

**CCNE1 Antibody**  
**Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # AO1945a**

**Specification**

**CCNE1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	<b>E, WB, FC</b>
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P24864</a>
Reactivity	<b>Human, Mouse</b>
Host	<b>Mouse</b>
Clonality	<b>Monoclonal</b>
Isotype	<b>IgG1</b>
Calculated MW	<b>47kDa KDa</b>

**Description**

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the highly conserved cyclin family, whose members are characterized by a dramatic periodicity in protein abundance through the cell cycle. Cyclins function as regulators of CDK kinases. Different cyclins exhibit distinct expression and degradation patterns which contribute to the temporal coordination of each mitotic event. This cyclin forms a complex with and functions as a regulatory subunit of CDK2, whose activity is required for cell cycle G1/S transition. This protein accumulates at the G1-S phase boundary and is degraded as cells progress through S phase. Overexpression of this gene has been observed in many tumors, which results in chromosome instability, and thus may contribute to tumorigenesis. This protein was found to associate with, and be involved in, the phosphorylation of NPAT protein (nuclear protein mapped to the ATM locus), which participates in cell-cycle regulated histone gene expression and plays a critical role in promoting cell-cycle progression in the absence of pRB. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene, which encode distinct isoforms, have been described. Two additional splice variants were reported but detailed nucleotide sequence information is not yet available.

**Immunogen**

Purified recombinant fragment of human CCNE1 (AA: 307-410) expressed in E. Coli.

**Formulation**

Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide.

**CCNE1 Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID 898**

**Other Names**

G1/S-specific cyclin-E1, CCNE1, CCNE

**Dilution**

E~~1/10000  
WB~~1/500 - 1/2000  
FC~~1/200 - 1/400

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small

aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

### Precautions

CCNE1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## CCNE1 Antibody - Protein Information

**Name** CCNE1

**Synonyms** CCNE

### Function

Essential for the control of the cell cycle at the G1/S (start) transition.

### Cellular Location

Nucleus.

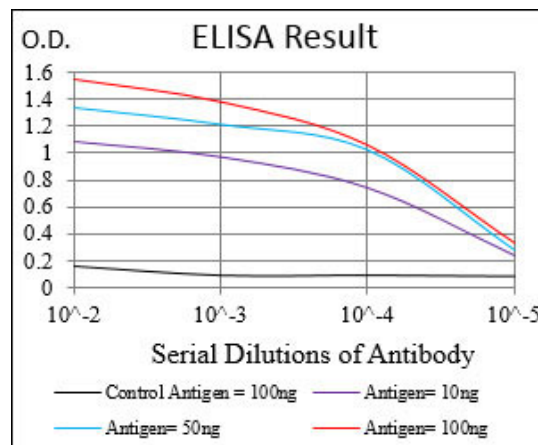
### Tissue Location

Highly expressed in testis and placenta. Low levels in bronchial epithelial cells.

## CCNE1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)



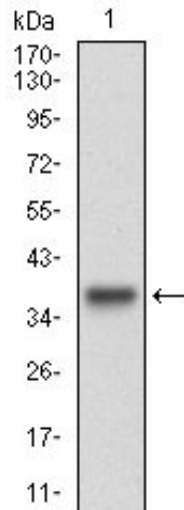


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using CCNE1 mAb against human CCNE1 (AA: 307-410) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 37.5 kDa)

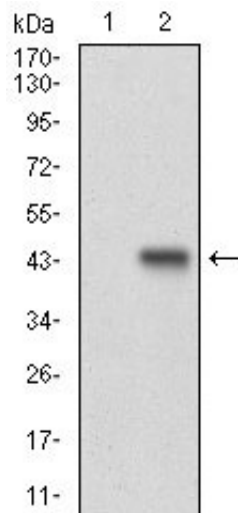


Figure 2: Western blot analysis using CCNE1 mAb against HEK293 (1) and CCNE1 (AA: 307-410)-hlgGfc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

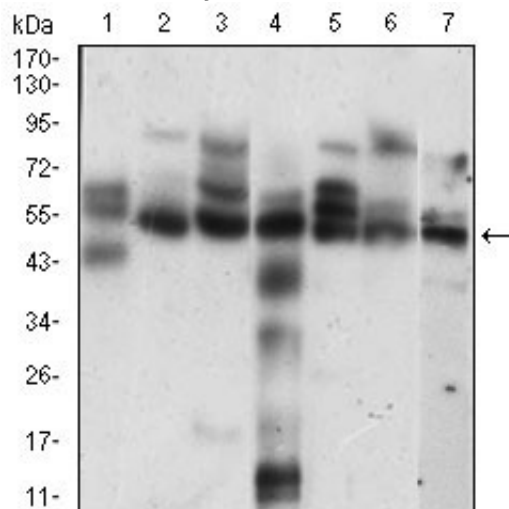


Figure 3: Western blot analysis using CCNE1 mouse mAb against Hela (1), K562 (2), NIH/3T3 (3), C6 (4), MCF-7 (5), Jurkat (6), A431 (7) cell lysate.

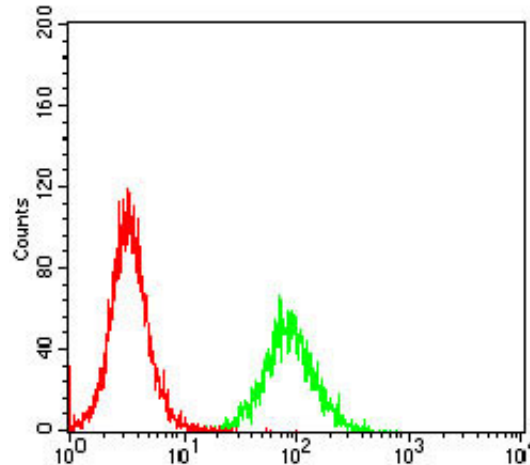


Figure 4: Flow cytometric analysis of K652 cells using CCNE1 mouse mAb (green) and negative control (red).

### CCNE1 Antibody - Background

C17orf53 (chromosome 17 open reading frame 53) is a 647 amino acid protein that is encoded by a gene mapping to human chromosome 17. Chromosome 17 makes up over 2.5% of the human genome with about 81 million bases encoding over 1,200 genes. Two key tumor suppressor genes are associated with chromosome 17, namely, p53 and BRCA1. Tumor suppressor p53 is necessary for maintenance of cellular genetic integrity by moderating cell fate through DNA repair versus cell death. Malfunction or loss of p53 expression is associated with malignant cell growth and Li-Fraumeni syndrome. Like p53, BRCA1 is directly involved in DNA repair, specifically it is recognized as a genetic determinant of early onset breast cancer and predisposition to cancers of the ovary, colon, prostate gland and fallopian tubes. Chromosome 17 is also linked to neurofibromatosis, a condition characterized by neural and epidermal lesions, and dysregulated Schwann cell growth. Alexander disease, Birt-Hogg-Dube syndrome and Canavan disease are also associated with chromosome 17. ; ;

### CCNE1 Antibody - References

1. Cancer Res. 2010 Jun 15;70(12):5074-84.
2. Cancer. 2010 Jun 1;116(11):2621-34.