

**RUNX1 Antibody**  
**Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # AO1543a**

**Specification**

**RUNX1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	<b>E, WB</b>
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O01196</a>
Reactivity	<b>Human</b>
Host	<b>Mouse</b>
Clonality	<b>Monoclonal</b>
Isotype	<b>IgG1</b>
Calculated MW	<b>55kDa KDa</b>

**Description**

Core binding factor (CBF) is a heterodimeric transcription factor that binds to the core element of many enhancers and promoters. The protein encoded by this gene represents the alpha subunit of CBF and is thought to be involved in the development of normal hematopoiesis. Chromosomal translocations involving this gene are well-documented and have been associated with several types of leukemia. Three transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. (provided by RefSeq) Tissue specificity: Expressed in all tissues examined except brain and heart. Highest levels in thymus, bone marrow and peripheral blood.

**Immunogen**

Synthesized peptide of human RUNX1. <br />

**Formulation**

Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.

**RUNX1 Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 861

**Other Names**

Runt-related transcription factor 1, Acute myeloid leukemia 1 protein, Core-binding factor subunit alpha-2, CBF-alpha-2, Oncogene AML-1, Polyomavirus enhancer-binding protein 2 alpha B subunit, PEA2-alpha B, PEBP2-alpha B, SL3-3 enhancer factor 1 alpha B subunit, SL3/AKV core-binding factor alpha B subunit, RUNX1, AML1, CBFA2

**Dilution**

E~~1/10000

WB~~1/500 - 1/2000

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

RUNX1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## RUNX1 Antibody - Protein Information

**Name** RUNX1

**Synonyms** AML1, CBFA2

### Function

Forms the heterodimeric complex core-binding factor (CBF) with CBFβ. RUNX members modulate the transcription of their target genes through recognizing the core consensus binding sequence 5'- TGTGGT-3', or very rarely, 5'-TGCGGT-3', within their regulatory regions via their runt domain, while CBFβ is a non-DNA-binding regulatory subunit that allosterically enhances the sequence-specific DNA-binding capacity of RUNX. The heterodimers bind to the core site of a number of enhancers and promoters, including murine leukemia virus, polyomavirus enhancer, T-cell receptor enhancers, LCK, IL3 and GM-CSF promoters (Probable). Essential for the development of normal hematopoiesis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17431401" target="\_blank">17431401</a>). Acts synergistically with ELF4 to transactivate the IL-3 promoter and with ELF2 to transactivate the BLK promoter (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10207087" target="\_blank">10207087</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14970218" target="\_blank">14970218</a>). Inhibits KAT6B-dependent transcriptional activation (By similarity). Involved in lineage commitment of immature T cell precursors. CBF complexes repress ZBTB7B transcription factor during cytotoxic (CD8+) T cell development. They bind to RUNX-binding sequence within the ZBTB7B locus acting as transcriptional silencer and allowing for cytotoxic T cell differentiation. CBF complexes binding to the transcriptional silencer is essential for recruitment of nuclear protein complexes that catalyze epigenetic modifications to establish epigenetic ZBTB7B silencing (By similarity). Controls the anergy and suppressive function of regulatory T-cells (Treg) by associating with FOXP3. Activates the expression of IL2 and IFNG and down-regulates the expression of TNFRSF18, IL2RA and CTLA4, in conventional T-cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17377532" target="\_blank">17377532</a>). Positively regulates the expression of RORC in T-helper 17 cells (By similarity).

### Cellular Location

Nucleus.

### Tissue Location

Expressed in all tissues examined except brain and heart. Highest levels in thymus, bone marrow and peripheral blood

## RUNX1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

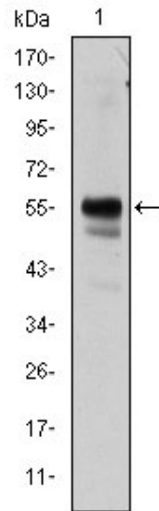
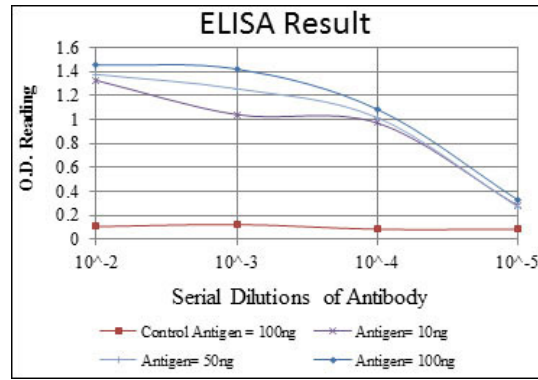


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using RUNX1 mouse mAb against Jurkat cell lysate.

### RUNX1 Antibody - References

1. J Virol. 2008 Jul;82(13):6395-408.
2. J Immunol. 2008 Apr 1;180(7):4402-8.