

WRN Antibody (Center T802)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP12078C

Specification

WRN Antibody (Center T802) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, FC,E **Primary Accession** 014191 Other Accession NP 000544.2 Reactivity Human Host **Rabbit** Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 162461 Antigen Region 787-816

WRN Antibody (Center T802) - Additional Information

Gene ID 7486

Other Names

Werner syndrome ATP-dependent helicase, DNA helicase, RecQ-like type 3, RecQ3, Exonuclease WRN, 31--, RecQ protein-like 2, WRN, RECQ3, RECQL2

Target/Specificity

This WRN antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 787-816 amino acids from the Central region of human WRN.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100 FC~~1:10~50

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

WRN Antibody (Center T802) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

WRN Antibody (Center T802) - Protein Information

Name WRN



Synonyms RECQ3, RECQL2

Function Multifunctional enzyme that has magnesium and ATP-dependent 3'-5' DNA-helicase activity on partially duplex substrates (PubMed: 9224595, PubMed: 9288107, PubMed: 9611231). Also has 3'->5' exonuclease activity towards double-stranded (ds)DNA with a 5'-overhang (PubMed:11863428). Has no nuclease activity towards single-stranded (ss)DNA or blunt-ended dsDNA (PubMed:11863428). Helicase activity is most efficient with (d)ATP, but (d)CTP will substitute with reduced efficiency; strand displacement is enhanced by single-strand bindingprotein (heterotrimeric replication protein A complex, RPA1, RPA2, RPA3) (PubMed: 9611231). Binds preferentially to DNA substrates containing alternate secondary structures, such as replication forks and Holliday junctions. May play an important role in the dissociation of joint DNA molecules that can arise as products of homologous recombination, at stalled replication forks or during DNA repair. Alleviates stalling of DNA polymerases at the site of DNA lesions. Plays a role in the formation of DNA replication focal centers; stably associates with foci elements generating binding sites for RP-A (By similarity). Plays a role in double-strand break repair after gammairradiation (PubMed: 9224595, PubMed: 9288107, PubMed: 9611231). Unwinds some G-quadruplex DNA (d(CGG)n tracts); unwinding seems to occur in both 5'-3' and 3'-5' direction and requires a short single-stranded tail (PubMed: 10212265). d(CGG)n tracts have a propensity to assemble into tetraplex structures; other G-rich substrates from a telomeric or IgG switch sequence are not unwound (PubMed: 10212265). Depletion leads to chromosomal breaks and genome instability (PubMed: 33199508).

Cellular Location

Nucleus, nucleolus. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Chromosome. Note=Gamma-irradiation leads to its translocation from nucleoli to nucleoplasm and PML regulates the irradiation-induced WRN relocation (PubMed:21639834). Localizes to DNA damage sites (PubMed:27063109).

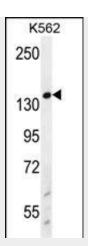
WRN Antibody (Center T802) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

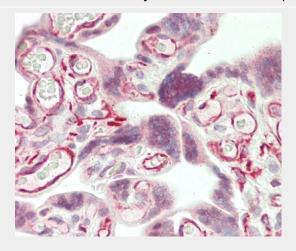
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

WRN Antibody (Center T802) - Images

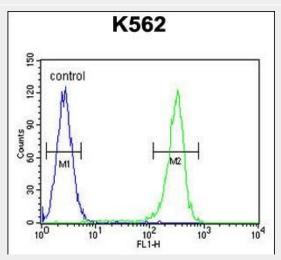




WRN Antibody (Center T802) (Cat. #AP12078c) western blot analysis in K562 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the WRN antibody detected the WRN protein (arrow).



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded H.placenta tissue reacted with WRN Antibody (Center T802) (Cat#AP12078c).



WRN Antibody (Center T802) (Cat. #AP12078c) flow cytometric analysis of K562 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

WRN Antibody (Center T802) - Background

This gene encodes a member of the RecQ subfamily and the





DEAH (Asp-Glu-Ala-His) subfamily of DNA and RNA helicases. DNA helicases are involved in many aspects of DNA metabolism, including transcription, replication, recombination, and repair. This protein contains a nuclear localization signal in the C-terminus and shows a predominant nucleolar localization. It possesses an intrinsic 3' to 5' DNA helicase activity, and is also a 3' to 5' exonuclease. Based on interactions between this protein and Ku70/80 heterodimer in DNA end processing, this protein may be involved in the repair of double strand DNA breaks. Defects in this gene are the cause of Werner syndrome, an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by premature aging.

WRN Antibody (Center T802) - References

Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010) Perry, J.J., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(33):25699-25707(2010) Briggs, F.B., et al. Am. J. Epidemiol. 172(2):217-224(2010) Kobayashi, J., et al. Mech. Ageing Dev. 131(6):436-444(2010) Ehrenberg, M., et al. Mol. Vis. 16, 1771-1775 (2010): WRN Antibody (Center T802) - Citations

• miR-200c-3p spreads invasive capacity in human oral squamous cell carcinoma microenvironment.