

**PIK3CA Antibody**  
**Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # AO1684a**

**Specification**

**PIK3CA Antibody - Product Information**

Application	<b>E, WB, IF, FC</b>
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P42336</a>
Reactivity	<b>Human</b>
Host	<b>Mouse</b>
Clonality	<b>Monoclonal</b>
Isotype	<b>IgG1</b>
Calculated MW	<b>124kDa KDa</b>

**Description**

Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase is composed of an 85 kDa regulatory subunit and a 110 kDa catalytic subunit. The protein encoded by this gene represents the catalytic subunit, which uses ATP to phosphorylate PtdIns, PtdIns4P and PtdIns(4,5)P2. This gene has been found to be oncogenic and has been implicated in cervical cancers.

**Immunogen**

Purified recombinant fragment of human PIK3CA expressed in E. Coli. <br />

**Formulation**

Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

**PIK3CA Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 5290

**Other Names**

Phosphatidylinositol 4, 5-bisphosphate 3-kinase catalytic subunit alpha isoform, PI3-kinase subunit alpha, PI3K-alpha, PI3Kalpha, PtdIns-3-kinase subunit alpha, 2.7.1.153, Phosphatidylinositol 4, 5-bisphosphate 3-kinase 110 kDa catalytic subunit alpha, PtdIns-3-kinase subunit p110-alpha, p110alpha, Phosphoinositide-3-kinase catalytic alpha polypeptide, Serine/threonine protein kinase PIK3CA, 2.7.11.1, PIK3CA

**Dilution**

E~~1/10000  
WB~~1/500 - 1/2000  
IF~~1/200 - 1/1000  
FC~~1/200 - 1/400

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

PIK3CA Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## PIK3CA Antibody - Protein Information

Name PIK3CA

### Function

Phosphoinositide-3-kinase (PI3K) phosphorylates phosphatidylinositol (PI) and its phosphorylated derivatives at position 3 of the inositol ring to produce 3-phosphoinositides (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15135396" target="\_blank">15135396</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23936502" target="\_blank">23936502</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28676499" target="\_blank">28676499</a>). Uses ATP and PtdIns(4,5)P2 (phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate) to generate phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate (PIP3) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15135396" target="\_blank">15135396</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28676499" target="\_blank">28676499</a>). PIP3 plays a key role by recruiting PH domain- containing proteins to the membrane, including AKT1 and PDK1, activating signaling cascades involved in cell growth, survival, proliferation, motility and morphology. Participates in cellular signaling in response to various growth factors. Involved in the activation of AKT1 upon stimulation by receptor tyrosine kinases ligands such as EGF, insulin, IGF1, VEGFA and PDGF. Involved in signaling via insulin-receptor substrate (IRS) proteins. Essential in endothelial cell migration during vascular development through VEGFA signaling, possibly by regulating RhoA activity. Required for lymphatic vasculature development, possibly by binding to RAS and by activation by EGF and FGF2, but not by PDGF. Regulates invadopodia formation through the PDK1-AKT1 pathway. Participates in cardiomyogenesis in embryonic stem cells through a AKT1 pathway. Participates in vasculogenesis in embryonic stem cells through PDK1 and protein kinase C pathway. In addition to its lipid kinase activity, it displays a serine-protein kinase activity that results in the autophosphorylation of the p85alpha regulatory subunit as well as phosphorylation of other proteins such as 4EBP1, H-Ras, the IL-3 beta c receptor and possibly others (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23936502" target="\_blank">23936502</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28676499" target="\_blank">28676499</a>). Plays a role in the positive regulation of phagocytosis and pinocytosis (By similarity).

## PIK3CA Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

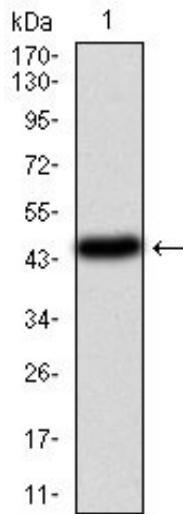
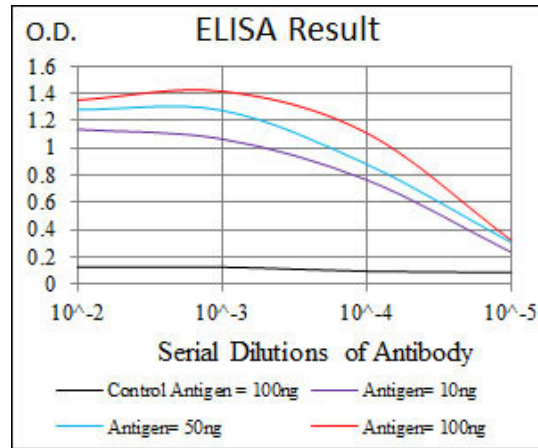


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using PIK3CA mAb against human PIK3CA (AA: 881-1068) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 47.4 kDa)

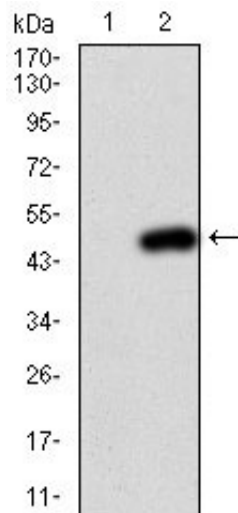


Figure 2: Western blot analysis using PIK3CA mAb against HEK293 (1) and PIK3CA (AA: 881-1068)-hlgGfC transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

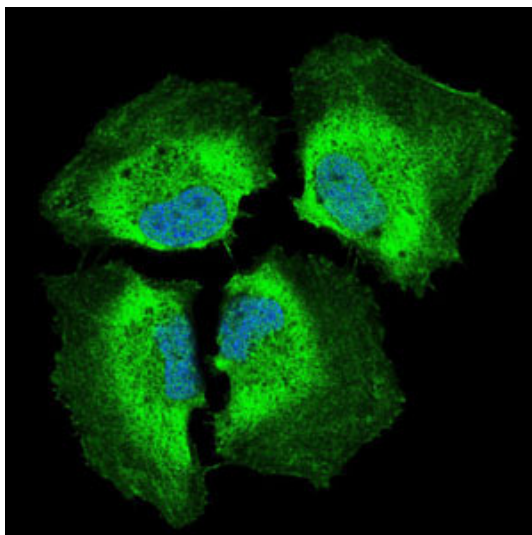


Figure 3: Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using PIK3CA mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye.

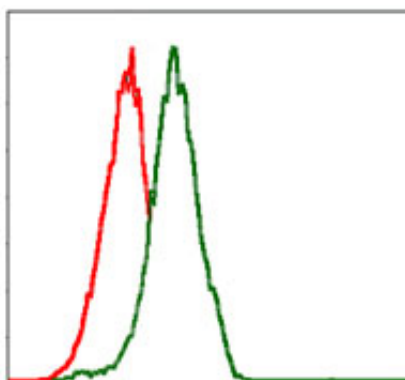


Figure 4: Flow cytometric analysis of Jurkat cells using PIK3CA mouse mAb (green) and negative control (red).

#### PIK3CA Antibody - References

Cancer Res. 2009 Dec 1;69(23):8868-76. Diagn Mol Pathol. 2009 Dec;18(4):200-5.