

**EPCAM Antibody**  
**Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # AO1929a****Specification****EPCAM Antibody - Product Information**

Application	<b>E, WB, FC, IHC</b>
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P16422</a>
Reactivity	<b>Human</b>
Host	<b>Mouse</b>
Clonality	<b>Monoclonal</b>
Isotype	<b>IgG1</b>
Calculated MW	<b>35kDa KDa</b>

**Description**

This gene encodes a carcinoma-associated antigen and is a member of a family that includes at least two type I membrane proteins. This antigen is expressed on most normal epithelial cells and gastrointestinal carcinomas and functions as a homotypic calcium-independent cell adhesion molecule. The antigen is being used as a target for immunotherapy treatment of human carcinomas. Mutations in this gene result in congenital tufting enteropathy.

**Immunogen**

Purified recombinant fragment of human EPCAM (AA: 24-265) expressed in E. Coli.

**Formulation**

Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide.

**EPCAM Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 4072

**Other Names**

Epithelial cell adhesion molecule, Ep-CAM, Adenocarcinoma-associated antigen, Cell surface glycoprotein Trop-1, Epithelial cell surface antigen, Epithelial glycoprotein, EGP, Epithelial glycoprotein 314, EGP314, hEGP314, KS 1/4 antigen, KSA, Major gastrointestinal tumor-associated protein GA733-2, Tumor-associated calcium signal transducer 1, CD326, EPCAM, GA733-2, M1S2, M4S1, MIC18, TACSTD1, TROP1

**Dilution**

E~~1/10000  
WB~~1/500 - 1/2000  
FC~~1/200 - 1/400  
IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

EPCAM Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## EPCAM Antibody - Protein Information

**Name** EPCAM

**Synonyms** GA733-2, M1S2, M4S1, MIC18, TACSTD1, TRO

### Function

May act as a physical homophilic interaction molecule between intestinal epithelial cells (IECs) and intraepithelial lymphocytes (IELs) at the mucosal epithelium for providing immunological barrier as a first line of defense against mucosal infection. Plays a role in embryonic stem cells proliferation and differentiation. Up-regulates the expression of FABP5, MYC and cyclins A and E.

### Cellular Location

Lateral cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell junction, tight junction.  
Note=Colocalizes with CLDN7 at the lateral cell membrane and tight junction

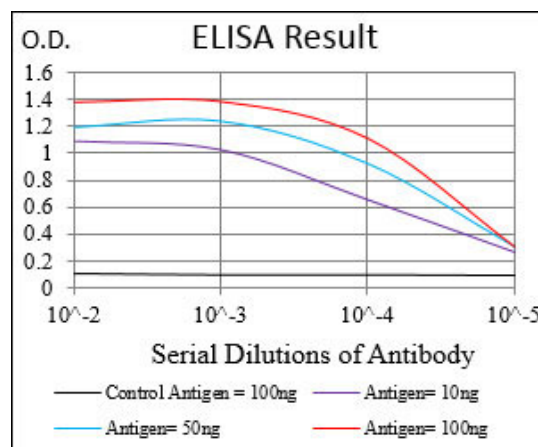
### Tissue Location

Highly and selectively expressed by undifferentiated rather than differentiated embryonic stem cells (ESC) Levels rapidly diminish as soon as ESC's differentiate (at protein levels). Expressed in almost all epithelial cell membranes but not on mesodermal or neural cell membranes. Found on the surface of adenocarcinoma.

## EPCAM Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)



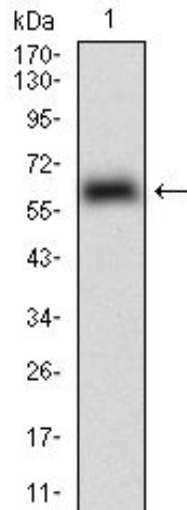


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using EPCAM mAb against human EPCAM (AA: 24-265) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 53.4 kDa)

