

**PIN1 Antibody (Internal)**  
**Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # ALS16163**

## Specification

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### PIN1 Antibody (Internal) - Product Information

Application	IHC, WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q13526</a>
Reactivity	Human, Monkey, Bovine, Dog
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	18kDa kDa

### PIN1 Antibody (Internal) - Additional Information

Gene ID 5300

#### Other Names

Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase NIMA-interacting 1, 5.2.1.8, Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase Pin1, PPIase Pin1, Rotamase Pin1, PIN1

#### Target/Specificity

Human Pin1. A BLAST analysis was used to suggest cross-reactivity with Pin1 from human, dog, bovine and monkey based on a 100% homology with the immunizing sequence. Expect partial reactivity with Pin1 from mouse and rat sources based on 92% sequence ...

#### Reconstitution & Storage

Long term: -20°C; Short term: -20°C

#### Precautions

PIN1 Antibody (Internal) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### PIN1 Antibody (Internal) - Protein Information

Name PIN1

#### Function

Peptidyl-prolyl cis/trans isomerase (PPIase) that binds to and isomerizes specific phosphorylated Ser/Thr-Pro (pSer/Thr-Pro) motifs (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21497122" target="\_blank">21497122</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23623683" target="\_blank">23623683</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29686383" target="\_blank">29686383</a>). By inducing conformational changes in a subset of phosphorylated proteins, acts as a molecular switch in multiple cellular processes (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21497122" target="\_blank">21497122</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22033920" target="\_blank">22033920</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23623683" target="\_blank">23623683</a>). Displays a preference for acidic residues located N-terminally to the proline bond to be isomerized. Regulates

mitosis presumably by interacting with NIMA and attenuating its mitosis-promoting activity. Down-regulates kinase activity of BTK (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16644721" target="\_blank">16644721</a>). Can transactivate multiple oncogenes and induce centrosome amplification, chromosome instability and cell transformation. Required for the efficient dephosphorylation and recycling of RAF1 after mitogen activation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15664191" target="\_blank">15664191</a>). Binds and targets PML and BCL6 for degradation in a phosphorylation-dependent manner (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17828269" target="\_blank">17828269</a>). Acts as a regulator of JNK cascade by binding to phosphorylated FBXW7, disrupting FBXW7 dimerization and promoting FBXW7 autoubiquitination and degradation: degradation of FBXW7 leads to subsequent stabilization of JUN (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22608923" target="\_blank">22608923</a>). May facilitate the ubiquitination and proteasomal degradation of RBBP8/CtIP through CUL3/KLHL15 E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex, hence favors DNA double-strand repair through error-prone non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) over error-free, RBBP8-mediated homologous recombination (HR) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23623683" target="\_blank">23623683</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27561354" target="\_blank">27561354</a>). Upon IL33-induced lung inflammation, catalyzes cis-trans isomerization of phosphorylated IRAK3/IRAK-M, inducing IRAK3 stabilization, nuclear translocation and expression of pro-inflammatory genes in dendritic cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29686383" target="\_blank">29686383</a>).

#### Cellular Location

Nucleus. Nucleus speckle. Cytoplasm Note=Colocalizes with NEK6 in the nucleus (PubMed:16476580). Mainly localized in the nucleus but phosphorylation at Ser-71 by DAPK1 results in inhibition of its nuclear localization (PubMed:21497122)

#### Tissue Location

Expressed in immune cells in the lung (at protein level) (PubMed:29686383). The phosphorylated form at Ser-71 is expressed in normal breast tissue cells but not in breast cancer cells

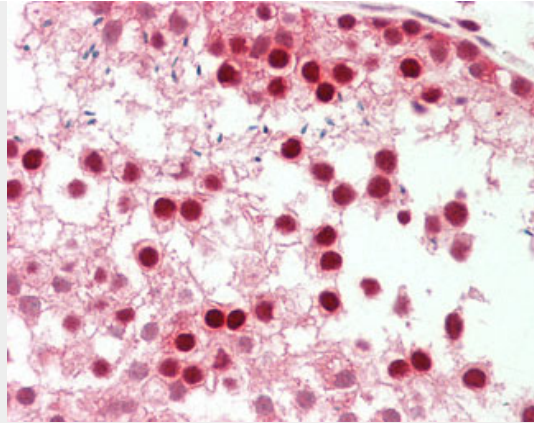
#### PIN1 Antibody (Internal) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

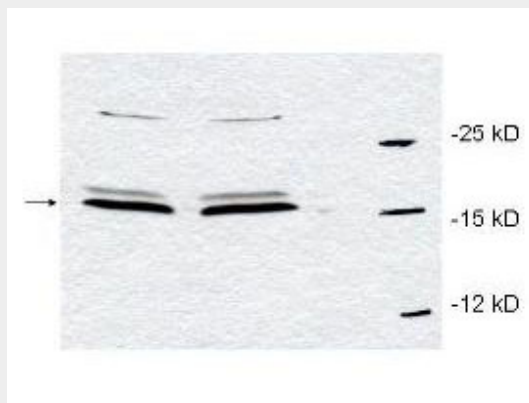
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### PIN1 Antibody (Internal) - Images





Anti-PIN1 antibody IHC staining of human testis.



Anti-Pin1 Antibody - Western Blot.

### **PIN1 Antibody (Internal) - Background**

Essential PPlase that regulates mitosis presumably by interacting with NIMA and attenuating its mitosis-promoting activity. Displays a preference for an acidic residue N-terminal to the isomerized proline bond. Catalyzes pSer/Thr-Pro cis/trans isomerizations. Down-regulates kinase activity of BTK. Can transactivate multiple oncogenes and induce centrosome amplification, chromosome instability and cell transformation. Required for the efficient dephosphorylation and recycling of RAF1 after mitogen activation. Binds and targets PML and BCL6 for degradation in a phosphorylation-dependent manner.

### **PIN1 Antibody (Internal) - References**

- Lu K.P.,et al.Nature 380:544-547(1996).
- Ebert L.,et al.Submitted (MAY-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
- Kalnina N.,et al.Submitted (OCT-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
- Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).
- Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (JUL-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.