

**JAK2 Antibody (C-term)**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP1125b**

**Specification**

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**JAK2 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information**

Application	IF, WB, FC,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O60674</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region	1101-1132

**JAK2 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 3717

**Other Names**

Tyrosine-protein kinase JAK2, Janus kinase 2, JAK-2, JAK2

**Target/Specificity**

This JAK2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1101-1132 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human JAK2.

**Dilution**

IF~~1:10~50

WB~~1:1000

FC~~1:10~50

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

JAK2 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**JAK2 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information**

**Name** JAK2 ([HGNC:6192](#))

**Function** Non-receptor tyrosine kinase involved in various processes such as cell growth, development, differentiation or histone modifications. Mediates essential signaling events in both

innate and adaptive immunity. In the cytoplasm, plays a pivotal role in signal transduction via its association with type I receptors such as growth hormone (GHR), prolactin (PRLR), leptin (LEPR), erythropoietin (EPOR), thrombopoietin receptor (MPL/TPOR); or type II receptors including IFN-alpha, IFN-beta, IFN-gamma and multiple interleukins (PubMed:[15690087](#), PubMed:[7615558](#), PubMed:[9657743](#), PubMed:[15899890](#)). Following ligand-binding to cell surface receptors, phosphorylates specific tyrosine residues on the cytoplasmic tails of the receptor, creating docking sites for STATs proteins (PubMed:[15690087](#), PubMed:[9618263](#)). Subsequently, phosphorylates the STATs proteins once they are recruited to the receptor. Phosphorylated STATs then form homodimer or heterodimers and translocate to the nucleus to activate gene transcription. For example, cell stimulation with erythropoietin (EPO) during erythropoiesis leads to JAK2 autophosphorylation, activation, and its association with erythropoietin receptor (EPOR) that becomes phosphorylated in its cytoplasmic domain (PubMed:[9657743](#)). Then, STAT5 (STAT5A or STAT5B) is recruited, phosphorylated and activated by JAK2. Once activated, dimerized STAT5 translocates into the nucleus and promotes the transcription of several essential genes involved in the modulation of erythropoiesis. Part of a signaling cascade that is activated by increased cellular retinol and that leads to the activation of STAT5 (STAT5A or STAT5B) (PubMed:[21368206](#)). In addition, JAK2 mediates angiotensin-2-induced ARHGEF1 phosphorylation (PubMed:[20098430](#)). Plays a role in cell cycle by phosphorylating CDKN1B (PubMed:[21423214](#)). Cooperates with TEC through reciprocal phosphorylation to mediate cytokine-driven activation of FOS transcription. In the nucleus, plays a key role in chromatin by specifically mediating phosphorylation of 'Tyr-41' of histone H3 (H3Y41ph), a specific tag that promotes exclusion of CBX5 (HP1 alpha) from chromatin (PubMed:[19783980](#)). Up-regulates the potassium voltage-gated channel activity of KCNA3 (PubMed:[25644777](#)).

#### Cellular Location

Endomembrane system; Peripheral membrane protein. Cytoplasm. Nucleus

#### Tissue Location

Ubiquitously expressed throughout most tissues.

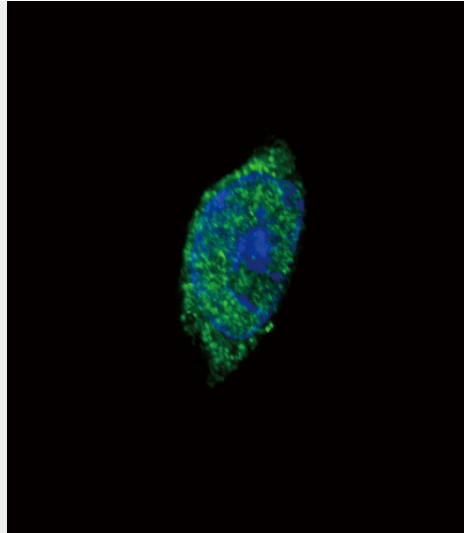
#### JAK2 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

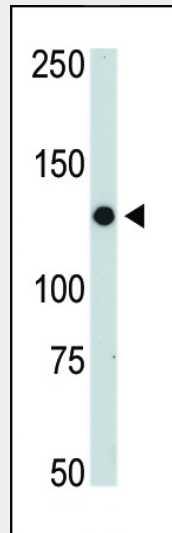
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### JAK2 Antibody (C-term) - Images

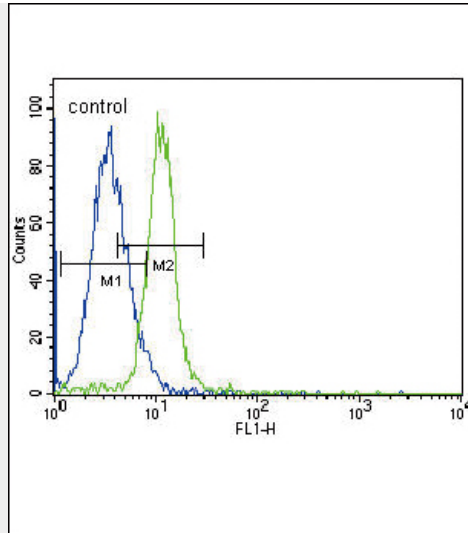




Confocal immunofluorescent analysis of JAK2 Antibody (C-term) (Cat#AP1125b) with HeLa cell followed by Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (green). DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclear (blue).



The anti-JAK2 Pab (Cat. #AP1125b) is used in Western blot to detect JAK2 in mouse thymus tissue lysate.



JAK2 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP1125b) flow cytometric analysis of K562 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control (PBS alone) (left histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

#### JAK2 Antibody (C-term) - Background

This gene product is a protein tyrosine kinase involved in a specific subset of cytokine receptor signaling pathways. It has been found to be constitutively associated with the prolactin receptor and is required for responses to gamma interferon. Mice that do not express an active protein for this gene exhibit embryonic lethality associated with the absence of definitive erythropoiesis.

#### JAK2 Antibody (C-term) - References

- Joos, S., et al., *Int. J. Cancer* 103(4):489-495 (2003).  
 Leung, K.C., et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 100(3):1016-1021 (2003).  
 Saharinen, P., et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 277(49):47954-47963 (2002).  
 Giordanetto, F., et al., *Protein Eng.* 15(9):727-737 (2002).  
 Deo, D.D., et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 277(24):21237-21245 (2002).

#### JAK2 Antibody (C-term) - Citations

- [Roflumilast reverses polymicrobial sepsis-induced liver damage by inhibiting inflammation in mice.](#)
- [Evodiamine Induces Apoptosis and Inhibits Migration of HCT-116 Human Colorectal Cancer Cells.](#)
- [Prolactin enhances interferon-gamma-induced production of CXC ligand 9 \(CXCL9\), CXCL10, and CXCL11 in human keratinocytes.](#)