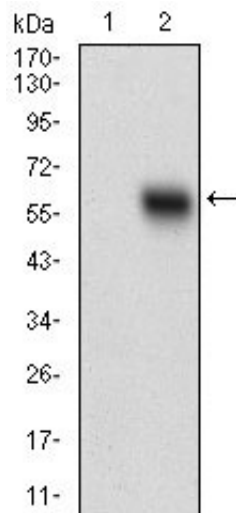


Figure 2: Western blot analysis using EPCAM mAb against HEK293 (1) and EPCAM (AA: 24-265)-hlgGfc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

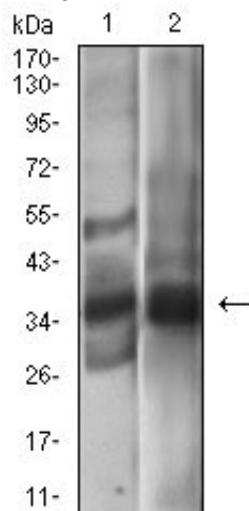


Figure 3: Western blot analysis using EPCAM mouse mAb against A431 (1), MCF-7 (2) cell lysate.

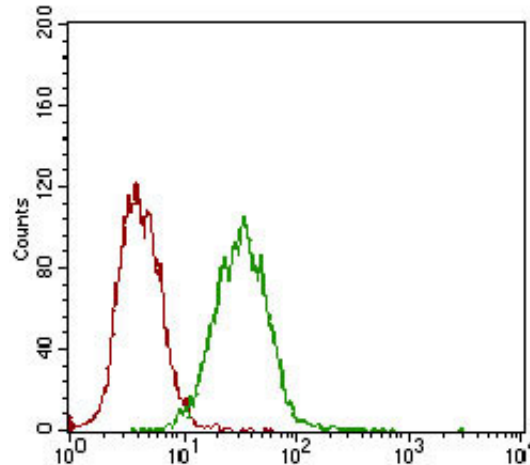


Figure 4: Flow cytometric analysis of A431 cells using EPCAM mouse mAb (green) and negative control (red).

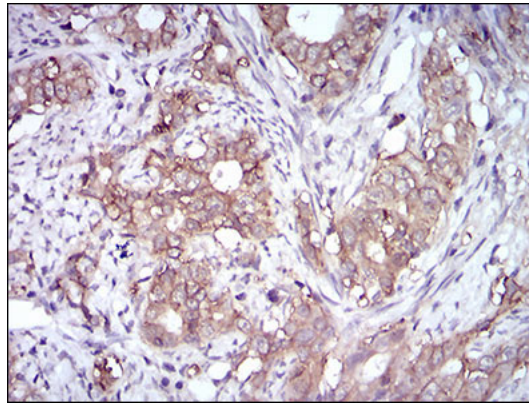


Figure 5: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded cervical cancer tissues using EPCAM mouse mAb with DAB staining.

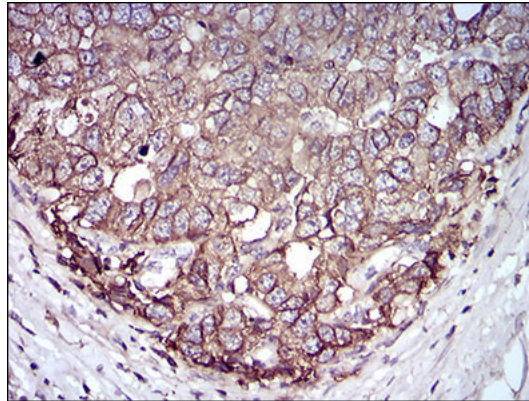


Figure 6: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded esophageal cancer tissues using EPCAM mouse mAb with DAB staining.

### EPCAM Antibody - Background

The protein encoded by this gene is an isozyme of very long-chain acyl-CoA synthetase (VLCS). It is capable of activating very long-chain fatty-acids containing 24- and 26-carbons. It is expressed in liver and associated with endoplasmic reticulum but not with peroxisomes. Its primary role is in fatty acid elongation or complex lipid synthesis rather than in degradation. This gene has a mouse ortholog. ; ;

### EPCAM Antibody - References

1. BMC Cancer. 2012 Oct 30;12:501. 2. Am J Surg Pathol. 2012 Dec;36(12):1809-16.