

Anti-SARS-CoV-2 S-Protein ACE2 Binding Domain Antibody
Our SARS-CoV-2 S-Protein ACE2 Binding Domain primary antibody from
PhosphoSolutions is mouse monoclo
Catalog # AN1550

Specification

Anti-SARS-CoV-2 S-Protein ACE2 Binding Domain Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	PODTC2
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1
Calculated MW	141178

Anti-SARS-CoV-2 S-Protein ACE2 Binding Domain Antibody - Additional Information

Target/Specificity

The novel SARS-coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) which causes the disease COVID-19 has been shown to utilize the SARS-CoV receptor ACE2 for entry into human cells (Hoffman, M. et al., Cell 2020). The entry of a coronavirus into host cells is mediated by the viral surface-anchored transmembrane spike (S) glycoprotein which is composed of two functional subunits, S1 which binds the receptor and S2 which fuses the membrane (Walls, AC et.al., Cell 2020). S1 contains a receptor-binding domain (RBD) which specifically recognizes ACE2 as its receptor (Wan, Y. et al., 2020).

Format

Protein G Purified

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Anti-SARS-CoV-2 S-Protein ACE2 Binding Domain Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Shipping

Blue Ice

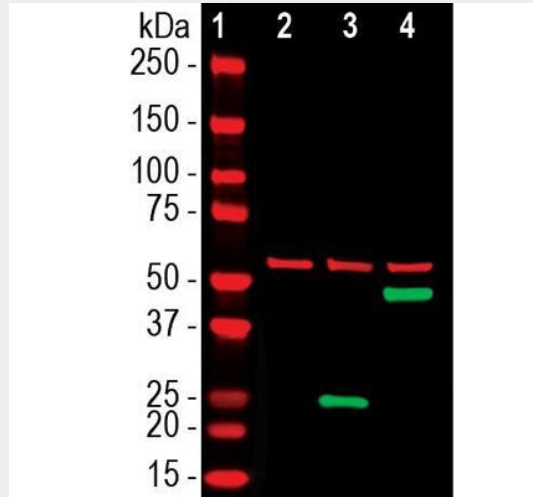
Anti-SARS-CoV-2 S-Protein ACE2 Binding Domain Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

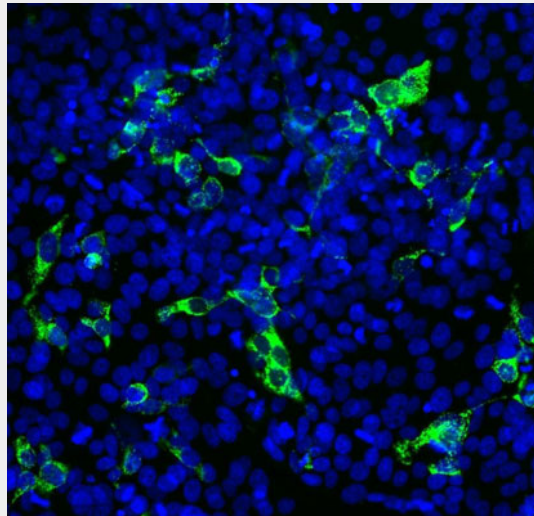
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)

- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-SARS-CoV-2 S-Protein ACE2 Binding Domain Antibody - Images



Western blot showing specific labeling of SARS-CoV-2 at ~ 25k in green in lane 3. Lane 4 shows GFP-tagged SARS-CoV-2 at ~ 50k in green and lane 2 shows no CoV-2 staining in untransfected cells. The red bands show staining with HSP60 as a loading control.



Immunofluorescence of SARS-CoV-2 transfected HEK293 cells showing specific staining of SARS-CoV-2 in green. Nuclei are visualized in blue with DAPI.

Anti-SARS-CoV-2 S-Protein ACE2 Binding Domain Antibody - Background

The novel SARS-coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) which causes the disease COVID-19 has been shown to utilize the SARS-CoV receptor ACE2 for entry into human cells (Hoffman, M. et al., Cell 2020). The entry of a coronavirus into host cells is mediated by the viral surface-anchored transmembrane spike (S) glycoprotein which is composed of two functional subunits, S1 which binds the receptor and S2 which fuses the membrane (Walls, AC et.al., Cell 2020). S1 contains a receptor-binding domain (RBD) which specifically recognizes ACE2 as its receptor (Wan, Y. et al., 2020).