

**LAMP2 Antibody**  
**Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)**  
**Catalog # AM1851b****Specification**

---

**LAMP2 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	IF, IHC, WB,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P13473</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">NP_054701.1</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1,K

**LAMP2 Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 3920**Other Names**

Lysosome-associated membrane glycoprotein 2, LAMP-2, Lysosome-associated membrane protein 2, CD107 antigen-like family member B, CD107b, LAMP2

**Target/Specificity**

This LAMP2 monoclonal antibody is generated from mouse immunized with LAMP2 recombinant protein.

**Dilution**IF~~1:10~50  
IHC~~1:500  
WB~~1:2000-8000**Format**

Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis against PBS.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

LAMP2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**LAMP2 Antibody - Protein Information****Name** LAMP2**Function** Lysosomal membrane glycoprotein which plays an important role in lysosome biogenesis, lysosomal pH regulation and autophagy (PubMed:[11082038](#), PubMed:[18644871](#),

PubMed:[24880125](#), PubMed:[27628032](#), PubMed:[36586411](#), PubMed:[37390818](#), PubMed:[8662539](#)). Acts as an important regulator of lysosomal lumen pH regulation by acting as a direct inhibitor of the proton channel TMEM175, facilitating lysosomal acidification for optimal hydrolase activity (PubMed:[37390818](#)). Plays an important role in chaperone-mediated autophagy, a process that mediates lysosomal degradation of proteins in response to various stresses and as part of the normal turnover of proteins with a long biological half-life (PubMed:[11082038](#), PubMed:[18644871](#), PubMed:[24880125](#), PubMed:[27628032](#), PubMed:[36586411](#), PubMed:[8662539](#)). Functions by binding target proteins, such as GAPDH, NLRP3 and MLLT11, and targeting them for lysosomal degradation (PubMed:[11082038](#), PubMed:[18644871](#), PubMed:[24880125](#), PubMed:[36586411](#), PubMed:[8662539](#)). In the chaperone-mediated autophagy, acts downstream of chaperones, such as HSPA8/HSC70, which recognize and bind substrate proteins and mediate their recruitment to lysosomes, where target proteins bind LAMP2 (PubMed:[36586411](#)). Plays a role in lysosomal protein degradation in response to starvation (By similarity). Required for the fusion of autophagosomes with lysosomes during autophagy (PubMed:[27628032](#)). Cells that lack LAMP2 express normal levels of VAMP8, but fail to accumulate STX17 on autophagosomes, which is the most likely explanation for the lack of fusion between autophagosomes and lysosomes (PubMed:[27628032](#)). Required for normal degradation of the contents of autophagosomes (PubMed:[27628032](#)). Required for efficient MHC class II-mediated presentation of exogenous antigens via its function in lysosomal protein degradation; antigenic peptides generated by proteases in the endosomal/lysosomal compartment are captured by nascent MHC II subunits (PubMed:[15894275](#), PubMed:[20518820](#)). Is not required for efficient MHC class II-mediated presentation of endogenous antigens (PubMed:[20518820](#)).

#### Cellular Location

Lysosome membrane {ECO:0000255|PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00740, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11082038, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17897319, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18644871, ECO:0000269|PubMed:2912382}; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000255|PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00740, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17897319} Endosome membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000255|PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00740, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17897319}. Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000255|PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00740, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17897319}. Cytoplasmic vesicle, autophagosome membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P17047}. Note=This protein shuttles between lysosomes, endosomes, and the plasma membrane

#### Tissue Location

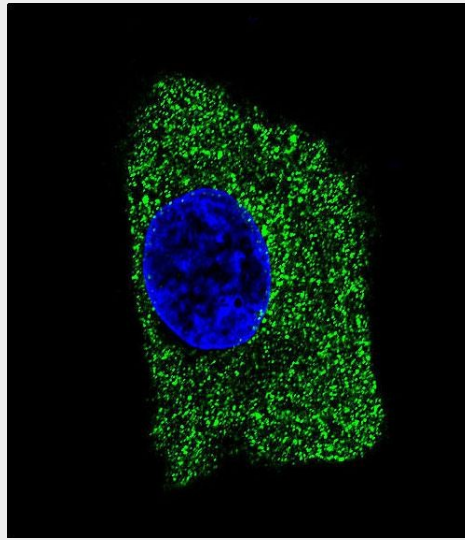
Isoform LAMP-2A is highly expressed in placenta, lung and liver, less in kidney and pancreas, low in brain and skeletal muscle (PubMed:26856698, PubMed:7488019). Isoform LAMP-2B is detected in spleen, thymus, prostate, testis, small intestine, colon, skeletal muscle, brain, placenta, lung, kidney, ovary and pancreas and liver (PubMed:26856698, PubMed:7488019). Isoform LAMP-2C is detected in small intestine, colon, heart, brain, skeletal muscle, and at lower levels in kidney and placenta (PubMed:26856698).

#### LAMP2 Antibody - Protocols

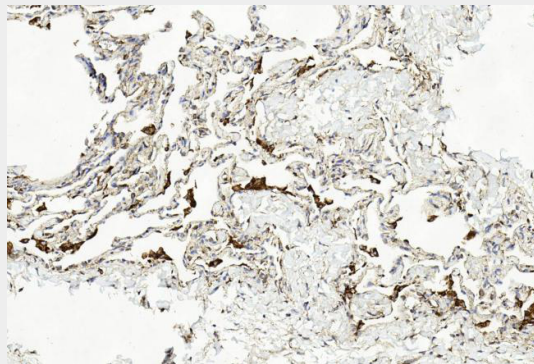
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

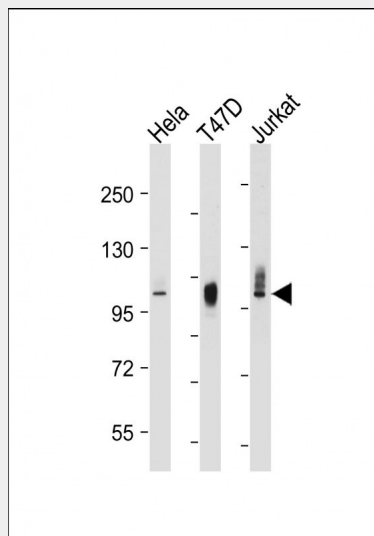
#### LAMP2 Antibody - Images



Confocal immunofluorescent analysis of LAMP2 Antibody (Cat#AM1851b) with HepG2 cell followed by Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (green). DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclear (blue).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human lung section using Pink1(Cat#am1851b). am1851b was diluted at 1:500 dilution. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary, followed by DAB staining.



All lanes : Anti-LAMP2 Antibody at 1:2000-8000 dilution Lane 1: HeLat whole cell lysate Lane 2:

T47D whole cell lysate Lane 3: Jurkat whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-mouse IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 45 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

### **LAMP2 Antibody - Background**

Implicated in tumor cell metastasis. May function in protection of the lysosomal membrane from autodigestion, maintenance of the acidic environment of the lysosome, adhesion when expressed on the cell surface (plasma membrane), and inter-and intracellular signal transduction. Protects cells from the toxic effects of methylating mutagens.

### **LAMP2 Antibody - Citations**

- [Human non-small cell lung cancer cells can be sensitized to camptothecin by modulating autophagy.](#)