

### **IL10** Antibody(Ascites)

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)
Catalog # AM2094a

# **Specification**

# IL10 Antibody(Ascites) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession P22301

Other Accession <u>P79338</u>, <u>P03180</u>, <u>NP 000563.1</u>

Reactivity Human

Predicted Epstein Barr Virus, Monkey

Host Mouse Clonality Monoclonal

Isotype IgM
Calculated MW 20517
Antigen Region 27-53

# IL10 Antibody(Ascites) - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 3586**

### **Other Names**

Interleukin-10, IL-10, Cytokine synthesis inhibitory factor, CSIF, IL10

### Target/Specificity

This IL10 antibody is generated from mice immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 27-53 amino acids from human IL10.

## **Dilution**

WB~~1:500~1000

### **Format**

Mouse monoclonal antibody supplied in crude ascites with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

# **Precautions**

IL10 Antibody(Ascites) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# IL10 Antibody(Ascites) - Protein Information

# Name IL10

**Function** Major immune regulatory cytokine that acts on many cells of the immune system where it has profound anti-inflammatory functions, limiting excessive tissue disruption caused by



inflammation. Mechanistically, IL10 binds to its heterotetrameric receptor comprising IL10RA and IL10RB leading to JAK1 and STAT2-mediated phosphorylation of STAT3 (PubMed: 16982608). In turn, STAT3 translocates to the nucleus where it drives expression of anti-inflammatory mediators (PubMed: 18025162). Targets antigen-presenting cells (APCs) such as macrophages and monocytes and inhibits their release of pro- inflammatory cytokines including granulocyte-macrophage colony- stimulating factor /GM-CSF, granulocyte colony-stimulating factor/G- CSF, IL-1 alpha, IL-1 beta, IL-6, IL-8 and TNF-alpha (PubMed: 11564774, PubMed: 1940799, PubMed: 7512027). Interferes also with antigen presentation by reducing the expression of MHC-class II and co- stimulatory molecules, thereby inhibiting their ability to induce T cell activation (PubMed: 8144879). In addition, controls the inflammatory response of macrophages by

Cellular Location Secreted.

### **Tissue Location**

Produced by a variety of cell lines, including T- cells, macrophages, mast cells and other cell types

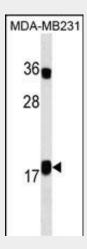
# IL10 Antibody(Ascites) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

reprogramming essential metabolic pathways including mTOR signaling (By similarity).

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# IL10 Antibody(Ascites) - Images



IL10 Antibody (Cat. #AM2094a) western blot analysis in MDA-MB231 cell line lysates (35µg/lane). This demonstrates the IL10 antibody detected the IL10 protein (arrow).

### IL10 Antibody(Ascites) - Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a cytokine produced primarily by monocytes and to a lesser extent by lymphocytes. This





cytokine has pleiotropic effects in immunoregulation and inflammation. It down-regulates the expression of Th1 cytokines, MHC class II Ags, and costimulatory molecules on macrophages. It also enhances B cell survival, proliferation, and antibody production. This cytokine can block NF-kappa B activity, and is involved in the regulation of the JAK-STAT signaling pathway. Knockout studies in mice suggested the function of this cytokine as an essential immunoregulator in the intestinal tract. [provided by RefSeq].

# IL10 Antibody(Ascites) - References

Huebinger, R.M., et al. J. Surg. Res. 164 (1), E141-E145 (2010): Glocker, E.O., et al. Lancet 376 (9748), 1272 (2010): Mosaad, Y.M., et al. Scand. J. Immunol. 72(4):358-364(2010) Kung, W.J., et al. Diabetes Technol. Ther. 12(10):809-813(2010) Santhosh, S., et al. Trop Gastroenterol 31(1):30-33(2010)