

IL13 Antibody (C-term)
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP13737b**Specification**

IL13 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application	IF, WB, IHC-P,E
Primary Accession	P35225
Other Accession	NP_002179.2
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region	118-146

IL13 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 3596**Other Names**

Interleukin-13, IL-13, IL13, NC30

Target/Specificity

This IL13 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 118-146 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human IL13.

DilutionIF~~1:10~50
WB~~1:1000
IHC-P~~1:10~50**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

IL13 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

IL13 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information**Name** IL13**Synonyms** NC30

Function Cytokine that plays important roles in allergic inflammation and immune response to parasite infection (PubMed:[8096327](#), PubMed:[8097324](#)). Synergizes with IL2 in regulating interferon-gamma synthesis (PubMed:[8096327](#)). Stimulates B-cell proliferation, and activation of eosinophils, basophils, and mast cells (PubMed:[7903680](#), PubMed:[8759755](#)). Plays an important role in controlling IL33 activity by modulating the production of transmembrane and soluble forms of interleukin-1 receptor-like 1/IL1RL1 (By similarity). Displays the capacity to antagonize Th1-driven proinflammatory immune response and downregulates synthesis of many proinflammatory cytokines including IL1, IL6, IL10, IL12 and TNF-alpha through a mechanism that partially involves suppression of NF-kappa-B (By similarity). Functions also on nonhematopoietic cells, including endothelial cells where it induces vascular cell adhesion protein 1/VCAM1, which is important in the recruitment of eosinophils (PubMed:[8639787](#)). Exerts its biological effects through its receptors which comprises the IL4R chain and the IL13RA1 chain, to activate JAK1 and TYK2, leading to the activation of STAT6 (PubMed:[9013879](#)). Aside from IL13RA1, another receptor IL13RA2 acts as a high affinity decoy for IL13 and mediates internalization and depletion of extracellular IL13 (PubMed:[21622864](#)).

Cellular Location

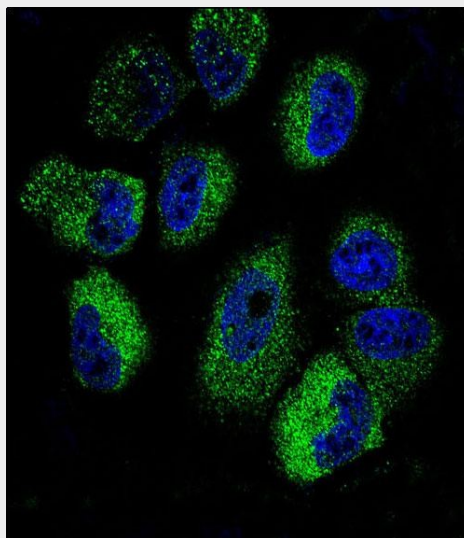
Secreted.

IL13 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

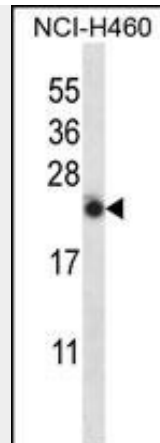
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

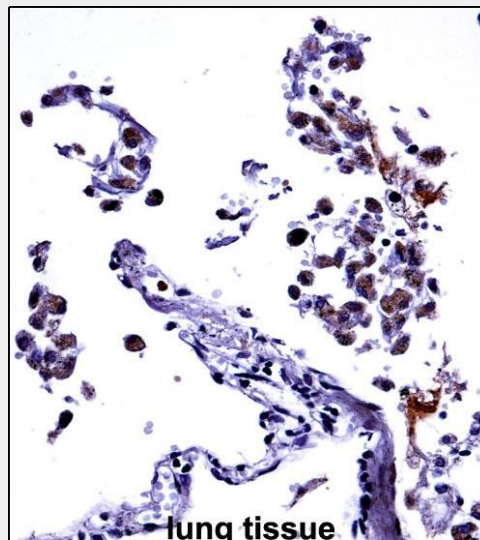
IL13 Antibody (C-term) - Images



Confocal immunofluorescent analysis of IL13 Antibody (C-term) (Cat#AP13737b) with NCI-H460 cell line followed by Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (green). DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclear (blue).



IL13 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP13737b) western blot analysis in NCI-H460 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the IL13 antibody detected the IL13 protein (arrow).



IL13 Antibody (C-term) (AP13737b) immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human lung tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of IL13 Antibody (C-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

IL13 Antibody (C-term) - Background

This gene encodes an immunoregulatory cytokine produced primarily by activated Th2 cells. This cytokine is involved in several stages of B-cell maturation and differentiation. It up-regulates CD23 and MHC class II expression, and promotes IgE isotype switching of B cells. This cytokine down-regulates macrophage activity, thereby inhibits the production of pro-inflammatory cytokines and chemokines. This cytokine is found to be critical to the pathogenesis of allergen-induced asthma but operates through mechanisms independent of IgE and eosinophils. This gene, IL3, IL5, IL4, and CSF2 form a cytokine gene cluster on chromosome 5q, with this gene particularly close to IL4. [provided by RefSeq].

IL13 Antibody (C-term) - References

Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010)
Shi, X., et al. Anat Rec (Hoboken) 293(9):1470-1476(2010)
Beckers, M.M., et al. Eur. J. Intern. Med. 21(4):289-292(2010)
Ho-Pun-Cheung, A., et al. Pharmacogenomics J. (2010) In press :
Zhao, M., et al. J. Biomed. Biotechnol. 2010, 931018 (2010) :