

ICOS Antibody

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS17079

Specification

ICOS Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype

IHC, IF, WB

O9Y6W8

29851

Human, Mouse, Rat

Rabbit

Polyclonal

IgG

22625

ICOS Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 29851

Calculated MW

Other Names

ICOS, AILIM, CD278, CVID1, Inducible costimulator, Inducible T-cell co-stimulator, CD278 antigen, Inducible T-cell costimulator

Target/Specificity

Human ICOS

Reconstitution & Storage

PBS, pH 7.3, 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol. Long term: -80°C; Short term: -20°C. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

ICOS Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ICOS Antibody - Protein Information

Name ICOS

Synonyms AILIM

Function

Stimulatory receptor expressed in activated or antigen- experienced T-cells that plays an important role in the immune response (PubMed:9930702). Upon binding to its ligand ICOSL expressed on antigen presenting cells (APCs), delivers costimulatory signals that enhances all basic T-cell responses to a foreign antigen, namely proliferation, secretion of lymphokines including IL10, up-regulation of molecules that mediate cell-cell interaction, and effective help for antibody secretion by B-cells (PubMed:33033255). Acts also as





a costimulatory receptor critical for the differentiation of T follicular regulatory cells upon immune challenges such as viral infection (PubMed:27135603). Mechanistically, potentiates TCR-induced calcium flux by augmenting PLCG1 activation and actin remodeling (By similarity). In addition, activates PI3K signaling pathways independently of calcium flux (PubMed:30523347). Essential both for efficient interaction between T and B-cells and for normal antibody responses to T-cell dependent antigens. Prevents the apoptosis of pre-activated T-cells. Plays a critical role in CD40-mediated class switching of immunoglobin isotypes (By similarity).

Cellular Location

[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Tissue Location

Activated T-cells. Highly expressed on tonsillar T- cells, which are closely associated with B-cells in the apical light zone of germinal centers, the site of terminal B-cell maturation Expressed at lower levels in thymus, lung, lymph node and peripheral blood leukocytes. Expressed in the medulla of fetal and newborn thymus

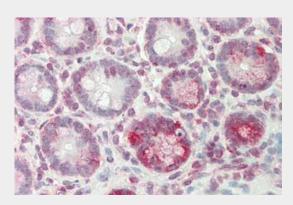
Volume 50 μl

ICOS Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

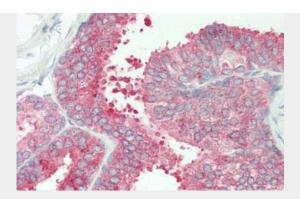
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

ICOS Antibody - Images

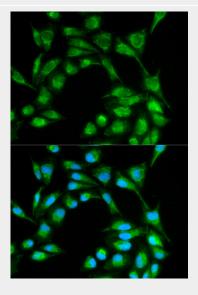


Human Small Intestine: Formalin-Fixed, Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE)

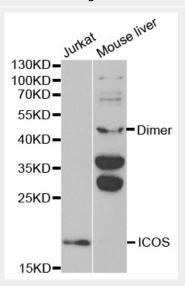




Human Prostate: Formalin-Fixed, Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE)



Immunofluorescence analysis of MCF7 cell using ICOS antibody. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using ICOS antibody.

ICOS Antibody - Background

Enhances all basic T-cell responses to a foreign antigen, namely proliferation, secretion of lymphokines, up- regulation of molecules that mediate cell-cell interaction, and effective help for antibody secretion by B-cells. Essential both for efficient interaction between T and B-cells and for







normal antibody responses to T-cell dependent antigens. Does not up-regulate the production of interleukin-2, but superinduces the synthesis of interleukin-10. Prevents the apoptosis of preactivated T-cells. Plays a critical role in CD40-mediated class switching of immunoglobin isotypes (By similarity).

ICOS Antibody - References

Hutloff A., et al. Nature 397:263-266(1999). Tezuka K., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 276:335-345(2000). Aicher A., et al.J. Immunol. 164:4689-4696(2000). Ling V., et al. Genomics 78:155-168(2001). Haaning Andersen A.D., et al. Tissue Antigens 61:276-285(2003).