

**VSNL1 Antibody (Center)**  
**Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP12201c**

**Specification**

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**VSNL1 Antibody (Center) - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P, FC,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P62760</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">P62762</a> , <a href="#">P62761</a> , <a href="#">Q4R5F7</a> , <a href="#">P62764</a> , <a href="#">P62763</a> , <a href="#">P35332</a> , <a href="#">Q8BGZ1</a> , <a href="#">Q9UM19</a> , <a href="#">P29104</a> , <a href="#">NP_003376</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Bovine, Rat, Chicken, Monkey
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	22142
Antigen Region	47-75

**VSNL1 Antibody (Center) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 7447

**Other Names**

Visinin-like protein 1, VILIP, VLP-1, Hippocalcin-like protein 3, HLP3, VSNL1, VISL1

**Target/Specificity**

This VSNL1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 47-75 amino acids from the Central region of human VSNL1.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000  
IHC-P~~1:10~50  
FC~~1:10~50

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

VSNL1 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**VSNL1 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information**

**Name** VSNL1

**Synonyms** VISL1

**Function** Regulates (in vitro) the inhibition of rhodopsin phosphorylation in a calcium-dependent manner.

**Tissue Location**

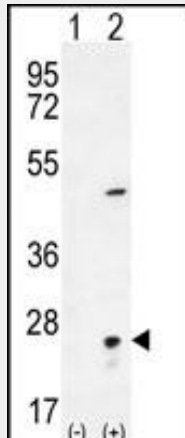
Brain and retina. Neuron-specific in the central and peripheral nervous system. Increased in the cerebrospinal fluid of Alzheimer disease patients (at protein level)

**VSNL1 Antibody (Center) - Protocols**

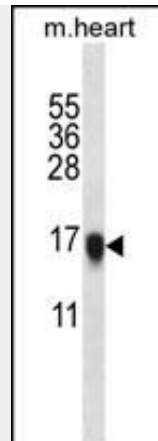
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

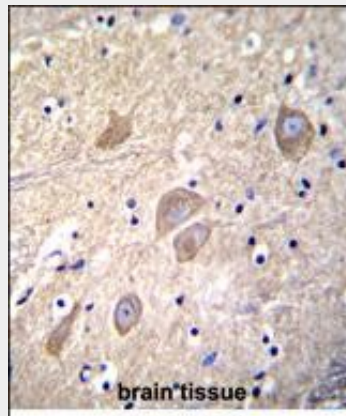
**VSNL1 Antibody (Center) - Images**



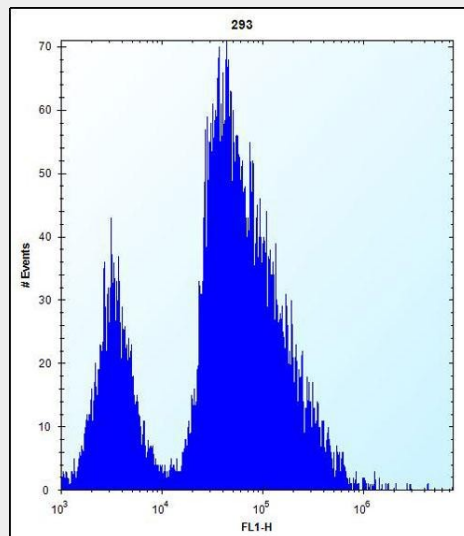
Western blot analysis of VSNL1 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal VSNL1 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP12201c). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected (Lane 2) with the VSNL1 gene.



VSNL1 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP12201c) western blot analysis in mouse heart tissue lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the VSNL1 antibody detected the VSNL1 protein (arrow).



VSNL1 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP12201c) immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human brain tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of VSNL1 Antibody (Center) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



VSNL1 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP12201c) flow cytometric analysis of 293 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

### **VSNL1 Antibody (Center) - Background**

This gene is a member of the visinin/recoverin subfamily of neuronal calcium sensor proteins. The encoded protein is strongly expressed in granule cells of the cerebellum where it associates with membranes in a calcium-dependent manner and modulates intracellular signaling pathways of the central nervous system by directly or indirectly regulating the activity of adenylyl cyclase. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been observed, but their full-length nature has not been determined.

### **VSNL1 Antibody (Center) - References**

Xu, Y., et al. Schizophr. Res. 119 (1-3), 219-227 (2010) :  
Buttgereit, J., et al. Regul. Pept. 161 (1-3), 51-57 (2010) :  
Fu, J., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 284(40):27577-27586(2009)  
Chen, K.C., et al. J. Pept. Sci. 15(2):89-94(2009)  
Zhao, C.J., et al. Mol. Cell. Neurosci. 40(2):280-292(2009)