

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to HLA-B

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO2443a

Specification

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to HLA-B - Product Information

Application E, WB, ICC, FC

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Human
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Calculated MW

P01889
Human
Mouse
Mouse
Mouse
Mouse IgG1
40.5kDa KDa

Description

HLA-B belongs to the HLA class I heavy chain paralogues. This class I molecule is a heterodimer consisting of a heavy chain and a light chain (beta-2 microglobulin). The heavy chain is anchored in the membrane. Class I molecules play a central role in the immune system by presenting peptides derived from the endoplasmic reticulum lumen. They are expressed in nearly all cells. The heavy chain is approximately 45 kDa and its gene contains 8 exons. Exon 1 encodes the leader peptide, exon 2 and 3 encode the alpha1 and alpha2 domains, which both bind the peptide, exon 4 encodes the alpha3 domain, exon 5 encodes the transmembrane region and exons 6 and 7 encode the cytoplasmic tail. Polymorphisms within exon 2 and exon 3 are responsible for the peptide binding specificity of each class one molecule. Typing for these polymorphisms is routinely done for bone marrow and kidney transplantation. Hundreds of HLA-B alleles have been described.;

Immunogen

Purified recombinant fragment of human HLA-B (AA: 241-362) expressed in E. Coli.

Formulation

Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

Application Note

ELISA: 1/10000; WB: 1/500 - 1/2000; IHC: 1/200 - 1/1000; ICC: 1/200 - 1/1000; FCM: 1/200 - 1/400

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to HLA-B - Additional Information

Gene ID 3106

Other Names

AS; HLAB; Bw-47; Bw-50; SPDA1; B-4901; B-5001; HLA-Cw;

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to HLA-B is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.



Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to HLA-B - Protein Information

Name HLA-B (HGNC:4932)

Synonyms HLAB

Function

B2M/beta 2 microglobulin displays primarily viral and tumor-derived peptides on antigen-presenting cells for recognition by alpha-beta T cell receptor (TCR) on HLA-B-restricted CD8-positive T cells, guiding antigen-specific T cell immune response to eliminate infected or transformed cells (PubMed: 23209413, PubMed:25808313, PubMed:29531227, PubMed:9620674). May also present self-peptides derived from the signal sequence of secreted or membrane proteins, although T cells specific for these peptides are usually inactivated to prevent autoreactivity (PubMed: 18991276, PubMed:7743181). Both the peptide and the MHC molecule are recognized by TCR, the peptide is responsible for the fine specificity of antigen recognition and MHC residues account for the MHC restriction of T cells (PubMed:24600035, PubMed: 29531227, PubMed:9620674). Typically presents intracellular peptide antigens of 8 to 13 amino acids that arise from cytosolic proteolysis via constitutive proteasome and IFNG-induced immunoproteasome (PubMed: 23209413). Can bind different peptides containing allele-specific binding motifs, which are mainly defined by anchor residues at position 2 and 9 (PubMed: 25808313, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29531227"

Antigen-presenting major histocompatibility complex class I (MHCI) molecule. In complex with

Cellular Location

target=" blank">29531227).

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

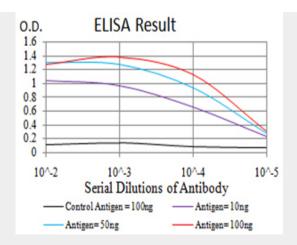
Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to HLA-B - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

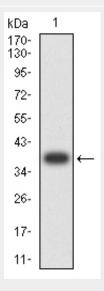
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to HLA-B - Images

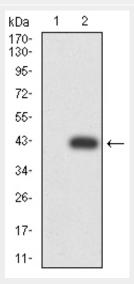




Black line: Control Antigen (100 ng); Purple line: Antigen (10ng); Blue line: Antigen (50 ng); Red line: Antigen (100 ng)

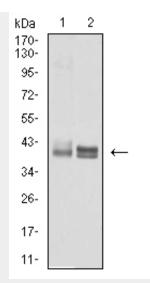


Western blot analysis using HLA-B mAb against human HLA-B (AA: 241-362) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 38.4 kDa)

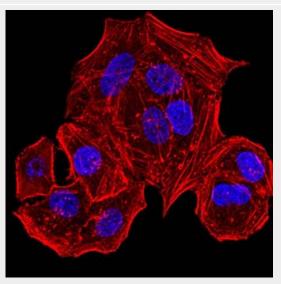


Western blot analysis using HLA-B mAb against HEK293 (1) and HLA-B (AA: 241-362)-hlgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

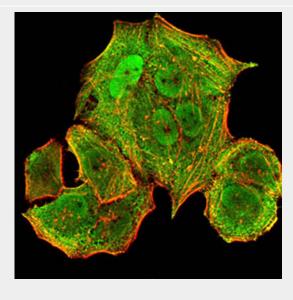




Western blot analysis using HLA-B mouse mAb against Ramos (1) and A431 (2) cell lysate.

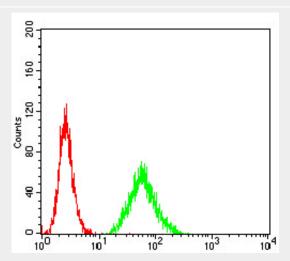


Immunofluorescence analysis of Hela cells using HLA-B mouse mAb. Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor- 555 phalloidin.





Immunofluorescence analysis of Hela cells using HLA-B mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor- 555 phalloidin. Secondary antibody from Fisher



Flow cytometric analysis of MCF-7 cells using HLA-B mouse mAb (green) and negative control (red).

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to HLA-B - References

1.Pharmacogenomics J. 2015 Oct;15(5):467-72.; 2.J Immunol. 2014 Jun 1;192(11):4967-76.;