

SK2 Antibody
Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog # AO2145a

Specification

SK2 Antibody - Product Information

Application	E, IF, FC, IHC
Primary Accession	O9NRA0
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1
Calculated MW	69.2kDa KDa

Description

This gene encodes one of two sphingosine kinase isozymes that catalyze the phosphorylation of sphingosine into sphingosine 1-phosphate. Sphingosine 1-phosphate mediates many cellular processes including migration, proliferation and apoptosis, and also plays a role in several types of cancer by promoting angiogenesis and tumorigenesis. The encoded protein may play a role in breast cancer proliferation and chemoresistance. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding multiple isoforms have been observed for this gene.

Immunogen

Synthesized peptide of human SK2 (AA: 36-52).

Formulation

Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

SK2 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 56848

Other Names

Sphingosine kinase 2, SK 2, SPK 2, 2.7.1.91, SPHK2

Dilution

E~~1/10000
IF~~1/200 - 1/1000
FC~~1/200 - 1/400
IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

SK2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SK2 Antibody - Protein Information

Name SPHK2 ([HGNC:18859](#))

Synonyms SK2

Function

Catalyzes the phosphorylation of sphingosine to form sphingosine-1-phosphate (SPP), a lipid mediator with both intra- and extracellular functions. Also acts on D-erythro-dihydrosphingosine, D-erythro-sphingosine and L-threo-dihydrosphingosine. Binds phosphoinositides (PubMed:[12954646](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12954646), PubMed:[19168031](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19168031)). In contrast to prosurvival SPHK1, has a positive effect on intracellular ceramide levels, inhibits cell growth and enhances apoptosis (PubMed:[16118219](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16118219)). In mitochondria, is important for cytochrome-c oxidase assembly and mitochondrial respiration. The SPP produced in mitochondria binds PHB2 and modulates the regulation via PHB2 of complex IV assembly and respiration (PubMed:[20959514](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20959514)). In nucleus, plays a role in epigenetic regulation of gene expression. Interacts with HDAC1 and HDAC2 and, through SPP production, inhibits their enzymatic activity, preventing the removal of acetyl groups from lysine residues with histones. Up-regulates acetylation of histone H3-K9, histone H4-K5 and histone H2B-K12 (PubMed:[19729656](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19729656)). In nucleus, may have an inhibitory effect on DNA synthesis and cell cycle (PubMed:[12954646](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12954646), PubMed:[16103110](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16103110)). In mast cells, is the main regulator of SPP production which mediates calcium influx, NF-kappa-B activation, cytokine production, such as TNF and IL6, and degranulation of mast cells (By similarity). In dopaminergic neurons, is involved in promoting mitochondrial functions regulating ATP and ROS levels (By similarity). Also involved in the regulation of glucose and lipid metabolism (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Endoplasmic reticulum {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9JIA7}. Mitochondrion inner membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9JIA7}. Note=In nucleus, located in nucleosomes where it associates with core histone proteins such as histone 3 (PubMed:19729656). In brains of patients with Alzheimer's disease, may be preferentially localized in the nucleus. Cytosolic expression decrease correlates with the density of amyloid deposits (PubMed:29615132). In apoptotic cells, colocalizes with CASP1 in cell membrane where is cleaved and released from cells in an active form (PubMed:20197547).

Tissue Location

Mainly expressed in adult kidney, liver, and brain (PubMed:10751414). Expressed in cerebral cortex and hippocampus (at protein level) (PubMed:29615132). Isoform 1 is the predominant form expressed in most tissues (PubMed:16103110)

SK2 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)

- [Cell Culture](#)