

AKR1C3 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP11656c

Specification

AKR1C3 Antibody (Center) - Product Information

WB, IHC-P,E Application **Primary Accession** P42330 Other Accession NP 003730.4 Reactivity Human Host **Rabbit** Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 36853 Antigen Region 107-135

AKR1C3 Antibody (Center) - Additional Information

Gene ID 8644

Other Names

Aldo-keto reductase family 1 member C3, 1---, 17-beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase type 5, 17-beta-HSD 5, 3-alpha-HSD type II, brain, 3-alpha-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase type 2, 3-alpha-HSD type 2, Chlordecone reductase homolog HAKRb, Dihydrodiol dehydrogenase 3, DD-3, DD3, Dihydrodiol dehydrogenase type I, HA1753, Indanol dehydrogenase, Prostaglandin F synthase, PGFS, Testosterone 17-beta-dehydrogenase 5, Trans-1, 2-dihydrobenzene-1, 2-diol dehydrogenase, AKR1C3, DDH1, HSD17B5, KIAA0119, PGFS

Target/Specificity

This AKR1C3 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 107-135 amino acids from the Central region of human AKR1C3.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:10~50

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

AKR1C3 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

AKR1C3 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information



Name AKR1C3

Function Cytosolic aldo-keto reductase that catalyzes the NADH and NADPH-dependent reduction of ketosteroids to hydroxysteroids. Acts as a NAD(P)(H)-dependent 3-, 17- and 20-ketosteroid reductase on the steroid nucleus and side chain and regulates the metabolism of androgens, estrogens and progesterone (PubMed:10622721, PubMed:11165022, PubMed:7650035, PubMed: 9415401, PubMed: 9927279). Displays the ability to catalyze both oxidation and reduction in vitro, but most probably acts as a reductase in vivo since the oxidase activity measured in vitro is inhibited by physiological concentration of NADPH (PubMed: 11165022, PubMed: 14672942). Acts preferentially as a 17- ketosteroid reductase and has the highest catalytic efficiency of the AKR1C enzyme for the reduction of delta4-androstenedione to form testosterone (PubMed: 20036328). Reduces prostaglandin (PG) D2 to 11beta-prostaglandin F2, progesterone to 20alpha-hydroxyprogesterone and estrone to 17beta-estradiol (PubMed: 10622721, PubMed: 10998348, PubMed: 11165022, PubMed: 15047184, PubMed: 19010934, PubMed: 20036328). Catalyzes the transformation of the potent androgen dihydrotestosterone (DHT) into the less active form, 5-alpha-androstan-3-alpha,17-beta-diol (3-alpha-diol) (PubMed: 10557352, PubMed: 10998348, PubMed: 11165022, PubMed: 14672942, PubMed: 7650035, PubMed: 9415401). Also displays retinaldehyde reductase activity toward 9-cis-retinal (PubMed: 21851338).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm.

Tissue Location

Expressed in many tissues including adrenal gland, brain, kidney, liver, lung, mammary gland, placenta, small intestine, colon, spleen, prostate and testis. High expression in prostate and mammary gland. In the prostate, higher levels in epithelial cells than in stromal cells. In the brain, expressed in medulla, spinal cord, frontotemporal lobes, thalamus, subthalamic nuclei and amygdala. Weaker expression in the hippocampus, substantia nigra and caudate

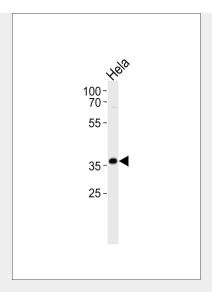
AKR1C3 Antibody (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

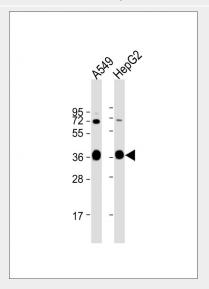
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

AKR1C3 Antibody (Center) - Images

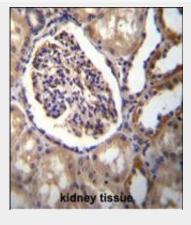




AKR1C3 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP11656c) western blot analysis in Hela cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the AKR1C3 antibody detected the AKR1C3 protein (arrow).



All lanes: Anti-AKR1C3 Antibody (Center) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: A549 whole cell lysate Lane 2: HepG2 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit lgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 37 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



AKR1C3 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP11656c)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and



paraffin embedded human kidney tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of AKR1C3 Antibody (Center) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

AKR1C3 Antibody (Center) - Background

This gene encodes a member of the aldo/keto reductase superfamily, which consists of more than 40 known enzymes and proteins. These enzymes catalyze the conversion of aldehydes and ketones to their corresponding alcohols by utilizing NADH and/or NADPH as cofactors. The enzymes display overlapping but distinct substrate specificity. This enzyme catalyzes the reduction of prostaglandin (PG) D2, PGH2 and phenanthrenequinone (PQ), and the oxidation of 9alpha,11beta-PGF2 to PGD2. It may play an important role in the pathogenesis of allergic diseases such as asthma, and may also have a role in controlling cell growth and/or differentiation. This gene shares high sequence identity with three other gene members and is clustered with those three genes at chromosome 10p15-p14.

AKR1C3 Antibody (Center) - References

Canzian, F., et al. Hum. Mol. Genet. 19(19):3873-3884(2010) Liu, C.Y., et al. Carcinogenesis 31(7):1259-1263(2010) Rose, J.E., et al. Mol. Med. 16 (7-8), 247-253 (2010): Wang, X., et al. PLoS ONE 5 (8), E11934 (2010): Zakharov, V., et al. Int J Clin Exp Pathol 3(6):608-617(2010)