

APG8a/b(MAP1LC3A/B) Antibody
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP10648a

Specification

APG8a/b(MAP1LC3A/B) Antibody - Product Information

Application	IF, WB, IHC-P,E
Primary Accession	O9GZQ8
Other Accession	O41515 , NP_073729.1
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region	100-125

APG8a/b(MAP1LC3A/B) Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 81631

Other Names

Microtubule-associated proteins 1A/1B light chain 3B, Autophagy-related protein LC3 B, Autophagy-related ubiquitin-like modifier LC3 B, MAP1 light chain 3-like protein 2, MAP1A/MAP1B light chain 3 B, MAP1A/MAP1B LC3 B, Microtubule-associated protein 1 light chain 3 beta, MAP1LC3B, MAP1ALC3

Target/Specificity

This Cleaved-APG8a/b antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 100-125 amino acids from human Cleaved-APG8a/b.

Dilution

IF~~1:100
WB~~1:1000
IHC-P~~1:50~100

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

APG8a/b(MAP1LC3A/B) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

APG8a/b(MAP1LC3A/B) Antibody - Protein Information

Name MAP1LC3B ([HGNC:13352](#))

Synonyms MAP1ALC3

Function Ubiquitin-like modifier involved in formation of autophagosomal vacuoles (autophagosomes) (PubMed:[20418806](#), PubMed:[23209295](#), PubMed:[28017329](#)). Plays a role in mitophagy which contributes to regulate mitochondrial quantity and quality by eliminating the mitochondria to a basal level to fulfill cellular energy requirements and preventing excess ROS production (PubMed:[23209295](#), PubMed:[28017329](#)). In response to cellular stress and upon mitochondria fission, binds C-18 ceramides and anchors autophagolysosomes to outer mitochondrial membranes to eliminate damaged mitochondria (PubMed:[22922758](#)). While LC3s are involved in elongation of the phagophore membrane, the GABARAP/GATE-16 subfamily is essential for a later stage in autophagosome maturation (PubMed:[20418806](#), PubMed:[23209295](#), PubMed:[28017329](#)). Promotes primary ciliogenesis by removing OFD1 from centriolar satellites via the autophagic pathway (PubMed:[24089205](#)). Through its interaction with the reticulophagy receptor TEX264, participates in the remodeling of subdomains of the endoplasmic reticulum into autophagosomes upon nutrient stress, which then fuse with lysosomes for endoplasmic reticulum turnover (PubMed:[31006537](#), PubMed:[31006538](#)). Upon nutrient stress, directly recruits cofactor JMY to the phagophore membrane surfaces and promotes JMY's actin nucleation activity and autophagosome biogenesis during autophagy (PubMed:[30420355](#)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasmic vesicle, autophagosome membrane; Lipid-anchor Endomembrane system; Lipid-anchor Mitochondrion membrane; Lipid-anchor. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9CQV6}. Cytoplasmic vesicle. Note=LC3-II binds to the autophagic membranes. LC3-II localizes with the mitochondrial inner membrane during Parkin-mediated mitophagy (PubMed:28017329). Localizes also to discrete punctae along the ciliary axoneme

Tissue Location

Most abundant in heart, brain, skeletal muscle and testis. Little expression observed in liver

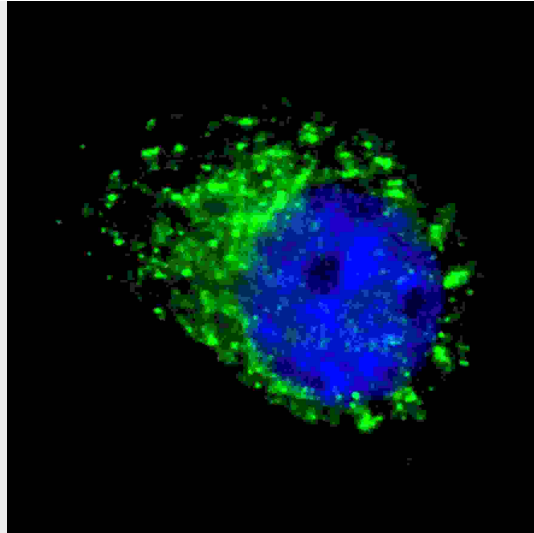
APG8a/b(MAP1LC3A/B) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

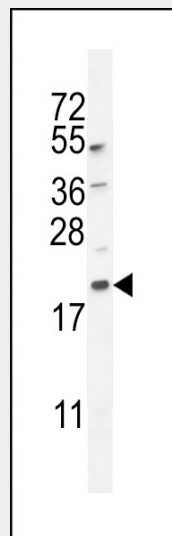
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

APG8a/b(MAP1LC3A/B) Antibody - Images





Fluorescent image of U251 cells stained with APG8a/b (MAP1LC3A/B) antibody. U251 cells were treated with Chloroquine (50 μ M, 16h), then fixed with 4% PFA (20 min), permeabilized with Triton X-100 (0.2%, 30 min). Cells were then incubated with AP10648a APG8a/b (MAP1LC3A/B) primary antibody (1:100, 2 h at room temperature). For secondary antibody, Alexa Fluor® 488 conjugated donkey anti-rabbit antibody (green) was used (1:1000, 1h). Nuclei were counterstained with Hoechst 33342 (blue) (10 μ g/ml, 5 min). APG8a/b (MAP1LC3A/B) immunoreactivity is localized to autophagic vacuoles in the cytoplasm of U251 cells.



APG8a/b (MAP1LC3A/B) (Cat. #AP10648a) western blot analysis in mouse lung tissue lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the MAP1LC3A antibody detected the MAP1LC3A protein (arrow).



Cleaved-APG8a/b antibody (MAP1LC3A/B) (Cat. #AP10648a) immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human skeletal muscle followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of the Cleaved-APG8a/b antibody (MAP1LC3A/B) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

APG8a/b(MAP1LC3A/B) Antibody - Background

The product of this gene is a subunit of neuronal microtubule-associated MAP1A and MAP1B proteins, which are involved in microtubule assembly and important for neurogenesis. Studies on the rat homolog implicate a role for this gene in autophagy, a process that involves the bulk degradation of cytoplasmic component.

APG8a/b(MAP1LC3A/B) Antibody - References

References for protein

1. Rouschop, K.M., et al. *J. Clin. Invest.* 120(1):127-141(2010)
2. Kirkin, V., et al. *Mol. Cell* 33(4):505-516(2009)
3. Othman, E.Q., et al. *J. Clin. Lab. Anal.* 23(4):249-258(2009)
4. Liu, Q., et al. *Ai Zheng* 27(1):25-29(2008)
5. Komatsu, M., et al. *Cell* 131(6):1149-1163(2007)

References for U251 cell line:

1. Westermarck B.; Pontén J.; Hugosson R. (1973). "Determinants for the establishment of permanent tissue culture lines from human gliomas". *Acta Pathol Microbiol Scand A.* 81:791-805. [PMID: 4359449].
2. Pontén, J., Westermarck B. (1978). "Properties of Human Malignant Glioma Cells in Vitro". *Medical Biology* 56: 184-193. [PMID: 359950].
3. Geng Y.; Kohli L.; Klocke B.J.; Roth K.A. (2010). "Chloroquine-induced autophagic vacuole accumulation and cell death in glioma cells is p53 independent". *Neuro Oncol.* 12(5): 473-481. [PMID: 20406898].