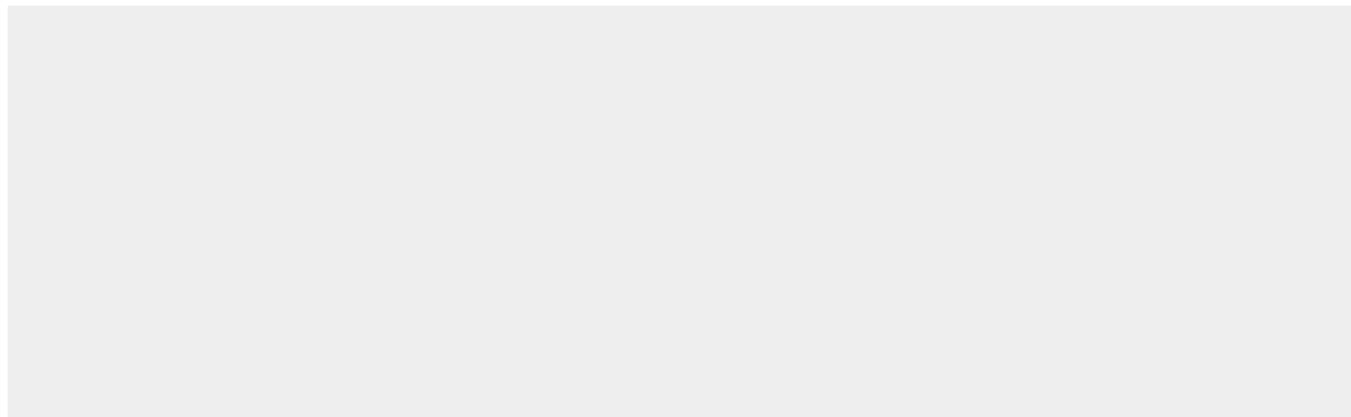
Cytoplasm. Nucleus

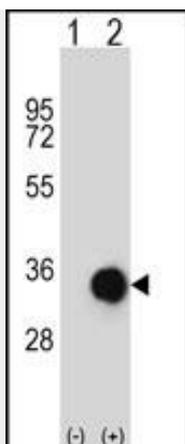
#### **CASP6 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

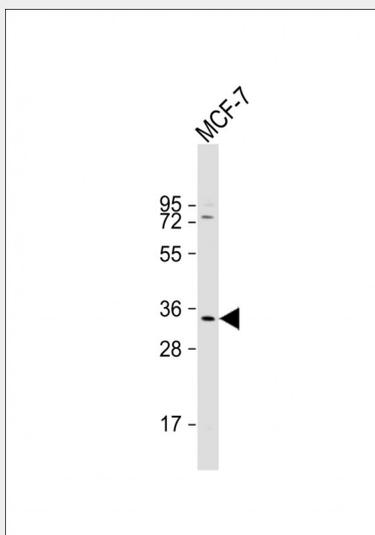
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### **CASP6 Antibody (N-term) - Images**

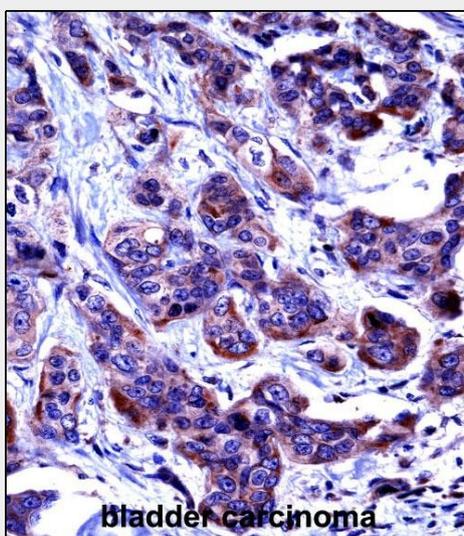




Western blot analysis of CASP6 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal CASP6 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP13835a). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected (Lane 2) with the CASP6 gene.



Anti-CASP6 Antibody (N-term) at 1:1000 dilution + MCF-7 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20  $\mu$ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 33 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDm/TBST.



CASP6 Antibody (N-term) (AP13835a) immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human bladder carcinoma followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of CASP6 Antibody (N-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

#### **CASP6 Antibody (N-term) - Background**

This gene encodes a protein which is a member of the cysteine-aspartic acid protease (caspase) family. Sequential activation of caspases plays a central role in the execution-phase of cell apoptosis. Caspases exist as inactive proenzymes which undergo proteolytic processing at conserved aspartic residues to produce two subunits, large and small, that dimerize to form the active enzyme. This protein is processed by caspases 7, 8 and 10, and is thought to function as a downstream enzyme in the caspase activation cascade. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two transcript variants that encode different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq].

#### **CASP6 Antibody (N-term) - References**

Wurstle, M.L., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(43):33209-33218(2010)  
Lee, S.Y., et al. J Thorac Oncol 5(8):1152-1158(2010)  
Halawani, D., et al. J. Neurosci. 30(17):6132-6142(2010)  
Kim, M.S., et al. APMIS 118(4):308-312(2010)  
Yoo, N.J., et al. Tumori 96(1):138-142(2010)